Part One

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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DEATH WATCH ON FRANCIS JOSEPH

Death of the Aged Emperor Means Much.

MAY UPSET THE BALANCE OF EUROPE

Antagonism Between Great Britain and Germany.

That Is the Keynote to the Present Situation—England Desires To Retain Her Predominance and Germany Wishes To Attain It—A Perfect Web of Intrigue Is Sure To Follow the Emperor's Death.

Vienna, July 30.—Realizing that when Francis Joseph, the aged and infirm emperor of Austria, dies, the political balance of Europe is likely to be rudely upset, the European nations are today keeping a "death watch" on the emperor.

They have not gone to the limit of Turkey, who had a secret service agent shadowing the emperor at Ischl, his summer home But what the sultan attempted to do openly, the other powers are doing secretly, out of regard for the emperor's feelings

The keynote to the present European situation is the half-open, half-veiled antagonism between England and Germany England is mustering every possible power to maintain her prominence and Germany is striving to obstruct this policy and to gain the position England now holds.

Desires of the Kaiser.

France, Russia and Spain are friendly to England and at is believed that in the event of a crisis, Portugal, Denmark, Sweden, Norway and even Italy could be won to the English side. The Kaiser's only avowed friend is Emperor Joseph. Even Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir to Austrian throne, favors the abandonment of German friendship for English support. To prevent such a coalition against him there is little doubt that the Kaiser would quickly declare war against one or more of his unfriendly neighbors.

Germany pines for the West Austrian provinces with the outlet to the Mediterranean at Trieste Italy wants the territory on her own frontier with its Italian population. Turkey would gladly recover Bosnia and Herzegovina, which she lost in 1878. Servia covets a slice of Dalmatia. Roumania would lay claim to Bukovina and Russia would bid for Galicia.

A perfect web, therefore, of new intrigues, alliances and complications is sure to follow the Austrian emperor's death.

THE GLADIATOR WILL BE SAVED

Will Be Patched Up and Taken to Drydock.

Portsmouth, July 30.—After weeks of engineering preparations, Captain Fred Young, of the Liverpool Salvage association, began today his attempt to haul the wreck of the British cruiser, Gladiator, sunk last spring in a collision with the American liner, St. Paul, to the shores of the Isle of Wight for repairs.

Divers removed from the hulk all her guns, funnels and ventilators and a large amount of broken plate Steel cylinders were then sunk alongside, fastened to the wreck and brought to the surface, lifting the ship with them through the expulsion of the water in the cylinders by means of compressed air.

Enormous boilers on the beach work the capstans, set in concrete foundations, which are hauling cylinders and wreck together toward the shore As soon as shallow water is reached, the hull will be patched up sufficiently for floating to the nearest drydock

Liquor Selling Stopped.

Springfield, Ill, July 30.—Betting and beer selling have been stopped at the race track of the Illinois State Fair association, where the Great Western circuit race meeting is in progress. The track was leased by the state board, which has always prohibited beer and pools. But the board did not do anything to stop the practice, so State's Attorney Hatch stepped in Wednesday.

Reports Exaggerated.

London, July 30.—The family of Joseph Chamberlain, concerning whose health alarming reports have been spread, announced today that these reports are greatly exaggerated.

WELL, I WILL BE GLAD TO GET HOME

Says Former Bank Cashier Arrested in Boston.

Boston, Mass., July 30.—Harvey T. Wells, the boyish scion of a wealthy family of Kenosha, Wisconsin, who has been caught here after detectives trailed him over two continents for the alleged theft of $6,000 from a Kenosha bank, will not resist extradition. When arrested coming out of the office of the Cambridge Gas Light company, where he had just found employment, he remarked: "Well, I'll be glad to get home."

Although only twenty-one years old, Wells was cashier of the First National bank at home. He left Kenosha suddenly last October, and when the examiner discovered a shortage in his accounts, detectives followed him to England, where he joined his young wife, the daughter of a wealthy Greenwich merchant, whom he married only a month before. To her the youth is said to have confessed his wrongdoing. Together they fled to Canada and at the time of his arrest they had just used the last of their money to lease a Boston lodging-house which Mrs Wells was to run while her husband worked to enable them to repay the money he is charged with taking.

Slightly Improved.

Albany, N. Y., July 30.—There has been a slight improvement in the condition of Miss Francis E. Hurley of New York, better known as M'lle Labella, the "loop the death gap" automobile performer who was injured while doing her turn at a summer park near Albany yesterday. After her fall she was taken to St. Peter's hospital in a critical condition.

Powers at Marysville.

Marysville, O., July 30.—Caleb Powers, four times tried for the murder of Governor Goebel, of Kentucky, was given an ovation last night when he detailed his jail experiences to a large audience at the Marysville Chautauqua. He was greeted with cheers when he entered the tent and the enthusiasm was increased when he began his lecture.

ABSOLUTELY ABSURD TALE

That's What Mr. Taft Pronounces the Story

THAT SHERMAN WILL GET OFF THE TICKET

Story Has Sheldon Succeeding Mr. Sherman.

Judge Taft and His Family Reach Hot Springs, Virginia, Thursday After a Trip Which Is Uneventful Save for an Early-Morning Salute at Huntington—Opportunities for Mistakes.

Hot Springs, Va. July 30.—"Absolutely absurd" is the brand Judge Taft placed upon the story that Congressman Sherman is to retire as the Republican vice presidential candidate and be succeeded by Governor Sheldon of Nebraska.

The judge and his family arrived here at 10.10 after a trip from Cincinnati which was uneventful save for an early morning salute at Huntington, West Virginia, when an enthusastic Republican discharged his revolver alongside the Taft car and caused the trainmen to turn out on the double-quick prepared to repel invaders. As the shots were fired in the air, the Taft enthusiasm was not rebuked, even though his celebration was pulled off at 1:35 a. m.

Referring to Mr. Sherman's condition, Judge Taft said. "I received a personal message from Congressman Sherman yesterday, in which he said he was getting along in fine shape, and expected to enter actively into the campaign."

Asked if he would send any word to New York regarding the candidacy of Governor Hughes, or if he would take any part in the New York state political situation, Judge Taft only laughed and said:

"Although the campaign is still young, I can see there are going to be lots of nice opportunities for me to pinch my fingers, if I'm not careful. But I'm going to be careful."

Wants To Be Governor.

Chicago, July 30.—Former Vice President Adlai E Stevenson today opened headquarters for his campaign for the Democratic nomination for governor.

LITTLE LIGHT ON BRUTAL MURDER

Which Is Easily Most Shocking in Years.

IDENTITY OF BURNED BODY YET SHROUDED

Watchman and Son Are Sweated by Police.

What They Tell Is Not Known, the Police Exercising the Utmost Silence—Woman Living in the Vicinity of the Green Point Dump Tells of the Passing of a Wagon at an Early Hour—The Clews.

New York, July 30.—Mystery as dense as surrounds the murder and burning of the woman whose body was found in a blazing pyre in Green Point envelops the "sweating" to which the police all night subjected James Ruddick and his son, Joseph—and two who reported the crime. Not a word will the police say as to whether the Ruddicks have or have not put them on the trail of the slayers, but their very silence is taken as indicative that the watchman and his son have given clues which will aid in a solution of the most brutal killing in New York in years.

Though scores of detectives are at work in the vicinity of the spot where the body was found, the identity of the woman is still a mystery.

George Wolf and Louis Cahn, both of whom live near the spot, will be taken to the morgue today to view the charred remains and the few shreds of burned clothing in the hope that they may be able to identify them as belonging to either of their wives, both of whom have been missing for days.

Identity Still Unknown.

Outside of this, so far as is publicly known, not a hope of establishing the woman's identity has been developed.

The coroner's physician, Dr. Wuest today reported that he had completed an autopsy on the woman's remains and had ascertained that her throat had been cut and her wind pipe punctured at least twelve hours before her body was fired on the mattress on which she lay. The mattress, he said, had been soaked with kerosene. The victim, he reports to have been about thirty years old, well nourished and to have borne children. So badly was the body seared by acid and by fire that the only hope of identification is through the few scraps of clothing which escaped the flames.

That more than one person had a hand in the murder, and the burning is the police belief. They hold that she was slain somewhere in the vicinity of where her cremation was arranged, and that the body was probably brought to the lonely dumping ground in a wagon. In this connection a story told by Mrs Matthew Murray, who lives at the edge of the dump, is regarded as important.

A Passing Wagon.

Mrs. Murray declares that the noise of a passing wagon awakened her at 3 or half past three yesterday morning, and looking out of her window, she saw a covered wagon containing two men enter the region of rubbish heaps where the burning body was subsequently found by Ruddick and his son. One of these men, Mrs. Murray says, wore a white hat, but the dim light of morning prevented her noticing their appearance further.

Should it develop that the Ruddicks have really failed to give information of value, only the few articles which escaped the flames when the victim's body was fired remain to the police as clews to the most baffling crime of a New York decade. They are an embroidered scapular of "Our Lady of Mount Carmel," which was about the dead woman's neck, a bit of checkered gingham, a bit of embroidered silk, a bunch of keys and a buckhorn-handled knife, the two latter picked up near the spot where the body was burned. On these slight clews apparently hangs the slender chance that the mysterious crime will ever be solved.

Looking for Husband.

New York, July 30.—A clew obtained by the police at noon indicates that the body in the Green Point murder mystery may be that of Mrs. Stanley Moskovitch, who disappeared on Monday last with her husband, a Pole.

According to information furnished to Police Captain Madigan by Mrs. Josie Jimbrouski, a cousin of the missing woman, the couple left after a violent quarrel, but in the evening the husband returned alone and evaded all questions regarding his wife's whereabouts. The police are looking for him.

James Ruddick, who discovered the body, was held in $500 bail for a hearing tomorrow in the Manhattan avenue police court.

ENROUTE TO OTTAWA TO MARRY ANOTHER

Scotch Lassie Stops Off in New York and Marries Old Lover.

New York July 30.—On her way to Ottawa to become the bride of another, Miss Anna Meldrum, of Dundee, Scotland, was married in the city hall here to George Edward Hayes, a mining engineer whom she had known for two years and who was a fellow passenger on the same steamship from Europe.

Their friendship of two years had not developed into love. They had corresponded for a while, then all letters ceased, and not until they were coming up New York bay did they meet. Then the young woman confessed she was going to Ottawa to become the bride of another. Then the engineer mustered up courage.

"But I want you myself," he said. "Won't you marry me?"

The girl acquiesced. They are now on their way to Winnipeg and the unlucky swain in Ottawa was sent a telegram telling him it could not be.

POLICE ARE LOOKING FOR BANK CASHIER

Who Proves To Be $15,000 Short in Accounts.

Racine, Wis., July 30.—Police here today are looking for John Schulte, teller of the First National bank, who disappeared yesterday while Bank Examiner Mertens was examining his books. The examiner discovered a shortage of $15,000. Schulte left a hastily scribbled note to his young wife which read: 'This is terrible; I have gone."

It is supposed he went across Lake Michigan and into Canada.

STANDARD CASE TO BE REARGUED

That Is the Decision of the Government,

AS RESULT OF THE LENOX CONFERENCE

Government Will File Its Motion at Once.

Matter Will Come Up Before the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago Before August 20—Will Require All the Time Between the Present and That Date To Prepare the Document.

Washington, July 30.—Solicitor General Hoyt returned to Washington today from Lenox, Massachusetts, where he attended the conference called by Attorney General Bonaparte to determine upon the government's course in further prosecution of the Standard Oil for accepting rebates.

According to the plans agreed upon by the legal lights, the government will file a motion for a reargument before the circuit court of appeals in Chicago of the $29,240,000 fine case. The application for the reargument must be presented to the circuit court before August 20, and the government will probably require all that time to prepare the document.

Frank B. Kellogg, retained to advise in the procedure, is on his way to Chicago, being in New York today. He will arrive in Chicago Saturday, and after a consultation with United States District Attorney Sims, who also attended the Lenox conference, he will go to his home in Minneapolis.

After the government's application for reargument is filed, the Standard's representatives will be given twenty days in which to reply. Should the application for reargument be denied, the government plans to ask the supreme court of the United States to order the circuit court to send the record up for review by it. This action could be taken within a year, but it is believed that the government would present such a request to the supreme court when it convenes October 12.

THREAT TO KILL THE POLICEMAN

Held by Her Responsible for Girl's Death

MADE BY MOTHER OF PARK VICTIM

I'll Kill That Man So Surely as I'm Alive.

She Shouts When the Foreman of the Coroner's Jury Returns a Verdict of Suicide in the Case of Barbara Reig, Found Dead in a Tool-House in Irving Square Park, New York. Policeman Shellard Exonerated.

New York, July 30.—"I will kill that man so surely as I'm alive." That threat, shouted by the aged mother of Barbara Reig in the courtroom when a coroner's jury branded the girl who was shot dead in Irving Square park a suicide and exonerated Policeman David Shellard, has resulted in a double police guard being placed over the woman today.

It was a dramatic scene when the verdict was announced. Shellard, who had admitted being with the girl at her death, was in one corner of the court-room surrounded by a score of police, who have strained every nerve to protect him, and in another corner where the mother and sister of the dead girl and her fiance, Arthur Hack. When the jury foreman announced the verdict, the policemen crowded about Shellard, hugging and congratulating him. For a moment the other group semed stunned. Then Mrs. Thompson, the sister of the Reig girl, leaped to her feet screaming as she pointed at Shellard: "You murderer! You murderer!"

Riot Is Feared.

The mother also started toward the policeman and then, raising her hand above her head, shrieked: "I will kill that man so surely as I am alive."

Such excitement ensued that Coroner Brewer feared a riot and ordered the court-room cleared The verdict of the coroner's jury was given despite the testimony of a woman, who declared that Barbara told her that Shellard had threatened murder, and of Dr. Samuel Hubbard, who declared it impossible that the girl, as the police contend, had fired the shot that slew her with Shellard's revolver

The girl's mother, at her home, No. 300 Maujer street, Williamsburg, said today:

"Barbara was a chereful, hopeful girl. She never killed herself for she was looking forward with joy to her approaching wedding day Her clothing was practically torn off in that last interview with Shellard May the God of the widow and the fatherless help me to prove that my girl was murdered. And He will, I know."

HIS ATTORNEYS WANT LAMPHERE RELEASED

Proof That Mrs. Gunness Committed Suicide.

Laporte, Ind., July 30.—Attorneys representing Ray Lamphere, in jail here pending trial on charges of murdering Mrs Belle Gunness and her two children, will ask his release on a writ of habeas corpus either this afternoon or tomorrow. The petition will be based on a report by Dr. Walter S. Haines, of Chicago, who examined the stomach of the woman supposed to be Mrs. Gunness. He declared he found traces of arsenic, strychnine and morphine. Lamphere's attorneys declare this and other evidence they have means that Mrs. Gunness killed herself and they want his release on bail. Lamphere's release would be popular.

RENEWED EFFORTS TO FREE LINGAFELTER

Will Be Made on Strength of Doctor's Certificate.

Columbus, O., July 30.—J. F. Lingafelter, former Newark banker, ill at the penitentiary, will die if he remains in prison according to a diagnosis made by Dr. C. S. Hamilton, of Columbus, and reported Thursday to Dr Arthur Helmick, chief physician at the penitentiary, who has placed it in the hands of Warden Gould.

Using the report of Dr Hamilton as an argument, renewed efforts will be made to have Lingafelter paroled.

To Harness the Kaw.

Washington July 30.—Former Senator Harris of Kansas is in town urging the war department to take steps to harness the Kaw river.

BARBAROUS AND CRUEL TREATMENT

Is Alleged Against Finck in Divorce Petition.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 30.—Mrs. Robert C. Finck, wife of the former city treasurer of Omaha, and a prominent politician there, has filed suit for divorce here, alleging barbarous and cruel treatment.

Mrs. Finck, a woman of noble birth, being the daughter of Count Von Plate, delegate to the court of international arbitration at The Hague, was first married to Dr. Paul Grossman, a German scientist who made his home in Omaha, but died while abroad in 1905.

Mrs. Grossman married Finck at Wheaton, Illinois, in August, 1906. Domestic troubles followed, however, and the wife came to Philadelphia. Finck followed her here last October and attempted to have her declared insane and incapable of managing her property, but the case was dropped. Mrs. Finck now takes the initiative in asking for an absolute separation.

NAN PATTERSON IS STILL IN PITTSBURG

And Says That She Intends To Remain There.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 30.—Balked in their efforts to have "Nan" Patterson run out of town, the city police department and the bureau of detectives are in an uproar today. Detective Louis Leff has been suspended and others fear that their resignation may be asked any moment. This state of feverish excitement is the result of the publication of the fact that the former chorus girl, thrice tried on the charge of murdering Caesar Young, had been told to get out of Pittsburg. The wife of a prominent Pittsburger charged "Nan" with having enticed her husband. Despite the demands for secrecy made by Superintendent McQualde, the story leaked out and the suspension of Leff followed.

"Nan" Patterson, however, is still in the city and says she intends to remain here.

SECRET ACTION BY THE CORONER

Gives Sensational Turn in the Billek Case.

BODY OF NIEMANN SECRETLY EXHUMED

More Facts Are Expected To Be Unearthed.

Stomach Is in Possession of Two Chemists of the Northwestern Medical College, Who Are Examining It To Find Traces of Poison. Niemann Is the Late Father-in-Law of Mrs. Emma Vrzal-Niemann.

Chicago, July 30.—Secret action by the coroner of Du Page county exhuming the body of Henry Niemann late father-in-law of Mrs. Emma Vrzal Niemann, today gave a sensational turn to the Billik murder case. The development promised the unearthing of more facts which will, according to Herman Billik's friends, solve the mystery of the poisoning of six members of the family of Martin Vrzal.

Upon the new evidence expected to be adduced, Billik is said to base his assurance that the supreme court of the United States will act on the appeal granted by Judge Landis the day Billik was to have been hanged and condemned man was granted a new trial.

Henry Niemann, a wealthy Du Page county farmer, is one of the several victims of the person who slew the members of the Vrzal family, according to a theory on which State's Attorney Hadley and Coroner Mahler of Du Page county are working. In the dead of night the body of Niemann, who was seventy-two years old when he died in August, 1905, was taken from its grave in the cemetery at York Center, Illinois, near Wheaton. The stomach was removed, and is now in the possession of two chemists of the Northwestern Medical college, who are examining it to find traces of poison.

This sensational action was taken with great secrecy and arrests are expected to follow at any time, according to the officials.

Former Governor Budd Dead.

Stockton, Calif., July 30.—Former Governor James H. Budd, fifty-seven, died at 7 o'clock this morning, after a long illness.

BRYAN MAKES A STATEMENT

Regarding the Independence Party Platform.

CAN'T ACCOMPLISH THE REFORMS SOUGHT

It Will Surely Result in Defeating Them.

The Statement Is an Intimation That the Independence Movement Is Aimed Solely To Injure the Democratic National Ticket and To Aid the Republican Party—Bryan Treats Rosewater Letter Lightly.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 30.—William J. Bryan today issued a statement regarding the platform of the Independence party in which he declared that the voter of that party cannot possibly accomplish anything but the defeat of the very reforms in which he is interested. The statement is an intimation that the Hearst party is aimed solely to injure the Democratic national ticket and to aid the Republicans. The statement says regarding the Independence platform:

"It contains a number of planks which are identical with or substantially similar to the planks of the Democratic platform. For instance, it demands the election of senators by the direct vote of the people, as the Democratic platform does; its tariff plank is quite like to our tariff plank; its plank on the trusts, while opposing private monopoly, is not as specific as ours; its railroad plank does not differ from ours; its plank on Asiatic immigration is quite similar, and its labor plank, like ours, contains a declaration in favor of trial by jury and in regard to the exemption of labor organizations from the operation of anti-trust laws.

Similarity in Platforms.

"Like our platform, it condemns the extravagance of the Republican party and demands greater economy. It does not advocate, however, the establishment of a department of labor, with a secretary in the cabinet; it does not oppose imperialism, which has been used to justify the increase in our standing army, and its plank on publicity of campaign contributions is not nearly so strong as ours.

"The question that must confront the members of the Independence party is this: 'Will he assist in the defeat of the Democratic party, which stands for so much that he favors, merely because he cannot get all that he could like?' Either the Democratic or the Republican party will win and the voter who, preferring the Democratic platform to the Republican platform, joins with the Independence party, merely assists the Republican party and thus, defeats several of the reforms in which he is interested.

Senators by Popular Vote.

"Take, for instance, the plank in favor of the election of senators by the people. The Democratic party has endorsed the proposition by an overwhelming vote. If the Democratic party succeeds, its members are pledged to this reform. The Republican party is not pledged to it and the Republican candidate goes no further than to say that he is personally inclined toward it. This reform is necessary before any other federal reform can be secured. Is not the Independent voter justified in helping the Democratic party to secure this reform?

"So, in regard to the labor questions, the Democratic party is in favor of remedies demanded by wage-earners, and a wage-earner who votes with the Independence party simply defeats the reforms in which he is interested. And the same argument might be made in regard to those who favor tariff reform, the extermination of the principle of private monopoly and the remedy of other evils, which have grown up under Republican administrations.

"The question is not whether one can get all the reforms that he wants, but how he can get the most reform. The Democratic party offers him the best opportunity to secure that which is obtainable at this time."

Regarding the open letter of Victor Rosewater, Bryan, and Mr. Allen, his brother-in-law mentioned in the letter, held a conference and Bryan treated the matter very lightly.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, July 30.—Today's treasury statement: Receipts $1,975,821; expenditures $3,780,000.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Wise Ones Will Take Advantage of

KLEINMAIERS BIG REMOVAL SALE!

By Buying Their Boys School Suits Now.

Most of these suits are of a weight suitable for winter wear.

The styles, fabrics and patterns are good, and the great saving in price will easily justify the investment.

All $8.00, $8.50 and $9.00 Suits now $6.48
All 6.50, 7.00 and 7.50 Suits now 5.48
All 5.50 and $6.00 Suits now..... 4.48
All $4.50 and $5.00 Suits, now $3.48
All 3.00 and 4.00 Suits, now 2.48
All 2.00 and 2.50 Suits, now 1.48

WORK IS BEGUN ON THE NEW STEEL PLANT

An Up-To-Date Structure in Every Way.

The work on the new steel plant has been begun by the Marion Steam Shovel company. The new plant is to be erected along strictly modern lines and will be equipped with all up-to-date appliances.

The structural work is of steel and bids are being received now.

The building is to be 115 feet wide, 350 feet long, seventy-five feet high in the center and forty feet high at the extreme sides. The plant is to be fire proof in every detail.

FOR SALE—Two 60 gal. oil tanks, family refrigerator, Dayton Computing scale, good huxter wagon, all in good condition. W. W. Reading, Bennett St. Phone 561. 202-1-wky-2.

GET THE CASH HABIT.

Side Combs,
Fancy Back Combs,
White Umbrellas at ½ Price.

And all other pretty Novelties that you may need for the EXCURSION.

NEW YORK STORE.

SOME NEW SPECIALS.

$5.00 Jumper Suits, all colors, at	$1.95
$2.50 Wash Skirts, striped materials	99c
$2.25 Wash Skirts, late colors, at	75c
$1.25 White Waists, a bargain at	59c
$1.25 Long Silk Gloves, black and white	59c
$1.00 Long Lisle Gloves, black and white	39c
$2.25 Colored Umbrellas now priced	$1.19
50c Belts, all late styles, now at	21c
15c Vests, fine rib, good materials	6¼c

Ludwig's Specialty Store.
133 East Center Street.

100 More Jumper Dresses $1.98

Last Saturday we advertised a sale, $5 00 Jumper Dresses for $1.98—Tuesday noon the last one was sold.

A new lot, the last of the season arrived today, a few different colors and patterns, while they last $1.98.

That Sale of $12.50 Dresses $3.98

It's the wonder of the season, dainty dresses of soft silky batiste, tastefully trimmed with fine laces, a one piece Princess dress, nice enough for any occasion, yes, dresses worth $12,50 to close $3 98. Colors; light blue, pink, Champaigne, white,

Wash Skirts 49c, $1.49 and $1.98

To close out all wash skirts, we make final reductions today.

Lot of $1 & $1.50 white linen finish skirts 49c

Lot of white and colored linen skirts, plain colors and stripes, $2.50 and $3 50 values $1 49. Choice lot of white and colored linen skirts $3 50 to $5 00 values $1.98

Final closing prices on all waists, wool skirts, wool suits, also silk jumpers and dresses.

FRANK BROS. & CO.

EMBROIDERY CIRCLE NICELY ENTERTAINED

Mrs. Fred Strobel Is Hostess to the Members.

THE TIME GIVEN TO EMBROIDERY WORK

Misses Stella and Dora Smith Entertain Young Women at Luncheon in Honor of Their Guests—The Afternoon Is Passed Very Pleasantly. Society Notes of the City.

The Ladies' Embroidery circle was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Fred Strobel at her home on south Prospect stret, Wednesday afternoon. Nearly all the members were present. The afternoon was given to embroidery work. Refreshments were served by the hostess. The club will meet, August 13, with Mrs. Eva Copeland, of south Prospect street.

The club guests were Mrs. E. Mowery, of Fostoria; Mrs. S. N. Titus, Mrs. Henry Delpert, Mrs. Charles Kraner, Mrs. Carrol May and Mrs. Jay Vaughan.

* * *

Honoring their guests, Miss Lola Barton, of Millersburg; Miss Mary Knappenberger, of Cleveland, and Miss Hattie Green, of Lorain, Miss Stella and Miss Dora Smith delightfully entertained a small company at a five-course luncheon, Wednesday afternoon, at their home on Blaine avenue. After luncheon, the afternoon was spent with cards and music.

Those present, aside from the guests of honor, were Misses Fay Jones, Mary Green, Stella Fahey, Glen Mouser, Cleo Swency, Mayme Sechrist and Mrs. W. T. Smith. The other out-of-town guests were Mrs. P. Knappenberger, of Cleveland, and Miss Minnie Diebold, of New York City.

* * *

Mrs. Justus Wideman entertained the N. N. club at her home on Oak street, Wednesday afternoon. The time was given to music and social diversions. Refreshments were served.

The club will meet in two weeks with Mrs. Anna Cunningham of the Boulevard.

* * *

Wednesday night, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Blair, on north Seffner avenue, a surprise party was given for Paul Blair, their son, in honor of his twentieth birthday anniversary. The evening was pleasantly passed with games and various amusements. The big surprise of the evening came, however, when Mrs. Blair went to serve refreshments. The ice-cream freezer containing all the ice-cream had been stolen. The matter was reported to the police. Mr. Blair says he knows the identity of the thieves, but refuses to disclose their names at this time.

* * *

The Musical Assembly club met, Wednesday afternoon, with Mrs. Maud Inskeep, of west Center street. After roll call the rudiments of music were discussed by Mrs. Inskeep followed by an explanation of "The Tarantelle." Miss Daven Smith played a Tarantella and gave a description of it.

* * *

About forty of the friends of little Miss Marguerite Kalkbrenner, of the Boulevard, helped her celebrate her fourteenth birthday anniversary, Wednesday afternoon. The time was spent in the enjoyment of outdoor games. Refreshments were served. Miss Kalkbrenner was handsomely remembered by her guests.

* * *

Miss Carrie Orians was given a pleasant surprise at her home on east Farming street, Wednesday evening, in honor of her sixteenth birthday anniversary. The evening was passed with games and music and a luncheon was served.

Those present were Misses Nellie Altherr, Marie Fabian, Marie Masterson, Marie Orians, Myrtle Wilson, Myrtle Aeveons, Edna Fabian, Blanche Layman, Susie Laymon, Hazel Chandler and Messrs. George Lusch, Dolph Wilbert, Clarence Humes, Francis Metzger, Ray Whitters, Willis Wilbert, Walbee Metzger, Guy Davis, William Kibler, Donald Clark.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Hostetter pleasantly entertained ten friends at her home on Chestnut street, Wednesday afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. Sophia Fleming, of Thompson street, was given a pleasant surprise, Tuesday evening, in honor of her thirty-eighth birthday anniversary. The time was passed with games and music and refreshments were served. Mrs. Fleming was nicely remembered.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Newton Keeler, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Diller, Mr. and Mrs Willie Brozer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Williams Mr. and Mrs. David Fleming, Misses Udah Brozer, Irene Keeler, Jennette Berry, Alice Evans, Mary Duffy and Messrs. Grover Newell, Samuel Drollinger, Earl Drollinger, John Drollinger, William Drollinger, and Bernard Drollinger.

* * *

Mrs. E. L. Williams, of Franklin street, was hostess to the members of the W. S. J. club at her home Tuesday afternoon. Aside from nearly all of the club members, Mrs. Knappenberger, of Cleveland; Miss Bechtel, of Wapakoneta, and Mrs. Edward Munnell were guests of the hostess. The afternoon was passed with embroidery work after which lunch was served.

The club decided not to meet during the warm weather. The next meeting will be held, September 22, with Mrs. G. W. Baker, of east Center street.

* * *

The Merry Widow club held its regular meeting at the home of Miss Emma Kehrwecker on east George street, Monday evening. After a very interesting business hour a fine musical and literary program was rendered. Two new members were added to the club.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Emma Kies of Farming street, Tuesday evening, August 11.

* * *

Miss Grace Kelly, of north Main street, pleasantly entertained a company of friends at her home, Tuesday evening, in honor of Miss Mary Whalen and Miss Mary Donahue, of Springfield. Cards were the feature of the entertainment. Mr. Lawrence Hess received the prize. Following the play a buffet lunch was served.

Those present aside from the honor guests were Miss Louise Smith, of Galion; Misses Mamie and Ernestine Lawrence, of Rockford, Illinois; Miss McCormick, of Dayton; Mr. Charles Close, of Upper Sandusky; Misses Marguerite Kirchner, Emma O'Brien, Leona Gurley, Catherine Kirchner and Messrs. Clement Kelly, Lawrence Hess, M. C. O'Brien, Timothy Fahey, John Sells, Marcellus Kelly, Florian Hess, Frank Knapp and Clifford Stoll.

* * *

Miss Faye Wood, of west Church street, pleasantly entertained the Stitchers club Tuesday evening. After a season of embroidery work a luncheon was served. Miss Jennette Wood was a guest of the club. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Pearl Krause, of Owen street, in two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Harry Waterman entertained the None Such club at her home on Ballentine avenue Tuesday evening. After a business session the time was passed with social diversions and music. Refreshments were served by the hostess. Miss Hedrick, of Columbus, was the only guest.

* * *

Honoring her guest, Miss Catherine Credon, of Cleveland, Miss Marja Molloy pleasantly entertained about thirty young people at a lawn party, at her home on north Main street, Tuesday evening.

THE PROBATE COURT GRANTS INJUNCTION

Matter of Laying Tracks of a Suburban Line.

A clash between employes of the Hocking Valley Railroad company and the Marion & Suburban Railway company was narrowly averted at the Silver street crossing of the Hocking Valley railroad Thursday morning when an attempt was made by the latter company to lay its tracks across the railroad right-of-way.

Thursday afternoon in the probate court, in the absence of Common Pleas Judge B. G Young, Probate Judge Foster granted a temporary injunction on the application of Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, restraining the Marion & Suburban Railway company from extending its tracks across the Hocking Valley right-of-way.

A few minutes after this injunction was granted, Judge Foster granted another temporary injunction to the Marion & Suburban Railway company on the application of Copeland & Rattram restraining the Hocking Valley company from tearing up the tracks already laid on the Hocking Valley's right-of-way.

Make your feet glad with a pair of Beatty & Long's "Fitzezy" tan or black kid oxfords or high lace shoes —hand turn soles, rubber heels, no linings, very soft. 1

MISS LEAH MOORE ENTERTAINS A CLUB

The Embroidery Club Enjoys a Nice Afternoon.

LUNCHEON SERVED ON THE VERANDA

Fourth Quarterly Meeting Is Held at the Prospect M. E. Church—Rev. W. L. Spielman and Family, of North Carolina, Guests of Friends at Prospect—Other Notes.

Prospect, July 30.—[Special.]—Mis Leah Moore entertained the Embroidery club, of which she is a member, at a nine-o'clock breakfast, at her home on south Main street, last Friday morning. The breakfast was served on the front veranda, which was trimmed very artistically. Those in the party were Mrs. N. J. Gast, Mrs. Elmer Roberts, Mrs. Watt Kyler, Mrs. E. E. Wottring, Mrs. Edward Curtis, Mrs. O. H. Neimeyer, Mrs. Clarence Griffith, Mrs. R. H. Finnefrock, Mrs. H. D Beavers, Mrs. Fred Sauer, Mrs. C. R. Herr, Miss Clara Wottring and Mrs. N. J. Pettey, of Delaware.

Miss Ruth Freeman was the guest of her friend, Miss Caroline Hague, in Columbus the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wottring, of Green Camp, Mr and Mrs. L. H. Wottring and daughter, of Cincinnati, visited at the home of Louis Wottring Sunday.

Roland Hunter, of Columbus, visited his aunt, Mrs. H. D. Beavers, several days last week

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Court and grandchildren, Court and Harold Porter, were the guests of relatives at Hepburn Wednesday.

Mrs. Harvey Wolfley and sister, Mrs. J. W. Humphreys, were Marion visitors Thursday.

Will Ely, of Middletown, visited relatives here the past week.

Mr. and Mrs Harry Dennis and children, of Toledo, were entertained at the home of Charles Isler, Sunday.

The fourth quarterly meeting was held at the M. E. church, Sunday morning.

William and Frank Siples, of Marion, visited their father, Samuel Siples, who is ill, Thursday.

Miss Edna Finley returned home, Saturday, after taking a six-weeks course at the State Normal school at Athens.

Rev. W. L. Spielman and family, of Hickory, North Carolina, were the guests of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hurrelbrink, the past week. Rev. Mr. Spielman is one of the instructors in the Lutheran seminary at Hickory.

Miss Florence Ackber, of Indianapolis, is visiting Mrs. R. Gilmore and other friends this week.

Mrs. R. McCloskey and mother, Mrs. Samuel Fritch, of Marion, visited relatives here Monday.

Earnest Cox returned home, Friday, from a western trip. He was accompanied by an aunt, Mrs. George Grant, and children, Jennie and William, of Topeka, Kansas.

Mrs. S. A. Kaub visited relatives at North Lewisburg from Saturday until Monday.

Miss Rella Shurz, of Marion, was the guest of Mrs. N. J. Gast, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bensley and children, Lloyd and Earl, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. D Mohr at Ashley Wednesday.

Mrs. Thomas Huffman, of Marion, visited her mother, Mrs. S. Barracks, Thursday.

Mrs. William Petitt, of Dayton, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs John Greek, the past week.

Mrs. Hattie Carpenter left, Thursday, for her home at Indianapolis, Indiana, after a three-weeks stay at the home of her son, J. B. Carpenter.

Mrs. Emmett Thompson and daughter, Ruth, of Cardington, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. R. H. Finnefrock.

Mrs. John Landon, of Marion, visited relatives here Friday.

Miss Ethel McFarland returned to her home near Galion, Friday, after a two-weeks visit with Misses Alice and Jesse Codding.

Mrs. Charles Pace and daughter, Lucille, of Marion, visited the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Harshbarger, a few days last week.

Sidney Thatcher, left Wednesday, for Savannah, Georgia, after a few days' visit with his grandmother, Mrs. Sarah Thatcher, and other relatives.

Misses Leota and Lena Kagay, of Richwood, were the guests of friends here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Bondley and children, of Marion, visited at the home of the former's father, John Bondley Sunday.

John Hughes was in Marion on business Monday.

Edward Frash, of Youngstown, was a guest at the home of C. J. Cummings Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Blanche House, of Marion, visited at the home of her father, C. Henry, several days last week.

Mrs. Frank Miller and daughter, Grace, were Marion visitors Saturday.

Miss Carrie Kuehner returned to her home at West Jefferson, Saturday after a two-weeks visit with her brothers, Herman and Martin Kuehner.

Joseph Miller was the guest of his parents in Marion Sunday.

Mrs. William Wottring and Miss Priscilla Neimeyer visited at the home of Mrs. Wilbur Kyle, west of town, Friday.

Tracy Keller went to Long Lake, Michigan, Tuesday where he will spend several weeks fishing.

John DeWitt, of Detroit was called here, Saturday, by the serious ill- of his father, Wesley DeWitt.

STORY OF MORROW COUNTY CITIZEN

Snake and Little Ones Found in a Thicket.

This is the season of snake stories. P. T. Miller, a well-known resident of Mt. Gilead, tells one and has three competent witnesses to vouch for it.

Last Sunday afternoon, while going through a thicket near his home, just south of the Morrow county seat, Mr. Miller says he came across a blue racer, perhaps five and one-half feet long.

The reptile emitted a peculiar noise, similar to a whistle, and Mr. Miller declares that instantly a number of small snakes leaped down the throat of the large one. Picking up a club Mr. Miller says he killed the big snake and disembowled it with a penknife discovering fifty-one little snakes had sought safety inside at the sign of danger.

Mr. Miller is a temperance advocate, too.

Men's $2.00 all leather work shoes $1.49. New York Store. 1

The Warner & Edwards Store.

Cream Serges and Panamas in Wool—All Rain Proof.

For separate skirts and Traveling Dresses. They are correct.

25c

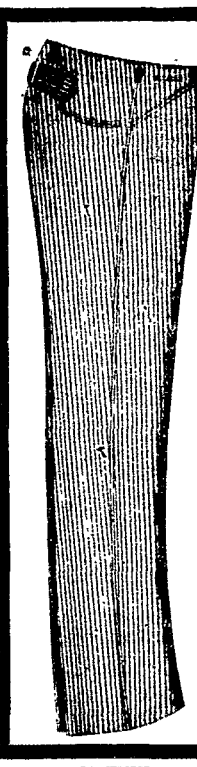
For Rain Proof Jamestowns a yard wide, in cream, with a thread of black. Fifty cent. Fabrics.

75c

For the 45 in. All Wool Serges in cream, with a just a thread of black, forming a stripe or check. They are our regular Dollar twenty-five goods.

The 36-in. suiting quoted above is just half price. The 45-in. suiting is just three-fifths of its value.

Warner & Edwards



MEN'S WORK OR DRESS PANTS

98c.

Bargain! Yes the biggest bargain ever named - and we have sold more than a hundred pairs. All sizes, Worsted, Serge—all kinds of cloths, pants worth double — choice 98c.

The Racket Store

The woman who takes advantage of

Uhler & Phillips'

"August Clean Sweeping"

Will find that she has fared better than her neighbor who goes elsewhere.

These important August Sweepings will start Saturday, August 1st.

Marion's Busiest Store.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AMERICAN WINS THE MARATHON

The Olympian Classic Goes to Hayes.

AMERICA TAKES THIRD HONORS

Dorando, Who Is First in, Is Disqualified.

Second Honor Falls to Hefferon, the South African—The Twenty-Six Miles Are Covered by the Leader of the Fifty-Seven Runners in Two Hours, Fifty-Four Minutes and Forty-Six Seconds.

London, July 25.—Veteran athletes of Europe, America Africa and Australia, who have seen the greatest struggle of every sort on land and water for athletic supremacy, unite in declaring that there has been nothing comparable to the thrilling finish to the Marathon race at the Olympian arena.

Six Americans started in the Marathon race and nine English runners. Of the first 10 men to reach the coveted goal four were Americans, and they were officially placed as follows: Hayes, first; Joseph Forshaw, Missouri A. C., third; A. R. Welton, Lawrence Y. M C. A., fourth, and Lewis Tewinnina, the Carlisle Indian, ninth The second man was Hefforon of South Africa. He was the oldest among the runners, having 34 years to his credit, and he made a remarkable pace almost to the end of 26 miles of the struggle, but Hayes was the better man.

The first Englishman who crossed the line came in twelfth. He was W. T. Clarke, and was not one of those counted upon to win. Duncan, the former English champion, who won the preliminary English trial, fell out at the twelfth mile and, like several other contestants, was taken into a motor and brought to the stadium. It is considered generally that the race is not only a triumph for the United States, but in a larger sense for America, because seven of the leaders at the end were from North America. The three Canadians, Wood, the Indian Simpson and Lawson finish fifth, sixth and seventh respectively, and with the representatives of the United States deprived England of its claim to leadership in the long distance running branch of athletics.

Hayes' Honors Safe.

It will not snatch any laurels from the brow of Hayes, who won a good race, to say that the hero of the day was the Italian, Dorando. The admiration and sympathy of every person in the stadium went out to the gallant Italian, who, although he did not win, deserved to win, and did more within the limit of his powers than any other man who ran.

For 10 minutes all eyes were focussed on the gate, almost directly opposite the royal stand, where the contestants were to enter. Finally, after what seemed to be an intolerable suspense, a runner staggered down the incline leading to the track. He was clothed in a white shirt and red knee pants He stood for a moment as though dazed and then turned to the left, although a red cord had been drawn about the track in the opposite direction for the runners to follow. It was evident also to every one that the man was practically delirious. A squad of officials ran out and expostulated with him, but apparently he was afraid that they were trying to deceive him, and fought to go on to the left. At length he turned about and started on the right path along the track. Then followed an exhibition never to be forgotten by any one who witnessed it.

Colors Told His Name.

The colors and the number told the spectators that it was Dorando, and his name was on every lip He staggered along the cinder path like a man in a dream, his gait being neither a walk nor a run, but simply a flounder, with arms shaking and legs tottering. By devious ways he went on. People had lost thought of his nationality and partisanship was forgotten They rose in their seats and saw only this small man clad in red pants, tottering onward with his head so bent forward that the chin rested on his chest.

Dorando staggered on toward the turn and dropped to the ground. Immediately a crowd of track officials and followers swarmed about him. It was evident that the man, with undaunted courage, had run himself to the very limit of endurance. None expected to see him rise, for, haggard and drawn, he had fallen like a good soldier when the last degree of vitality was exhausted.

His part in the race for all practical purposes was ended when he entered the stadium, for unless he received assistance he could not have finished. While this pathetic scene was being enacted the American, Hayes, entered the stadium comparatively fresh and trotted around. He came in less than a minute behind Dorando, but in the excitement of the moment failed to get even from his own countrymen the reception he deserved

It is a question whether public opinion will ever support another Marathon race here Dorando's condition when he finished and the condition of many of the contestants in the event led people to think it is worse than prizefighting or bullfighting.

FATHER AND SON KILL AN ENEMY

Literally Cut Him to Pieces on a Public Street.

Bethlehem, Ind., July 28.—In the presence of forty-five witnesses, in the center of town, William Bower forty-five years old, was assaulted and killed by Fred Wilson, Sr., and his son. The two men surrendered today.

It is alleged that the two Wilsons, father and son, came up behind him and after striking him with a pair of brass knuckles, they stabbed him in the back, cut his throat, and literally cut him to pieces before the terrorized gaze of the people attracted to the scene. The Wilsons then rowed up the river, but today returned to Bethlehem and surrendered.

WOULD RATHER DIE THAN WORK

So Tiger Mahatma Makes Business of Dying.

GOES INTO TRANCE AT SIGHT OF WORK

And Throws Scare into Prison Officials.

Sentenced to Four Months in the Holloway Jail in London at Hard Work, Agamya Guru Has Not Yet Done Any Labor Whatever—Defies the Power of the Court and Jail Authorities.

London, July 27.—"Dying" at the slightest sign of work, Agamya Guru, the "Tiger Mahatma," who at one time under the patronage of Paul Morton and other wealthy men stirred New York's inner circles with his mystic powers, is making life a burden to the authorities of Holloway jail here.

The "Tiger Mahatma," who is serving a four months' sentence for attacking Suzanne Allavenue, a seventeen-year-old French girl, absolutely refuses to toil. "Hard labor" was on his commitment papers, but he prefers the calm retrospection and when told to "turn to," quietly suspends animation and frightens the jail authorities into the idea that he is dead. Physicians who have been rushed to the mystic on various occasions only to find him completely restored and grimly smiling at their amazement and chagrin. On one occasion he lay for nearly forty-eight hours without a sign of life. Not a pulse or heart beat could be detected by the physicians and it was thought that this time the Hindoo adept was surely dead. But at the end of forty-eight hours the mystic sat up in his cell in full possession of his senses and with his vigor absolutely unimpaired.

"Your English courts and your jails have no power over me," he says when questioned. "During the term of my imprisonment you hold my body here, but my soul—I—am in India revisiting the scenes of my youth and viewing the events and activities in my native land. It would be quite as easy for me to leave my cell bodily as in spirit did I so choose," he asserts. And the jail authorities are about ready to believe that he speaks the truth.

CAPTAIN THOMAS BALDWIN AND THE NEW DIRIGIBLE BALLOON HE HAS BUILT FOR UNCLE SAM.

Captain Thomas Baldwin, the veteran aeronaut, predicts great things for his new dirigible balloon in the forthcoming tests by the United States government at Fort Meyer, Va. The tests of the balloons which the army proposes to buy will be very rigid. Each balloon must be able to carry two persons of a collective weight of 350 pounds. The balloon must have a speed of not less than sixteen miles an hour. The speed during trials will be determined by the average of the time of a measured course of between two and five miles against and with the wind.

PAPA VERY EXPERT WITH THE HATCHET

Used It with Telling Effect on Lover of Daughter.

Fremont, O., July 27.—Edward Reeves, a picture agent, is in the hospital suffering from serious wounds about the head and shoulders as the result of an attack alleged to have been made upon him by David Kemper, a junk dealer.

Reeves persisted in keeping company with Kemper's daughter despite the objections of the young woman's father Sunday night the picture agent met his sweetheart and took her home, thinking that the objecting papa would be sound asleep. Kemper was wide awake. He was waiting for Reeves with a hatchet. Kemper wielded his hatchet vigorously and Reeves was seriously injured. Kemper is in jail awaiting the outcome of his victim's wounds.

ALMOST MIRACULOUS IS THEIR ESCAPE

Andrew Carnegie, Wife and Daughter in Auto Accident.

Inverness, Scotland, July 28.—Andrew Carnegie, wife and daughter, Margaret, had a miraculous escape from injury today in the wrecking of their touring car, which was in collision with another automobile.

The three were badly shaken up and suffered bruises and scratches. For a time it was thought the injuries of Mrs Carnegie might prove serious and medical aid was summoned. Word from Skibo castle later in the day, however, reported her as resting comfortably The Carnegies left Skibo castle this morning for a tour over some of the mountains roads. As a turn in the road, their machine collided with another big car. The impact was of such violence as to throw the occupants of both cars into the road. Both machines were badly wrecked.

KING EDWARD MAKES APPEAL FOR PEACE

An Address Made at a Peace Conference.

London, July 28.—In reply to an address, Monday, from the delegates to the seventeenth universal peace conference, King Edward made a strong appeal for peace, in which he said: "There is nothing from which I derive more gratification than from the knowledge that my efforts in the cause of international peace have not been without fruit, and a consciousness of the generous appreciation with which they have been received by my own people and those of other countries.

"Rulers of states can set before themselves no higher aims than the promotion of international good understanding and cordial friendship among the nations of the world."

More than 100 societies, representing sixteen countries, are in attendance.

Our idea of wealth is feeling financially able to contribute to a campaign fund.

Every minister has his favorite hymn and every other man has his favorite her.

KISSES BABE AND THEN TAKES ACID

Findlay Father Goes Temporarily Insane Over Birth.

Findlay, O., July 27.—A babe just ushered into the home of William Fellbaum, a tinner, aged twenty-seven, opened its tiny eyes for the first time to receive a caress from its father and then see him fall dying from the effects of a draught of carbolic acid taken with suicidal intent.

The tragedy was enacted early Sunday morning but details were not learned until the coroner's inquest today. Before taking the fiery liquid, Fellbaum took the infant from its mother's breast and caressed it in such a manner that it may not live.

The mother swooned when she saw her husband's act and it is said cannot recover. According to testimony heard by the coroner, Fellbaum tried to make three of his older children drink the acid. It is believed Fellbaum was temporarily unbalanced.

The stork came to the Fellbaum home late Saturday night.

NEGRO BURNED AT GREENVILLE

By 500 Infuriated Citizens of That Place.

LYNCHING OCCURS IN PUBLIC SQUARE

After Lad Is Thoroughly Saturated with Oil.

Following Negro's Identification by Miss Viola Delancey, Whom He Assaults Monday Night at Point of a Pistol, the Crowd Overpowers the Officers Having Him in Charge and Burns Him on Pile of Wood.

Greenville, Texas, July 28.—Ted Smith, a black negro boy, assaulted Miss Viola Delancey at the point of a pistol, three miles from Greenville late last night. He was hunted down by the officers and a mob of 500 infuriated citizens and captured last night.

The negro was placed in the jail here and at 8 o'clock this morning an assemblage of citizens demanded that the officers carry the brute to the Delancey home for identification Upon returning to the jail with the prisoner, the crowd overpowered the officers, carried the negro off to the public square, piled wood and oil on him and set fire to the pile and the young negro was burned to death.

REV. ANDREW J. PURDY IS NOW A MILLIONAIRE

He Quits Preaching at Akron Very Suddenly.

Akron, O., July 28.—Rev. Andrew J. Purdy, pastor of the West Congregational church here, has resigned his charge to be a millionaire. He writess from Buffalo, informing his congregation that he will not be back.

Rev. Mr. Purdy had preached but two sermons in his new pulpit when his father-in-law died in Buffalo. He went East and found he had been left an estate valued at $1,000,000. He decided not to return to Akron.

HALF THE WORK NOW FINISHED

Half a Mountain Moved in the Panama Work.

GREAT CUT THROUGH HILLS AND MOUNTAINS

Cut Extends Nine and One-Half Miles.

Severing the Backbone of the American Continent at Culebra—Work Is Being Completed with Modern Machinery and Dynamite — The Culebra Cut Will Be Finished in Three and One-Half Years.

Washington, July 28.—In the digging of the Panama canal it has always been considered that, outside of the construction of the big lock and dam works, the chief difficulty to be encountered is the great cut through the backbone of the American continent at Culebra. The problem was there presented of removing a mountain and by the aid of modern steam shovels, drills and dynamite the solution is being rapidly worked out. In fact, according to information which has reached the offices of the Isthmian Canal commission here, over one-half of this great work has now been completed.

This cut through the hills and mountain extends a distance of nine and one-half miles. At the highest point the original surface of the ground was 200 feet and a hole from 430 feet to 1,000 feet wide and 160 feet deep is being dug there. This work involved the excavation of 80,698,248 cubic yards of earth and stone. The old French company took out 12,600,000 cubic yards between 1881 and 1889; the new French company took out 10,000,000 cubic yards from 1895 to 1904 and since the Americans have taken charge of the work they have excavated 18,445,426 cubic yards. This leaves only 39,652,822 cubic yards yet to be removed, less than half of the total. In view of the fact that 11,191,488 yards were taken out last year after the Americans had got their machinery in operation and their organization perfected, the indications are that, at the same rate of progress, the Culebra cut will be completed in three years and a half.

In the opinion of engineers here that fix the date for the completion of the entire canal—in other words they think that the work on the other sections will be so timid as to be finished at the moment when the excavation is done. If they are correct in this the Panama canal should be open for business in January, 1912.

HORSES STOLEN BY AN EIGHT-YEAR-OLD LAD

Piqua, O., July 27.—Clarence McKittrick, aged eight years, who stole two horses in Bellefontaine a week ago, has been captured here. In the ourse of his short career he also stole two other rigs and some money. The lad exchanged horses at the McKinnon farm near the Huntsville pike, and was captured by McKinnon. The youngster is a son of Samuel McKittrick and has two brothers living in Marion.

Von Zeppelin, "Ancient Mariner" of the Sky

THE present is an especially active season for aeronauts and aeronautics Never has the search for a contrivance which will navigate the air successfully been so keen, and never before has the problem shown such favorable signs of solution. The whole matter seems to have passed beyond the stage of exploiting machines which will remain aloft as long as they are lighter than the medium in which they float and no longer The principle of the inflated gas bag propelled by variable air currents and steered by devices which were as unreliable as they were unscientific is practically abandoned to the toymakers

The practicability of the aeroplane, an apparatus which will rise from terra firma without the aid of gas and may be propelled by a motor carried by itself, seems to have been demonstrated with sufficient distinctness Henri Farman has done the trick publicly and more than once in Paris, and the clever Wright brothers have been equally successful both in America and abroad The *marvelous feats* performed by these aeronauts and by others make it reasonably certain that such an airship is sure to come, perhaps speedily

No matter how quickly and how satisfactorily this desirable state of things is brought about, some of the achievements of present day experimenters will not be forgotten This is likely to be especially true of the astounding results obtained by General Count von Zeppelin, soldier, diplomat, engineer and inventor, with his great aerial flier on the Lake of Constance It is upon this little, snowy haired German nobleman, whose untiring alertness and youthful stride belie the fact that he is already at the Scriptural age limit, that the attention of the aeronautical and military experts of all the world is fastened His recent tours in the air in a dirigible balloon of his own construction put him far in the lead of all other navigators who have learned to combine the gas bag with the motor engine. On June 29 his airship made a flight of six and three-quarter hours, carrying fourteen passengers, responding perfectly to the will of its skipper and attaining a maximum speed of thirty-nine miles an hour. On the second day thereafter it did an even more amazing thing Remaining twelve hours in the air, it traveled at the behest of its captain over the greater part of northern Switzerland

It has been a long battle, this fight which Von Zeppelin has been waging against skepticism and untoward circumstances for twenty years The present airship is the fourth great craft which the inventor has constructed for the purpose Thrice he has been compelled to accept a postponement of the realization of his *cherished hopes*, but he has never swerved from his original intention. Even with this latest machine his experience has been enough to shake the courage of the stoutest heart No 4 was to have had its long distance trial on June 16. To Friedrichshafen, its home port on the beautiful Lake Constance went the Prussian minister of war and a small army of government notabilities and aeronautical authorities from every quarter, all more or less skeptically inclined and prepared to be critical At the last moment some minor defect in the steering apparatus revealed itself and the start was postponed two days Then several more defects became apparent and the trial was put off until June 20. On the morning of the appointed day the elements were in an unfriendly mood, and the count, almost on the verge of despair, was obliged to announce to the assembled visitors that an ascent was impossible under the circumstances In the afternoon the wind had given place to almost a dead calm, and a flight was decided upon General von Einem the minister of war, had *gone home in disgust, a profound* unbeliever in the ability of the airship to distinguish itself.

Count von Zeppelin, however, was not deterred by this disagreeable feature from making the ascent No 4 rose gracefully and pirouetted over the lake for three-quarters of an hour at an altitude of 325 feet and then descended at the steersman's will with admirable precision On this occasion the watchful skipper discovered a serious but by no means fatal defect in the side steering gear. It was a radical departure from the apparatus used on No 3 and was so inferior to that contrivance that Von Zeppelin resolved to return to the earlier scheme. The *original pattern* was restored to its former position, and so rigged the ship made its memorable ascents a few days later two performances which made General von Einem and his subordinates at the German war office "sit up and take notice."

An American Soldier.

This rare septuagenarian who has conquered nature's stubborn resistance in the face of two decades of opposition from his fellows is a native of Constance, the scene of his present experiments, born 1838, the son of an official attached to the Wurttemberg court. He was educated for the army, was a lieutenant of cavalry in his twenty-third year and two years later was detached from the Wurttemberg service for observation duty with the Union army in the American civil war *He joined the Army of the Mississippi*, in which his friend Carl Schurz commanded a brigade. A born soldier, Von Zeppelin was not long in getting into the fray actively At the bloody engagement at Fredericksburg a few months later the young German *cavalryman escaped narrowly* from falling into the hands of the Confederates on account of his determination to be where the fighting was heaviest

The count developed a taste for aeronautics at a very early age, and, strangely enough, his service in the American army gave him his maiden opportunity to follow his inclination in that direction His first experience was with a captive balloon sent up by the Federal corps to which he was attached for the purpose of taking note of the Confederate lines beyond He returned to earth enthusiastic over the exhilarating business and in time was detailed to make similar expeditions *He made half a dozen such experiments during his year's service in Uncle Sam's army*, returning to the fatherland in time for the Prussian campaign of 1866 against Austria, a sharp and decisive business, which he saw from start to finish In the great struggle which followed with France the young trooper found no chance to turn his fancy for aeronautics to advantage. A few hours after the declaration of war he was ordered, with four other officers and seven troopers, to make a reconnoitering dash into French territory.

He won a colonelcy in this campaign and was advanced by successive stages to the command of a brigade in the Wurttemberg army. In 1897 he went on the retired list with the full rank and title of general of cavalry It was then that he began to devote himself assiduously to the study of aeronautics *He proceeded to equip himself* with practical knowledge by serving an apprenticeship in mechanics, electricity and sailmaking Although he was no longer a young man, he went into the preparation with great care and deliberation, giving to each subject *under consideration the most* painstaking attention

A Heroic Declaration.

It was at that time that he announced his intentions as follows :

"I intend to build a vessel which will be able to travel to places which cannot be approached, or only with great difficulty, by other means of transport —to undiscovered coasts or interiors, in a straight line across land and water where ships are to be sought for, from one fleet station or army to another, carrying persons and dispatches, for observations of the movements of hostile fleets or armies, not for active participation in actual warfare. My balloon must be able to travel several days without renewing provisions, fuel or gas It must travel quickly enough to reach a certain goal in a given number of days and must possess sufficient rigidity and nonflammability to ascend, travel and descend under ordinary conditions"

This was received with incredulity by all of the count's acquaintances. Most of them shook their heads sadly and sighed deeply when he passed them by "He's in his dotage," said his friends pityingly "Another warrior gone cranky," said his enemies A roar of benevolent mirth, mingled with regret for the wreck of a once stable mind, spread over the country. "Poor old Von Zeppelin! He's up in a balloon," was the public opinion, and that is the way the caricaturists pictured him.

But he kept right on. He built, destroyed and rebuilt hundreds of models which were admirable in theory, but devoid of flying power. His private fortune, estimated at more than $500,000, could not stand the strain and took wings The time came when he was without money or credit. The government gave him the cold shoulder. He issued public appeals through the press, declaring pathetically that he knew he was on the right track and asking for financial backing, but he met only with failure and derision. He even made overtures to other governments, America among them, but his offers were declined.

Disappointment and repeated failure did not daunt the man who had made up his mind that the air could be navigated by man in spite of his lack of wings. His misfortunes seemed to *spur him on to fresh endeavor and to stimulate him to a supreme attempt.* In some way, he scarcely knows how, he contrived to build his third big airship, and with it last summer and autumn he made half a dozen successful flights, the last one a sensational, epoch making trip of eight hours' duration, in which 220 miles were covered. It was a splendid triumph for the brave old aeronaut. All his detractors were silenced, the government purchased No. 3 at the price of $500,000 and gave the count $125,000 for further experiments. It was also agreed that No 4 would be purchased by the war department if it could be made to fulfill the conditions.

CARL VON ZEDWITZ

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

REDEEMING DAMAGED MONEY; PUZZLES FOR MRS. A E. BROWN

She Decides Whether Little Shreds and Patches That Have Passed Through Accident Represent Money

If you are a foolish woman you have probably already put your surplus cash into the oven for summer storage It's a habit to which foolish women succumb in the spring

In the spring a young man's fancy gets busy with thoughts of love, but the mind of the foolish woman of maturer age begins figuring on just what she shall and what she shall not secrete in the stove for summer safekeeping Whatever things she decides against there is one item which is sure of admission That's money It is like a disease with some women, which causes them at the mere sight of a cold oven to be seized with longing to stuff money into its darkest corner

The madness attacks them even at sight of a cold stove of any description and it is no exaggeration to say that at this moment there must be thousands of dollars wrapped in wads of paper and lying in the lap so to speak of a parlor stove in countless American homes

If any one doubts this statement he has only to communicate with the Division of Redemption at the United States Treasury in Washington There the tragic truth will be disclosed Spring is the season for the outbreak of the disease, but the results reach the Treasury in both the spring and the autumn

The explanation is simple When the weather turns warm in the spring the foolish woman true to her instincts decides that summer is on the job to stay No more fires in the parlor stove Out go the ashes, and after cleaning up the interior she stuffs a lot of paper inside and sooner or later coyly conceals the family surplus of cash beneath that paper

Sooner or later there comes a cold day Daughter has a caller and wants to make things cosey and pleasant for him Or perhaps pa trying to entertain the minister while ma and the daughter are getting supper hits upon the happy thought of starting a little blaze Or most tragic of all the foolish woman herself flustered by the meeting of the missionary society with her does the deed herself in an awful lapse of memory

In any case the result is the same and can be viewed any day at the treasury Sometimes the fragments are smaller, sometimes larger Occasionally even the ordinary eye and intelligence can detect signs that the charred pieces were once dignified legal tender, but as a rule it takes the wonderful skill of Mrs Amanda E Brown to find any such evidence

For twenty years Mrs Brown has been identifier in chief of damaged currency for this government To her skill scores of banks and hundreds of business firms and of private individuals—including foolish women—owe their receipt of crisp new bills in exchange for little heaps of hopeless looking shreds and patches

Mrs Brown's desk is directly under the light of a north window on the ground floor of the treasury building In its pigeonholes and compartments are official looking manila envelopes and a few boxes, each of which contains a case—that is, some fragments of alleged money The tools of her work lie before her—several fine steel scalpels a four inch magnifying glass and a half inch thick piece of plate glass the exact size of a bank note and ruled off in fifty equal squares

As the reporter sat beside her the other day she spread a sheet of stout manila paper before her, picked up one of the boxes and emptied out ten or twelve charred pieces of paper ranging from bits about a quarter of an inch square to a couple of pieces containing a square inch or a little more They looked absolutely blank at first They might have been any pieces of burned paper

Mrs Brown did not handle them with her fingers but with mavellous delicacy of touch separated them with the scalpel till they lay spread out upon the manila sheet Then she handed the magnifying glass to the reporter, indicated one of the larger fragments and intimated that it showed the word 'dollars' and a figure or design found only on United States twenty dollar notes

"This is the case of the burning of a store, building, said Mrs Brown 'We received this box about four by six inches in size, full of charred pieces accompanied by a letter stating that in it were the remains of $65—two twenties, two tens and a five,

When I first turned the contents out it seemed as if there was nothing but mere burned paper But I carefully sorted it until I discovered these pieces, which were unmistakable fragments of currency

"You know it is an easy matter, at least for the experienced eye to discriminate between burned money and any other burned paper Currency is made of the best linen paper, especially manufactured for the government When burned it looks almost like burned linen cloth and can be separated at once from ordinary paper,

'After I had identified these fragments as money I gave them several baths in acid, which brought out traces of the engraving I have not finished the case yet, but the identification of one twenty dollar note is now practically certain

As the fragment contains less than two-fifths of the original of the note, the person having it redeemed will be required to make affidavit to the circumstances of its loss He will then receive one-half the face value of the note In that way you see, the government is protected against redeeming the same note twice for full value Oh, yes such attempts are often undoubtedly made, 'but owing to the precautions taken they do not succeed"

At this moment a bank messenger appeared at the wicket near by and handed in two envelopes and some official slips Miss Brown took out the contents of the first envelope It proved to be—well call it a five dollar bill with a strip of surgeon's plaster going up and down the center on both sides Mrs Brown began pulling this plaster off

You see she explained almost before the bill was out of the envelope, so quick was her estimate of it, these are halves of two different bills Probably some one has taken the patched up note and has found out his mistake and has sent it to the bank for redemption The adhesive plaster was put on so as to leave a little space between the two pieces and conceal the fact that the bill is not full size"

She pasted one torn piece on a sheet of manila paper had her checkered slab of plate glass over it and with a pencil outlined what would be the full size of the note were it complete Then she noted whether more than two fifths was included in the section existing

There was just a trifle more than the necessary amount She indorsed the blank space for $2 50 and took up the other torn half This was amply in excess of the required two fifths and was indorsed

She immediately took the pieces with her to consult the records and see whether the fragments bearing the same record number had already been redeemed They had not The numbers of these notes were entered in the books and they were redeemed at $2 50 each If other fragments of the same notes should turn up later they will be dealt with accordingly

The second envelope was then emptied It contained good sized fragments of a dollar bill looking uncommonly as if they had been chewed by a dog

Without touching them with her fingers Mrs Brown swiftly spread them out with deft movements of the scalpel There was no question of the denomination or of the total area of the pieces being fully three fifth *that of the original bill* The fragments were returned to their envelope a clean new dollar bill was taken from the stock on hand and the messenger departed

'Do you suppose that last bill had been chewed by a dog' asked the reporter

It's more than likely said Mrs Brown We receive bills that have been chewed by every animal it seems to me that walks on four legs' And occasionally ' she added, by some who walk on two

'Dogs are the worst offenders, but cats rabbits swine sheep goats and cattle occasionally figure in our cases Farmers lean over pens or stalls in feeding animals drop the money from their pockets and before it can be recovered it has been trampled and torn

We do not have to handle such bills In the first place they are thoroughly cleansed before coming to us And even then I do not touch any suspicious looking bill with my fingers With the scalpel I can do everything necessary and do it better than I could with my hands So it has become second nature for me to use it

'When we receive a package of bills which has suffered from dampness the only way we can do anything with them is by using the scalpel For instance if a roll of bills has been buried for fancied safekeeping or accidentally, it sometimes becomes so affected by mould that the notes stick together in a damp mass

When taken out into the light and air this mass becomes hard and brittle The only way in which we can separate it is to dampen it again and work so carefully that instead of saying inch by inch I might say hairs breadth by hairs breadth

"Do you ever receive money from wrecked vessels"

"Yes We often have money that has been in salt water some time but those cases are rarely difficult The bills are generally intact when we get them and can be spread out to dry '

"Is most of the money you receive damaged by fire?"

Yes After a great fire we always have particularly heavy receipts of injured bills Now we are getting money from the Chelsea fire, but we are also still receiving damaged bills from California, even though it is two years since the disaster

"We have received hundreds of thousands of dollars from San Francisco for redemption and ninety per cent of it has been made good by the treasury That is *an unusual* percentage but the San Francisco money came to us in excellent condition

"In the first place most of it had been put away carefully The bills had been laid in piles instead of being all crumpled up, as they often are in small stores or in private houses The fire coming on at night, the money was in safes, which at least prevented some injury, even when the safes were not fireproof

'Then too our men were on the ground when the work of recovery began and told people how to ship the burned money The piles of bills must not be handled more than is absolutely necessary They must be packed in cotton and put into stout boxes which contain nothing else

"We sometimes receive packages containing both bills and coin which had been through a fire The coin, no matter how it is wrapped, is so heavy that it will slide about and as nothing is much more fragile than burned paper the bills are broken into little pieces which are entirely useless for identification"

'Suppose some one had a counterfeit bill and burned it and sent the fragments for redemption—has that happened?

Well we have had burned counterfeit money but it may have come with other bills you know and not have been recognized till it came to us '

'Then you can detect a counterfeit even in these little black scraps?

"Oh that is one of the most important requirements And it is not so difficult as you would think The quality of the paper is as distinguishable when a good bill and a bad bill have been charred as they were before

'Do you receive much money from women"

Mrs Brown smiled

'In the spring and the fall we get it every day from people—chiefly women I am afraid—who have hidden it in the stove or range

Oh not every day'

'Every day I assure you Sometimes two or three cases a day Here's one now The woman writes that the bills were in the fire all the time it burned and remained in the ashes several hours after the fire was out *Two hundred and ten dollars* in all Too bad

'I suppose ' said the reporter 'you get many letters full of appreciation and gratitude

Mrs Brown smiled again this time with a peculiar significant expression She admitted that the redemption division is not embarrassed by any particular richness in the shape of thanks

Of course people do receive only their legal due, but if they could see the infinite pains and care taken by this wonderful little woman to rescue for them some salvage from the results of either misfortune or their carelessness, it does seem as if they would realize that but for her extraordinary patience and skill they would be many dollars poorer than they are

Not long ago a small bank in a western state was burned, and as the safe was not fireproof the money contained in it was reduced to a charred mass The banker not wanting to trust the burned bills to the express or the mail put them in a suit case and brought them himself to Washington

He said the package contained about $5 000 He was very much distressed over what looked to him like a total loss and said that if he could only send word back to his depositors that he could get at least something for that hopeless looking bunch of blackened paper it would lighten a good many hearts his own included

Mrs Brown went to work on the case at once She worked hard over it for three days in the intervals of current business By that time she had identified more than half the full amount

The banker felt that he could not remain any longer, so he took the cash for the amount which had been identified and returned to tell the good news to the waiting depositors The Treasury people did not promise him what they could make out of what remained but inside of a few days after his departure the entire remainder of the money which was said to have been burned with the exception of only $5 was sent to him

Possibly he and the depositors were paralyzed with joy, At any rate no acknowledgement of the service rendered them was received in Washington —Washington Special to New York Sun

NELSON DIXON IS CLAIMED BY DEATH

He Dies at DeCliff After a Long Illness

Nelson Dixon died at his home at DeCliff at 1 30 o clock Monday afternoon as the result of an illness of several months

Mr Dixon was eighty-four years of age He was the father of Sherman Dixon of this city

The publications devoted to Higher Things are always screaming because people chew toothpicks on the street If people want to chew toothpicks let them do it, we say Also, eat with their knives.

PILES FISTULA AND ALL DISEASES OF THE RECTUM.

Dr McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience No pain and no detent on from business Bladder Kidney Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured Established 1880

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN
Outlook Building, 44 East Broad Street COLUMBUS, O.

After a man's goodness reaches a certain point he begins to take an occasional day off

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS

The unknown heirs of Aseneth S Grubb, deceased, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that Israel Grubb, administrator of the estate of Aseneth S Grubb, deceased on the 3rd day of June 1908, filed his petition in the Probate Court within and for the County of Marion, and State of Ohio alleging that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay her debts and the charges of administering her estate that she died seized in fee simple of the following described real estate situate in said county to wit and known as a part of the south middle part of the North half of the East half of the Northwest quarter of section 21, Township No 5, South range 14 East as conveyed to Thomas Stores by quit claim deed dated March 22, 1890 Record in Volume 67, page 501, deed record of Marion county Ohio, beginning at the Northeast corner of said middle part and at the southeast corner of Mary Yachuer's land (see quit claim deed to Mary Yachuer dated March 22 1890 from Joseph G Paugborne et al) thence south along the sectional line five rods more or less to the northeast corner of lands conveyed to Sanford Miller by deed from Thomas Stores dated March 22 1890, and recorded in volume 67 page 552 deed record of said Marion county, thence west along the said Miller's north line (now Elizabeth Rush's) eight rods thence north on a line parallel with said east line five rods, thence east on a line parallel with said south line eight rods to the place of beginning, containing one fourth of an acre of land more or less

The prayer of said petition for a sale of said premises for the payment of the debts and charges aforesaid will be for hearing before said Court on August 10th 1908

The persons first above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 10th day of August A D, 1908 ISRAEL GRUBB

Administrator as aforesaid
Dated, June 26 1908
By H Edmund Hill his attorney
181 -s wk 6

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building Saturday

August 1.
September 5.
October 3
November 7

Examinations commence at 8 30 a m and no applications will be received after 10 a m All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination and each applicant will furnish an envelope stamped and addressed to him or herself in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100 No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 65 An average of 70 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year 80 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate of two years 90 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate

S W Almendinger
W P. Moloney
R B Bell Clerk

RECEIVER'S SALE.

C B Churchill Receiver of South Side Building Supply Company, plaintiff, vs Frank Bryan, et al., defendants, In the Common Pleas Court of Marion county, Ohio Case No 12035

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion county, Ohio and to me directed and delivered in the above named case I will offer for sale at public auction at the west door of the Court House in Marion county, Ohio on the 29th day of August, A D 1908, at the hour of 2 o'clock p m of said day the following described real estate situate in the city of Marion, County of Marion and State of Ohio, to-wit

TRACT 1--Being out number forty-one hundred and three (4103) in Maple Grove addition to the City of Marion, Ohio, as the same appears on the recorded plat of Marion county Ohio, in Volume 2 at page 25 thereof, excepting 50 feet off of the east end of said lot

TRACT 2 --Also the following described real estate situate in said County of Marion State of Ohio and in the City of Marion, being 50 feet off of the east end of lots numbers forty-one hundred and three (4103) and forty one hundred and four (4104 In Maple Grove addition to the City of Marion, Ohio, as the same appears on the recorded plat of Marion county, Ohio, in Volume 2 page 259

Tract 1 appraised at nineteen hundred ($1900) dollars

Tract 2 appraised at fifteen hundred ($1500) dollars

Terms of Sale--Cash in hand on day of sale

Dated at Marion, Ohio this 17th day of July A D 1908

C B CHURCHILL,
Receiver of South Side Building Supply Company
M O Bell & Fred I Carhart, Attorneys for Receiver 9-wk-t-5

MARION COUNTY REFUNDING BONDS.

Marion Ohio July 20 1908

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners in the City of Marion Marion County and State of Ohio until 12 o'clock noon August 8 1908 for the purchase of six (6) bonds amounting to Seven Thousand Three Hundred Dollars said bonds to be known as Marion County Refunding Bonds, all of said bonds dated September 1 1908 and to come due and payable as follows and to be for the following amounts

Bond No 1	$1,200 00	March 1 1909
Bond No 2	$1,200 00	Sept 1 1909
Bond No 3	$1,200 00	March 1 1910
Bond No 4	$1,200 00	Sept 1 1910
Bond No 5	$1,200 00	March 1 1911
Bond No 6	$1,300 00	Sept 1 1911

With interest from September 1 1908 at the rate of four and one half (4 1 2) per cent per annum payable semi annually on the first day of March and September of each year Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures

The persons first above mentioned will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 10th day of August A D, 1908 ISRAEL GRUBB

Administrator as aforesaid
Dated, June 26 1908
By H Edmund Hill his attorney
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Receiver of South Side Building Supply Company
M O Bell & Fred I Carhart, Attorneys for Receiver 9-wk-t-5

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Marion Ohio July 20 1908

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Bond No 1	$1,200 00	March 1 1909
Bond No 2	$1,200 00	Sept 1 1909
Bond No 3	$1,200 00	March 1 1910
Bond No 4	$1,200 00	Sept 1 1910
Bond No 5	$1,200 00	March 1 1911
Bond No 6	$1,300 00	Sept 1 1911

With interest from September 1 1908 at the rate of four and one half (4 1 2) per cent per annum payable semi annually on the first day of March and September of each year Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures

Principal and interest are payable at the office of the Treasurer of Marion County Ohio Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding and extending the time of payment of an indebtedness incurred by the Turnpike Commissioners of the Goodnowe Pike Turnpike Road of Marion County Ohio and reducing the rate of interest thereon which indebtedness was incurred by said Turnpike Commissioners on account of the construction of said road Said bonds are issued under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio particularly section 1972 Revised Statutes of Ohio and pursuant to a resolution adopted by said County Commissioners on the 20th day of July A D 1908

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of One Hundred ($100 00) Dollars on some bank in Marion County Ohio said check to be made payable to the aforesaid Board of County Commissioners All checks of unsuccessful bidder or bidders shall be returned to them at once after the purposal has been opened and award made to the successful bidder or bidders The deposit of the successful bidder or bidders shall be retained and considered and accepted as part payment of the bond or bonds so awarded Should the bidder or bidders refuse or neglect to pay for the bonds awarded then the deposit shall be forfeited to the aforesaid Board of County Commissioners and shall become the property of Marion County Ohio and considered as compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of the bonds and as liquidated damages for republishing the sale No bid will be received unless accompanied by a certified check as herein stated No bid will be received for less than the par value of the bonds and accrued interest and the aforesaid Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids The bonds are to be delivered to the purchaser September 1 1908 and to be paid for on that day at the Treasurer's Office of Marion County Ohio Proposals are to be sealed and endorsed Bids for Bonds and address ed to the County Commissioners of Marion County Ohio

D SEITER
W H HOLVERSTOTT
J D GILLESPIE
Commissioners of Marion County Ohio
10 wk 1 3t

MARION COUNTY REFUNDING BONDS.

Marion Ohio July 20 1908

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the County Commissioners in the City of Marion Marion County and State of Ohio until 12 o'clock noon August 8 1908 for the purchase of twenty (20) bonds amounting to Five Thousand Four Hundred and Thirty five Dollars said bonds to be known as Marion County Refunding Bonds all of said bonds dated September 1 1908 and to come due and payable as follows and to be for the following amounts

Bond No 1	$45 00	March 1 1909
Bond No 2	$22 00	Sept 1 1909
Bond No 3	$230 00	March 1 1910
Bond No 4	$230 00	Sept 1 1910
Bond No	$240 00	March 1 1911
Bond No 6	$240 00	Sept 1 1911
Bond No 7	$250 00	March 1 1912
Bond No 8	$250 00	Sept 1 1912
Bond No 9	$260 00	March 1 1913
Bond No 10	$270 00	Sept 1 1913
Bond No 11	$270 00	March 1 1914
Bond No 12	$280 00	Sept 1 1914
Bond No 13	$280 00	March 1 1915
Bond No 14	$290 00	Sept 1 1915
Bond No 15	$300 00	March 1, 1916
Bond No 16	$310 00	Sept 1 1916
Bond No 17	$310 00	March 1 1917
Bond No 18	$315 00	Sept 1 1917
Bond No 19	$320 00	March 1 1918
Bond No 20	$320 00	Sept 1 1918

With interest from September 1 1908 at the rate of four and one half (4 1 2) per cent per annum payable semi annually on the first day of March and September of each year Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures

Principal and interest are payable at the office of the Treasurer of Marion County Ohio Said bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding and extending the time of payment of an indebtedness incurred by the Turnpike Commissioners of the Kleinfelter Pike Turnpike Road of Marion County Ohio and reducing the rate of interest thereon which indebtedness was incurred by said Turnpike Commissioners on account of the construction of said road Said bonds are issued under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio particularly section 1972 Revised Statutes of Ohio and pursuant to a resolution adopted by said County Commissioners on the 20th day of July A D 1908

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D SEITER
W H HOLVERSTOTT
J D GILLESPIE
Commissioners of Marion County Ohio
10 wk 1 3t

LEGAL NOTICE.

The Marion National Bank Plaintiff against The Implement Manufacturing Company Defendant Case No 11311

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County Ohio directed and delivered to H B Hane Receiver in the above named case of the defendant The Implement Manufacturing Company said Receiver will offer for sale at Public Auction at the west door of the Court House in Marion Marion County Ohio on the 11th day of August 1908 at the hour of 2 o'clock p m of said day all the property of the defendant The implement and personal consisting of a band saw mill engine and boiler and all the tools and machinery connected therewith and belonging thereto also all the planing mill machinery of every description used in and about the plant and factory of the defendant also a large amount of hard and soft wood lumber of all kinds sizes and descriptions logs wood and coal wagons and harness and a large amount of other personal property of various descriptions too numerous to mention a detailed inventory of all of which personal property is on file in this case in the Clerk's office of Marion County Ohio

Also the following described real estate constituting the plant of said defendant situated in the City of Marion and County of Marion and State of Ohio and described as follows to wit

Tract 1 Situated in the City of Marion County of Marion State of Ohio and bounded and described as follows Beginning Three hundred and ninety six (396) feet north of the north line of Center street and one hundred and fifty (150 feet east of the east line of Greenwood street and in the North line of Wilson avenue thence north three degrees west seventy six and two-tenths (76 2 10) feet to the south line of the right of way of the C C C & St L R R thence in an easterly direction along the south line of said right of way a distance of two hundred and seventy nine and four fifths (279 4 5) feet thence south three degrees east one hundred and forty three and four tenths (143 4 10) feet to Wilson avenue thence along the north line of Wilson avenue a distance of two hundred and sixty nine and seven tenths (269 7 10) feet to the place of beginning

Tract 2 Situated in the City of Marion County of Marion and State of Ohio and known as seventeen hundredths (17 100) of an acre of land with the corporation limits of the Village (now city) of Marion Ohio part of the north part of the north half of the southeast quarter of Section 22 Township 5 South Range 15 E being fifty (50) feet front on the east side of Greenwood street bounded as follows Beginning at a stake in the east line of Greenwood street three hundred and ninety six and one half (396 1 2) feet north of the north line of Center street (measuring on the east line of said Greenwood street) thence on a line parallel to said Center street and on the north line of a contemplated street to be fifty (50) feet wide and to be known as Wilson avenue eastward one hundred and fifty (150) feet to a stake thence on a line parallel to the aforesaid Greenwood street northward seventy-four and one half (74 1 2) feet to a stake in the south line of the right of way of the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad now known as the Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago and St Louis Railway (said line of right of way of said railroad is fifty five and one half (55 1 2) feet south of the center line of its main track thence on said line of right of way measuring in the curve thereof westward one hundred and fifty two and one half (152 1 2) feet is a stake in the east line of said Greenwood street thence on said line southward fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning containing, 17 100 of an acre more or less

Tract 3 Situated in the City of Marion County of Marion and State of Ohio, and known as being in the west half of the southeast quarter of Section 22 Township 5 South Range 15 East and being a strip 86 feet off of the west end of the following premises Commencing at the corner of a lot sold by Charles Baker to Henry Clay Sharpless on the west side of Greenwood street Marion Ohio and at a point 143 feet south of the south line of the right of way of the C C C & I (now C C C & St L) Railroad thence north along the west line of Greenwood street 74 feet to a stake thence west ward on a line parallel with the north line of Center street Marion Ohio 211 feet to a stake in the east line of a lot sold by grantor to Mary Ann Allen thence south along the east line of said lot 73 feet and thence eastward on a line parallel with the north line of Center street to the place of beginning, containing 57 rods of land more or less

Also the right to occupy and use a strip 12 feet wide off of the south side of said above tract containing 57 rods of land more or less and extending from Greenwood street to the east line of the land herein conveyed as a private alley and to be used in common by grantors their heirs and assigns of a certain deed from Ida I and H C Sharpless to H A Martin his heirs and assigns dated March 12 1907 Recorded in Vol 81 page 73 Deed Records of Marion County Ohio Also the grantors in the above described deed Ida I and H C Sharpless reserved from the within described premises the right to them and their heirs to use in common with the grantee H A Martin his heirs and assigns as a private alley the following piece to-wit Beginning at the southeast corner of the herein conveyed premises thence west 16 feet thence north 12 feet thence east 16 feet thence south 1 feet to the beginning

Appraised as follows

Tract 1 Being the lot and buildings thereon engine boiler and shafting,	$10 000 00
Tract 2 Being the real estate on which is situated the office building and scales	1 000 00
Tract 3 Known as the Huber lot fronting on Greenwood street	1 400 00
Tract 4 Known as the Metzger lot	1 000 00
Tract 5 On which is situated the barn	900 00
Total appraisement	$15 00 00

Total appraisement for all the real estate of the defendant which includes the engine and boiler line shafting and the coal scale connected to the office $15 000 00 All the personal property of every description included in the inventory and not heretofore sold will be offered for sale together

The real estate being the entire plant will be offered as one tract All the real estate and personal property aforesaid will be offered together after being offered separately if being the desire and intention to sell the entire property as going business

Terms of sale The personal property will be sold for cash Real estate One third cash on day of sale one third in one and one third in two years from day of sale deferred payments to be secured by mortgage upon the premises sold

July 9, 1908

H B HANE Receiver
By Crissinger & Guthery his attorneys
8 wk-f-9

LEGAL NOTICE

The members of The Marion Circuit Church of the Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and all others whom it may concern will take notice that on the 6th day of July A D 1908 the said The Marion Circuit Church of the Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and Michael Zachman Franklin P Ault and Harvey J Kinsfelter Trustees of said Circuit Church filed in the Common Pleas Court of Marion county Ohio their petition and application being case numbered 12971 praying for an order from said Court empowering said Trustees to sell for the reasons in said petition and application set forth the following described real estate owned and held by said Church situated in the City of Marion in the County of Marion and State of Ohio to-wit Being the east half of Lot numbered Fifteen (15) in Henry Peters continuation of his second addition to the village now city of Marion Ohio as will appear on reference to the recorded plat of said addition See deed made by A D Matthews and wife to W W Bridge dated April 20 1859 on record in Volume 28 page 387 Marion County records which premises were set apart to Bell B Bridge under a proceeding in Marion County Court of Common Pleas in partition as part of her proportion of said estate of Dr W W Bridge deceased See her deed to W C Rapp recorded in Volume 41 page 436 record of deeds of Marion County the lot numbering of said lot being 324 Said cause will be for hearing on and after the 8th day of August A D 1908

The Marion Circuit Church of the Evangelical Association of North America in Marion Ohio and Michael Zachman Franklin P Ault and Harvey J Kinsfelter its trustees

W N Harder attorney for petitioners
8 wk f 4

LEGAL NOTICE

Metellus L Deal of Maple City State of Michigan is notified that Lelar L Deal did on the 9th day of July A D 1908 file her petition in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Marion and State of Ohio charging the said Metellus L Deal with gross neglect of duty by failure to provide and ask that she may be divorced from the said Metellus L Deal and that she be awarded alimony to the amount of $600 00 which petition will stand for hearing on and after the 21st day of August A D 1908

8 wk-f-6

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the passage of bills.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

SECTION 1 A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly to amend the constitution of the state of Ohio so that sections 18 to 32, both inclusive, of article II shall respectively be numbered as sections 19 to 33 and sections 16 and 18 of such article be so amended as to read as follows

ARTICLE II

Sec 16 Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read on three different days, unless in case of urgency three-fourths of the members elected to the house in which it shall be pending shall dispense with this rule but the reading of a bill on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title; and no law shall be revived or amended, unless the new act contain the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended; and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed

Sec 18 Every bill passed by the general assembly shall before it can become a law be presented to the governor for his approval If he approve it he can [shall] sign it If he do not approve it he shall send it with his objections in writing, to the house in which it originated which may then reconsider the vote on its passage If two thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections of the governor, to the other house which may also reconsider the vote on its passage If two thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass it it shall become a law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. If a bill shall not be returned by the governor within ten days Sundays excepted, after being presented to him it shall become a law unless the general assembly by adjournment prevent its return in which case, it shall become a law unless within ten days after such adjournment it shall be filed by him with his objections in the office of the secretary of state The governor may disapprove any item or items in any bill making an appropriation of money and the item or items so disapproved, shall be stricken therefrom unless repassed in the manner herein prescribed for the repassage of a bill

Sec 2 This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1909.

C A THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
ANDREW L HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20 1908.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I CARMI A THOMPSON Secretary of State of the State of Ohio do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office and in my official custody as Secretary of State as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 20th day of March A D 1908

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal at Columbus this 23rd day of April, A. D 1908

CARMI A THOMPSON,
[SEAL] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section two of article twelve of the Constitution of Ohio

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

SECTION 1 That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 1908 to amend section two of article twelve of the constitution of the state of Ohio so that shall read as follows

ARTICLE XII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

Sec 2. The General Assembly shall have power to establish and maintain an equitable system for raising state and local revenue. It may classify the subjects of taxation so far as their differences justify the same in order to secure a just return from each All taxes and other charges shall be imposed for public purposes only and shall be just, to each subject The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away Bonds of the state of Ohio bonds of any city, village, hamlet county or township in this state and bonds issued in behalf of the public schools of Ohio and the means of instruction in connection therewith burying grounds public school houses houses used exclusively for public worship institutions of purely public charity public property used exclusively for any public purpose and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value $200 for each individual may, by general laws be exempted from taxation, but all such laws shall be subject to alteration or repeal and the value of all property so exempted shall from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law

SECTION 2 All taxes and exemptions in force when this amendment is adopted shall remain in force in the same manner and to the same extent unless and until otherwise directed by statute

J D CHAMPLAIN,
Speaker Pro Tem of the House of Representatives
JAMES M WILLIAMS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 27 1908

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State

I CARMI A THOMPSON Secretary of State of the State of Ohio do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 27th day of March A D 1908

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal at Columbus this 23rd day of April, A D 1908

CARMI A THOMPSON,
[SEAL] *Secretary of State*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the time of the commencement of the regular sessions of the general assembly.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

SECTION 1 A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly to amend section 25 of article II of the constitution so as to read as follows

Sec 25 The regular session of each general assembly shall commence on the first Monday in January next after it is chosen

C A THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
ANDREW L HARRIS,
President of the Senate
Adopted March 20 1908

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State

I CARMI A THOMPSON Secretary of State of the State of Ohio do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 27th day of March A D 1908

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name

SILAS DICKASON IS BUILDING HIS COFFIN

Aged Resident of Agosta Preparing for Summons.

HE IS A VETERAN OF THE CIVIL WAR

Carpenter Makes the Measurements for the Coffin and Mr. Dickason Is Doing the Work of Construction. Coffin Will Be Simple and Without Ornamentation of Any Kind.

Believing that death will soon close his eyes in eternal sleep, Silas Dickason, sixty-eight years old, a veteran of the civil war and a resident of Agosta, is building his own coffin. He purchased the lumber for it several weeks ago and Peter Blozier, a carpenter of Agosta, made the measuremen's for the box, which, when completed, will be without ornamental finish or veneering of any kind. It will be a very crude affair; but according to the old soldier, "plenty good enough for anybody."

When the coffin is completed Dickason says he will place it under his bed. There it will remain until the final summons comes, then his request it that it shall be brought forth and his body be placed in it. The box will be constructed of plain pine.

By furnishing his own coffin, Dickason can be given a far better burial than the average soldier receives from the government. The money allowed by the government for the burial of the soldier dead will be expended for other burial purposes.

Dickason who has been in poor health for several years, expects to be buried in the cemetery at Agosta. He is a man of many peculiar habits, but is known and held in high esteem by every man, woman and child in that section of the county. For, days the little town has been agog over the prospect of seeing the coffin. When it will be completed has not been announced by the queer old man who expects to occupy it as a corpse.

Personal Pride

The gratifying condition of this bank is largely due to the guidance of its directors, each of whom takes a personal pride in the succes of the bank.

THE MARION NATIONAL BANK.

J. E. WADDELL, President.

C. N. PHILLIPS, Cashier

—NELSON'S—

Eye Strain is Dangerous

The school bells will again ring, soon—and right now is a good time to have the little girl or boy's

Eyes Tested.

Nervousness, headache and other ills are oftimes the result of eye strain.

Examination Free.

Nelson & Sons.

Jewelers and Opticians.

IF YOU TRY

FATHER WILLIAM'S INDIAN HERB TEA, or HERB TABLETS, and do not find them the best medicine you ever used for CONSTIPATION, TORPID LIVER, SICK KIDNEYS, SOUR STOMACH, SICK HEADACHE, NEURALGIA DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, MALARIA, DIZZINESS and BAD BREATH, we will refund the money.

They work day and night and you get up in the morning feeling like a new person.

Try them; 50 cents. Tea or Tablets. Techanen Bros

CHARLES C. FISHER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

BENNETT BUILDING.

GEORGE D. COPELAND. JOHN H. BARTRAM

Copeland & Bartram,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practice in all the U. S. and State Courts. Loans negotiated. Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate. Collections made. Patents procured. Office over the Marion County Bank, south Main St., Marion, O.

AGED BUT RESOLUTE IN GUARDING HOME

Old People Refuse To Be Turned Out in World.

PLUNGED IN DEBT BY UNGRATEFUL SON

The Pathetic Story of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Berry, Who Are Ejected by Deputy Sheriff, but Return to Little Place and Guard It with a Shotgun.

Tottering with age, but resolute in purpose, Martin Berry, seventy years old, stands guard with a shotgun at his little home a mile west of Agosta. He refuses to be turned out into the world, homeless and penniless, by the authorities. By his side stands his faithful old wife, white-haired and decrepid. Together they are protecting what they term the'r rights, and none of the authorities have had the heart or the temerity to eject them. Their story is one tinged with pathos.

Simple-minded old country folk, they have lived in the little home for many years. According to their own recital as told to Deputy Sheriff J. M. Davidson, an ungrateful son has plunged them into the darkness of despair in their declining years. This son, Adam Berry, they claim, induced them to sign what they thought was a harmless paper. They never dreamed that the paper was a mortgage and that they were signing away their home some day. Several days ago the mortgage was foreclosed. The property was sold at sheriff's sale and J. Wilbur Jacoby was the purchaser. When the new owner sought to acquire possession the old folks refused to vacate, claiming it was impossible that they had no home. Neither of them would believe the horrible truth. Then Deputy Sheriff Davidson was sent to the place. He tried to explain the situation to the old people, but they would not or could not believe it. The officer finally was forced to eject them. What little household goods they had was hauled away and placed along side of the road. Monday night, the old people carried the furniture back to the house and Tuesday they were guarding their home. People living in that vicinity are in sympathy with the aged couple and the belief is general that they will be aided in some way.

ANNUAL REPORT GIVES CAUSE FOR REJOICING

The Igorrotes Are Increasing and Living Better.

There Is Additional Prosperity and the Women Are Not Obliged To Work as Hard as in Uncivilized Days—Less Race Suicide.

Washington, July 28.—However much, or little, William Jennings Bryan may be worrying President Roosevelt and Judge Taft, there is cause for rejoicing in Oyster Bay and Cincinnati. This is due to the annual report of Governor William F. Pack, of Benguet province, Philippine Islands.

Benguet province is the land of the Igorrote. These native tribesmen were recorded as uncivilized until seven years ago—when the Roosevelt administration came in. The report shows that since that time there has been less race suicide among the Igorrotes than among any other people on the face of the earth. Governor Pack says that during these seven years, the Igorrotes population has increased from 12,000 to 30,000. He admits that some inhabitants have come across the borders from other provinces, but he proves conclusively that the birth rate has been steadily increasing. "This is due to additional prosperity and a better mode of living which brings about an effect that the women do not have to work as hard as formerly," explains the governor.

FAMILIES HOLD ANNUAL REUNION

A Pleasant Gathering at the Jacoby Home.

The fifteenth annual reunion of the families of J. A Jacoby and H. D Oborn was held, Monday, at the home of the former on Pearl street. The day was the anniversary of the birth of Mr Jacoby and Mr Oborn. There were fifteen of the relatives present and the day was passed socially An elaborate dinner and supper was served.

The reunion next year will be held at the home of H. D Oborn, near Waldo

Meeting at Ashley.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the National Spiritual Religious Camp association will be held at Ashley from August 9 to August 30, inclusive. Some prominent speakers and workers in spiritualistic circles have been secured and an excellent program has been arranged. The meetings will be held in Wooley park and accomodations have been provided for a large attendance.

WHEN FORTUNE SOUGHT A BOY.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for August 2 Is, "David Anointed at Bethlehem." 1 Sam. 16:1-13.

One mans' failure is another man's opportunity for success. The shortcomings of one are a summons to another to be ready to take his place. Saul had missed his chance to be a great king, and the founder of Israel's first dynasty. That meant a crown for somebody, somewhere in the kingdom. Even Samuel seemed to overlook this fact: Saul's failure had bowed him low in grief for his handsome protege and for the nation. But grief may not sit too long in its ashes, the world's work needs doing. History moves on, regardless of private or public griefs. Samuel's business was not to look backward toward the fallen monarch (fallen, although still preserving all the pomp and appearance of royalty; even as a tree stands for a time after it has become dead at the heart), but his business was to take his horn of oil and go out to seek another king. The sent man, the Lord's messenger, has a large place in the economy of God.

Eight Sons—Which One?

In Boston there is a big building from which issues one of the greatest periodicals in America. The stranger speculates which of the men who pass through its doors are the editors and authors; nobody would suspect that the quiet, insignificant little man who occasionally slips in and out, like a modest mouse fearful of intruding, is the most widely read and popular writer of boy's stories this generation has known. The average visitor would probably light upon, as of most importance, one of the pompous and well dressed under clerks. Similarly, I knew one of the greatest newspaper editors in America, who was not half so self-conscious and imposing as the office boy. You cannot pick out the great men in a crowd by their looks. A London young man of fashion was persuaded to go to a dinner of authors. His report was, "I can conceive of a man who had read a book wanting to see the author, but I can't conceive of one who has seen the authors wanting to read their books."

That is where Samuel blundered. He was told that the person whom he was to anoint king was one of the sons of Jesse, of Bethlehem, Jesse being the grandson of Ruth and Boaz The new dynasty was to be of storied line. Samuel naturally supposed, when Eliab, the oldest son, and a counterpart of Saul for good looks and inches, appeared before him, that here indeed was the man to wear the purple.

But Jehovah passed by Eliab. He tarried to give Samuel a lesson which he needed, and which is still sorely needed by a generation which spends so much of its substance in self-adornment. "Jehovah seeth not as man seeth," came the reminder; with its implied suggestion that "vox popuh" is by no means always "vox Dei." God's favor does not go by men's majority vote. The admonition continued, "line upon line"—"man looketh on the outward appearance, but Jehovah looketh upon the heart." It isn't the kind of clothes you wear, the sort of house and neighborhood in which you live, the job you hold, the ancestry you boast, or the cast of your features, that makes you somebody; the divine standard of human worth is the state of the heart. The person whose heart is right with God need not be greatly troubled about anything else

The Overlooked Lad.

So, in succession, all seven of Jesse's strapping big sons, likely king material, were passed by Samuel, at the direction of Jehovah. The old prophet was puzzled. Clearly the word had been that the new king was to be one of Jesse's sons; yet the seven had been reviewed, without the divine sign being given. In wonderment, the old man turned to the head of the house Were these all his sons?

Like the story of Cinderella runs the narrative. Jesse replied, "Oh, no; there's one more, but he is only a boy, and he is out tending sheep. These great handsome fellows are the ones in whom I knew you would be interested. It was not worth while to call young David from his work."

Only a boy! So even fathers in their blindness have reasoned As if there were in all the universe aught more important than a boy! All the coming kings in all the kingdoms of life are somewhere today "only boys;" and grown-up folk pass them by, neglectfully and even scornfully, in favor of those who have inches or years or good looks, or some of the external trappings of greatness Of this company of coming kings, not one in a thousand can be pointed out of a certainty, for "Jehovah seeth not as man seeth" If we were wise, we should be considerate of these boys, from very self-interest, for they are to give the oncoming generation whatever impression of us is to remain after we have left this world. Also many a boy has gone back to the shop or office where he was cuffed and sworn at as the "boy," to give orders to the very men who once despised him. One of the best signs of these times is the interest that is being displayed in boys.

The Coming Kings.

At Samuel's behest, Jesse sent for David The prophet would not let the feast proceed until the boy had arrived; for the old man knew that it was not meet to sit when the next king of the nation was coming. By what respect we show to youth we indicate to our reverence for tomorrow.

So David was brought from the field, surprised and wondering. Auburn-haired, ruddy-faced, fair-eyed, he was a comely youth to look upon. A vigorous, health-filled boy, of open countenance, is as inspiring a sight as a mountain or a waterfall. As David modestly presented himself in obedience to his father's summons, he was not embarrassed; his life of self-reliance and clean conduct had given him the seemly self-confidence which enables one "to stand before kings," and to play a king's role himself.

It was a superb training for kingship that David had enjoyed. He was not so "smart" as many a modern youth, who is up-to-date on all the latest wrinkles of an artificial life. But he knew the deep leisure of unhurried life out under the stars. He knew how to take care of himself, and to guard the trust committed to him. Self-sufficient out on the hills, he could meet unexpected emergencies as easily as he could cook his own meal, or make his own bed on the earth with only the sky for a covering. Prudent, brave and self-reliant, he had, all unknowingly, fitted himself or great new experiences. In the solitudes he had learned that true modesty which comes to those who live with nature; and that simple faith in Jehovah which is the best equipment for any station. To be pitied is every man called out into life's activities who has not had these quiet times of preparation which determine future destiny. David learned his kingliness, even as he learned his music and his skill with the sling, out on the hills of Bethlehem with the sheep. God had fitted him for a crown before Samuel anointed him.

THE NEW YORK POLICE AN OATH-BOUND ORDER

Will Go to Any Point To Protect a Member.

BIG DEFENSE FUND FOR DAVID SHELLARD

Murders Barbara Reig in a Shelter House of Irving Square Park, Brooklyn—Confesses To Being a Faithless Officer, Husband and Father—Money To Save Him.

New York, July 28.—Charges that the New York police are a secret, oath-bound order who will go to any point to protect their fellows, were given color today when it was learned that the one hundred and two patrolmen of the Hamburg Avenue station had each contributed five dollars to the defense of David Shellard who is charged with the murder of Barbara Reig, in the shelter house of Irving Square park, Brooklyn. It is also declared that the "system," the Patrolmen's Benevolent association, will assess its 7,000 members fifty cents apiece to save Shellard from the electric chair.

When asked: "What are you going to do about it?" Commissioner Bingham said:

"I don't know what I can do. I am unable to see how I can interfere."

On the strength of his own confession that he was faithless as a policeman and as a husband and father, Shellard will soon be dismissed from the police force. But despite all this, the "system" and his "brother officers" are standing by him and will pay good money to save him from the chair.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following mail remains unclaimed in the local postoffice:

Women—Miss Jessie Benedict, Miss L. F. Blake, care of Miss Blair, Miss Edith Black, Mrs. Frank T. Bowman, Miss Edith French, Miss Ola B. Garver, Miss Ella Dodson Hendrix, Miss Myrtle Lewis, Mrs. Emma W. McCormick, Mrs. May Reed, Mrs. Sarah L. Resler, Miss Mary L. Shirley, Miss Lula Strawser, Miss Ella Talmage, Mrs. P. E. Thilson, Mrs. B. K Wade, John Baum.

Men—James H. Buchanan, J. M. Bernard, E. L Carlin, Harvey Cain, W. Don Davis, John C. Dodgion, John A. Friers, Robert Gray, R. E. Kaucker, A. Knickerbocker, Harvey Marple, Karl F Millirons, James W. Smith, Harley Seckel, Bert Whitehead, J. E Wilson, James Young.

Firms—Federal Adjustment company.

M B. Dickerson, P. M.

People rather enjoy it when a pretty girl begins to fade.

OFFICER IN NEGLIGEE HAS EXCITING CHASE

Tries To Catch a Supposed Thief Tuesday Forenoon.

FELLOW WANTS TO DISPOSE OF SHOES

Calls at Home of Officer Hostetter. Officer Tries To Arrest Man, Who Runs and Makes Escape by Climbing on a Freight Train—Policeman Bruises His Feet in Chase.

A policeman in negligee chasing a supposed thief through streets and alleys in the West End furnished a spectacle, shortly before noon Tuesday, that brought blushes to the cheek of housewife and maiden and chagrin to the "cop," whose efforts at capture were futile.

A stranger called at the home of Jerome Hostetter, a night policeman, who lives on Wood street. He carried a handsome pair of woman's shoes, which he was anxious to sell very cheap. Suspecting that the stranger had stolen the shoes, Mrs. Hostetter invited him on the porch and told him to sit down until she could call her husband. Hostetter, aroused suddenly from his slumber, heard his wife say something about "thief," and leaped into his trousers without removing his "nightie."

"I am a policeman," he told the man on the porch, "and I guess I'll just take you up and investigate where you got those shoes."

"Well, I guess you won't," retorted the purveyor of one pair of shoes. Before the sleepy-eyed policeman could nab him the fellow was gone. Hostetter did not hesitate to think. He started in hot pursuit, sans hat, coat, shirt and shoes. The suspenders to his trousers dangled along the sides and his "nightie" played the tail to a human comet flitting through streets and alleys. Unmindful of personal appearance the policeman kept up the chase until the fugitive climbed on a passing Hocking Valley freight train and escaped. His feet covered with bruises, Hostetter returned to his home. Small boys jeered him along the way, but what cared the big ghardian of the peace for that, when he had bravely tried to do his duty. He was filled with mortification, but a clear conscience was his and he returned to home and peaceful slumber.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN MARRIAGE

Miss Lucile Landon and Mr. Ira D. Schrock.

The marriage of Miss Lucile London and Mr. Ira D. Schrock was celebrated at the Free Baptist parsonage, at 8:30 o'clock, Sunday morning, Rev. George E. Barnard officiating.

Mr. Schrock is employed at the Central fire department. His bride is a daughter of Mrs. George Landon and has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances in the city.

TRIBUTE TO MEMORY OF LATE DANIEL UNCAPHER

Resolutions Adopted by Epworth Sunday-School.

The following resolutions have been adopted by the members of the Sunday-school of Epworth M. E church on the death of the late Daniel Uncapher:

Whereas our Heavenly Father has seen fit, in His allwise providence, to remove from our midst our late brother, Daniel Uncapher, who was for years one of the most active members of Epworth church and one of its trustees during the period of its building, and was also the superintendent of this Sabbath-school, for year; therefore be it,

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Uncapher, the city of Marion and Marion county has lost one of its most loyal, upright and beloved citizens.

Resolved, That the cause of Methodism has lost one of its most faithful, hard-working and sacrificing members.

Resolved, That the cause of the church at large and christianity in general has lost one of its most able, liberal and devoted supporters.

Resolved, That we, who are left to mourn, and who knew him so well, and knew of his self-sacrificing spirit, shall rally more faithully to the cause which has lost his earthly support, and ever remembering his good example, push forward in the work of the Master, and help to build up the spirit of Christ in our community, thus being the means of helping to bring to pass the great desires of our deceased brother, namely; that of making the world better and more free from the temptations which are destroying so many of our fellow-men.

Resolved, That the secretary of our Sabbath-school record these resolutions in our record-book, and also that she furnish a copy for each of the city papers, and that a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

E C. Smith,
George Brown,
Rev. L. C. Webster,
J. V. Wilson,
Committee.

An honest thing about a girl with red hair is when it's natural.

MRS. IRA WEBB ASKS DIVORCE AND ALIMONY

Begins a Proceeding in Court Friday Afternoon.

CHARGES HUSBAND WITH DRUNKENNESS

Plaintiff Also Claims Husband Is Guilty of Extreme Cruelty—Harry E. Carpenter Sues Rev. George L. Bender for Commission on a Real Estate Transaction.

Mae Webb brought suit for divorce against Ira Webb in the court of common pleas, July 24. She accuses her husband of extreme cruelty and drunkenness. She prays for a divorce, alimony and that she be restored to her maiden name, Mary Barbee.

Through his attorneys, Copeland & Bartram, Harry E. Carpenter, July 24, began suit against Rev. George L. Bender to recover $320, which the plaintiff claims is due him as commission for a real estate transaction which he made as the defendant's agent.

In the petition Carpenter alleges he sold, or rather brought about the sale, of 200 acres of land in Salt Rock township for the defendant, the consideration being $16,000. He was to receive two per cent. commission for his services, but Bender has failed to settle.

In the case of George Blum against Charles W. Fairbanks, in which Blum was awarded $140 by Justice Conley, the defendant has appealed. He filed his transcript with the clerk of courts Monday morning.

THREE HUNDRED CHINESE DROWNED

As a Result of a Typhoon Which Sweeps China Sea.

Canton, July 28.—Three hundred Chinese were drowned in the sinking of the Chinese passenger steamer, Ying King, news of the foundering of which in the typhoon of yesterday has just reached the city.

The entire passenger and crew list of the Ying King, with the exception of twelve, was lost. This is the only ship reported sunk by the fierce storm that swept the Chinese coast. Several vessels are missing, however, and grave fears are entertained. The loss from the storm will run into the millions, being especially heavy at all shipping points.

LIABILITIES EXCEED ASSETS $400,000

That's the Shortage in the Wrecked Bank in Cleveland.

Cleveland, July 28.—A shortage of $400,000 exists in the Farmers' and Merchants' Banking company, according to a petition filed by Edward F. Spurney, assignee, today.

He placed the assets at $300,000; liabilities at $700,000, and sued the directors for that part of the loss for which they are responsible.

Henry W. Gazell, secretary-treasurer of the assigned bank, charged with embezzling $32,325 of the bank's funds, was granted a continuance until August 28 by Police Judge Croke, today, after pleading not guilty.

When a girl has pretty dimples in her arms she's not so very much afraid of getting them sunburned.—New York Press.

The more times a man swears off in a week the more will power he thinks he has to do it.

July Sale

On Kitchen Ware of Best Quality.

19c enameled wash basins...10c
19c sink strainers.....10c
25c enameled sauce pans....10c
15c cullanders.....10c
25c flour sifters.....10c
50c enameled steel preserve kettles.....25c
75c enameled steel preserve kettles 49c
$1 98 enameled savory roaster, full size.....98c
65c enameled steel water buckets.....39c
50c enameled steel coffee pots 35c
10 quart tin buckets.....10c
10-quart heavy black tin buckets 35c
14-quart tin dish pans.....10c
Enameled steel dish pans....25c
White metal table spoons each2c
White metal tea spoons each 1c

Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

The Ark

Why Does Siples Sell so Much Harness?

He is a practical harness man who believes in making only the best, reliable kinds: carries a big stock; prices it right: deals "fair and square" with every one.

We Want You as a Customer.

W. H. Siples.

Second door north of Railroad Main St.

S. W. P.

Sherwin Williams

THE PAINT

Of Quality.

AMMANN Sells It.

Say, Housewife,

You can buy house furnishings, either new or second hand, for less money than anywhere else in Marion. See our new sideboards at cost. We also buy all kinds of second hand goods. Furniture repaired. Just phone L 917.

140 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Mitchell Brothers.

WON!

United States athletes won the Olympian Games. We win in the game of

Nobby Up-to-Date Clothing.

A few more Summer Suits left at Big Bargains

Come and Get One of Them.

Golden Eagle Clothes Shop

THE ANTHONY LAUNDRY

MARION'S BEST.

Fishing Tackle

Largest assortment of tackle in Central Ohio. Everything but the fish. Come and look over our stock.

HABERMAN HARDWARE COMPANY

107 South Main Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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BIG MASS MEETING HELD SUNDAY EVENING

Temperance Workers Address Men and Women.

JUDGE A. Z. BLAIR MAKES TALK TO MEN

Speaks at the First Presbyterian Church—Miss Lucy Van Kirk Speaks at Epworth M. E. Church. The Last Preaching Services Held in Old Free Baptist Church.

The first gun of the coming local option campaign was fired Sunday. The temperance people held two general mass meetings, Sunday evening. Judge A. Z. Blair, of Portsmouth addressing the men at the First Presbyterian church and Miss Lucy Van Kirk, of Granville, addressing women only at the Epworth M. E. church. Both meetings were largely attended and the speakers gave interesting talks.

Judge Blair gave a lengthy history of the local option movement and illustrated many conditions incident to such a movement by charts and figures. The speaker challenged any person to show him where local option had in any way increased taxation and named many places where the taxation had been greatly decreased. He detailed conditions that showed, he thought, a marked improvement in affairs in general as the result of local option in various localities. He said history showed and figures proved that conditions were much improved in those sections where local option is in force. He expressed the belief that the time is coming when local option will exist in some form almost universally. He said the indications are that this will be the case. The reason assigned for this belief is, that in those sections where it does exist there are so many marked improvements in general conditions that those living in sections where there is no local option will be so impressed by the results of local option that they will want it. People naturally want those things which will improve their condition, he said.

A male chorus and brass-instrument quartet composed of G. W. Baker, Z. A. Meredith, Frank Morris and Harvey Martin furnished music.

During the meeting at the Presbyterian church, it was developed that those at the head of the movement expect to bring George R. Stuart, of Georgia, and Rev. John S. Rutledge, of Cleveland, here for addresses during the campaign. Permission has been secured from the government to level the federal lot on the corner of State and Church streets and pitch a great tent about September 1. In this tent meetings will be held every day during the campaign and addresses will be made by leading temperance workers of the country.

The Last Services.

The members of the Free Baptist church held their last regular preaching services and Sunday-school session in the old church Sunday morning and evening.

A prayer meeting will be held, Wednesday evening, and will be the very last service in the structure which is being abandoned by the congregation for the handsome new edifice on south Main street, after forty years of use by the Baptists.

Sunday evening, a very large audience attended a meeting which was entirely devoted to music prayer and brief talks by those who have been identified with the church and worshipped in the building in the years past.

The program arranged for the evening was opened with an anthem by the choir, scripture reading and prayer by the pastor.

Mrs L. C. Langley then gave a history of the church and congregation and told the story of the work which has been accomplished since the date of organization. The old church building was dedicated in 1867, after its completion had been delayed some three years because of conditions arising from the civil war. Rev. S. C Bates was the pastor of the church at the time of the dedication.

Mrs. David Narrance, of California, Mrs. Susan Emery and A. J. Peters each gave reminiscences which were interesting.

Miss Anna Fite gave a review of the history of the Sunday-school and its work and Miss Grace Durfee talked of the primary department of the Sunday-school. Mrs. Frank Taylor, H. S. Peters and J. S. Rayl also spoke of the Sunday-school.

The Christian Endeavor society was the next subject taken up. A history of the society was given by Miss Nettie Fite and short talks were made by Miss Laura Rathel and Miss Susie Langley.

Mrs. J. A. Wolford and Mrs. Clark Dix spoke of the Woman's Missionary society in an entertaining and interesting way and the services were closed with a hymn, the reading of the thirty-third psalm and prayer by the pastor, Rev. George E. Barnard.

F. A. Stengie, optician S. State St. 210-e&wkly

Some people's charity is confined to the distribution of lemons.

RICHLAND TOWNSHIP TEMPERANCE PEOPLE

A Big Meeting Is Held Sunday Evening.

About 500 people assembled in the Salem Evangelical church at the Beach, Sunday evening. This was the occasion for the opening of the county local option campaign for Richland township.

Rev. O. J. Stone presided and after a short devotional service introduced the speakers.

C. M. Beckett spoke briefly on the physiological point. John Lore Austin spoke from the laboring man's view. Following this Rev. George M. Rourke gave the leading address of the evening. Rev. Mr. Rourke spoke on the various phases of the question, dwelling especially on the financial and tax feature.

The nominating committee presented the names of candidates for officers for the township oraganization and they were elected as follows:

Michael Jacoby, president, Merrick Haley, secretary and Joseph Klinefelter, treasurer.

DUMP WAGON COMPANY IS VERY PROSPEROUS

Company Is Behind with Orders for Wagons.

The Marion Dump Wagon company is at present enjoying a rush of business and is running behind in filling its orders. Six wagons were sold last week to Hofstetter & Dawson and W. O. Brady, the paving contractors, for use on the Silver street paving. They have also signified their intention of making another purchase. The Mayer Brothers Asphalt company purchased one of the wagons and has asked for the agency of Pennsylvania for selling the wagons. The company now has enough orders to keep it running full force for some time.

FRANK B. MORRIS IS KILLED IN COLUMBUS

Jumps from Engine on Which He Is Riding.

SUFFERS VERY BAD FRACTURE OF SKULL

Is Removed to a Hospital, Where He Dies in a Short Time—Morris Is a Fireman on the Pennsylvania and Is Well Known in This City—Railroad Notes.

Frank B. Morris, of near Columbus, a fireman on the Pennsy, lost his life, Sunday night, about 11 o'clock, in an attempt to jump from his engine in Columbus. Morris had noticed what he though was another engine approaching the one he was riding on the same track. In reality the engine was on another track. He jumped and so lighted as to suffer a fracture of the base of the skull. He was removed to a hospital where he soon died. Morris was well known in this city having run through here for some time.

CLOY BROCKLESBY IS BADLY INJURED

Hand Is Caught in the Hopper of Tile Machine.

Caledonia, July 24.—[Special.]—Cloy Brocklesby, aged sixteen years, the adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shreve, had his right hand injured this morning at 9 o'clock. He was watching the men at the Ault tile yards and went to pick some stones out of the hopper of the tile machine when his fingers were caught in the machinery. Had it not been for the frame work in the hopper, his whole arm would have been drawn in. The machinery had to be stopped to remove his hand. The injured boy was taken to the office of Dr. J. C. Modrack where the index finger and the thumb of the right hand were amputated.

MARION MINISTER FINDS A CORPSE

Body Is Floating in Lake at Cedar Point.

Rev. E. F. W. Stellhorn and a friend while strolling along the beach at Cedar Point, July 22, found the corpse of a man. The gentlemen notified the authorities and an investigation was made. It was evident that the body had been in the water some time. The coroner in his verdict called the body a "floater." It was probably that of a foreign fisherman. A watch and a gold ring were found on the person, but it was impossible to identify the man from those articles.

Needle in Finger.

Mrs. Bailey Van Meter, residing northeast of the city, while shaking clothes, Friday afternoon, ran a needle into her finger. The needle went through the finger and broke off. She drove to this city, where needle was removed.

Lad Is Injured.

The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cheney, of Barnhart street, sustained a severe fall July 25, and as a result suffered a dislocation and fracture of his right arm at the elbow. Drs. J. B. Taylor and A. Rhu were called to reduce the fracture.

FINE LIST OF ENTRIES FOR THE STAKE RACES

A Feature of the Marion County Fair This Fall.

THE BIG PURSES ATTRACT ATTENTION

Two Fine Races for Purses of $500 Each Are Scheduled for Thursday and a Trot for a Purse of $500 Will Be Given Friday—A List of the Horses Entered.

A fine list of entries has been secured for the stake races to be given during the meeting of the Marion County Agricultural society this fall. A 2:25 pace and a 2:15 pace will be given, Thursday September 24, and a 2:27 trot, Friday, September 25. The entries are as follows:

2:25 Pace; Purse $500.

Allie Pain, Leander M. Pain, Plymouth.

Kadmus, Jr., Charles Vallery, Waverly.

Judge, James T Shank, Duncansville, Pennsylvania.

Dunlo, James T. Shank, Duncansville, Pennsylvania.

Equity, W. C. Stewart, Zanesville.

Lockstep, C J Knox, Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Chammond, W. P. Morrell, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

J. B., W. P. Morrell, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Edna Earl, M. L. Handley, Richwood.

Burella, O. C. McCurdy, Marion.

Wesley Summer, O. C McCurdy, Marion.

Gott Ett, W. H. Gott and R. N. Etter, Lebanon, Indiana.

Hazelnut, R. H. Willis, Peoria.

Helen Herr, Dr. L. E. Baker, Mechanicsburg

Bent, George Stambough, McGuffey.

Katy Mack, Amos McGriff, Marysville.

2:15 Pace; Purse $500.

Highland Queen, George Hudson, Blanchester.

Roan Tom, H H. Stokes, Urbana.

Author J., H. H Stokes, Urbana.

Vadna Burns, Tom Kerr, Mansfield.

Tommy Foster, C. E. Barr, Columbus.

Mazie V., C. E. Barr, Columbus.

Tillie H., S. W. Hart, Minerva.

Lady Carr, J. E. Millwood, Mt. Victory.

Stately's Kid, John K. Foster, Springfield.

Kid Rogers, John K. Foster, Springfield.

Gamey D., W. H. Foster, Marion.

Yellow Hammer, S. J. Buck, Greenfield.

Tony D, C. E Price, Washington C. H.

Fern Leaf, C. E. Price, Washington C. H

Baron J., J. H. Raub, LaRue.

The Browney, Nelson Hord, Marysville.

Toskey Dan, J. D. Tate, Cardington.

2:27 Trot; Purse $500.

Harry Almont, E. H. Callander, Zanesville.

Loveland Belle, Dover Brothers, McConnelsville.

Little Mary, H. H. Adams, Richwood.

Foster A., H. H. Adams, Richwood.

Bessie, O. D, Orie Danner, Marion.

Hazel M., James Watson, Mt. Vernon.

Doctor Miller, George L. Miller, Springfield.

Robert Jones, E. W. Smith, Plymouth.

Chyneato, E W. Smith Plymouth.

Barron Lavish, Scioto Valley Stables, Ashville.

Ladie Actress, Scioto Valley Stables, Ashville.

Berton Oliver, John Felmuth, Marion.

Elizabeth K., Steiner Bros., Lima.

Paul Simpson Steiner Bros., Lima.

Little Mack, John& McKetrick & Son, Milford Center.

Gugle G., John McKetrick & Son, Milford Center.

Nita Simmons, R. H Farrell, Philo.

Dovell, G. H .Blum, Cleveland.

Susie Raue, J. W. Keefe, Newark.

A SHORT ILLNESS RESULTS IN DEATH

Little Daughter of Mrs. Nina Jenkins Passes Away.

Nina, the ten-months-old daughter of Mrs. Nina Jenkins, of east Farming street, died at her home, Friday afternoon, as a result of summer complaint. The infant took sick, Tuesday morning, and death was quite unexpected. The funeral was held from the residence Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. D. H. Bailey officiating.

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT A STAR.

Whenever you are in Marion on Saturday afternoons, don't go home without a Daily Star. It has 16 to 20 pages of interesting reading matter, *enough to last all day Sunday.* Two cents per copy of newsboys or at the Star office. 30-wky-tf

Horse Notice.

Am standing Bonnie and May respectively at $12 and $15 at McElroy barn at Green Camp indefinitely from April 1. For further particulars call at or phone the barn.

97-s-wky-tf-c.

BENJAMIN WIANT HURT NEAR LA RUE

Is Thrown from a Pony Saturday Afternoon.

La Rue, July 27.—[Special.]—Benjamin Wiant, aged twelve years, son of Mrs. S. A. Raub, residing two miles south of here, was thrown from a pony Saturday afternoon and badly injured. The boy was at the home of an uncle not far from his own home and mounted a pony which was being broken for him.

A short time later the boy was found along the road in an unconscious condition. He was removed to his home and after several hours was restored to consciousness. He was unable to tell anything of the accident, but it is supposed the pony threw him off. Dr. C. T. Wiant was called and found the boy to be suffering of a broken collar bone while he was badly bruised over the entire body. The pony also left a print of a hoof on the boy's head.

GENTRY'S FAMOUS SHOWS ARE COMING

They Are Billed To Show in Marion August 4.

Probably there is no other show upon the road today that has such a general concensus of good opinions as Gentry's famous united shows billed to exhibit in Marion, Tuesday August 4.

Every feature of this excellent organization is new, novel and up-to-date, and the performance from start to finish is full of interest, fun, and amusement. Highly-trained animals are seen in abundance, elephants, camels, and other quadrupeds give their perfomances, whilst a troupe of trained monkeys enact a minature "Fighting the Flames." Several good circus acts, with international reputations round out a bill remarkable for its strength.

QUARTET IS TAKEN BEFORE THE MAYOR

Result of a Raid at Early Hour Monoday Morning.

G. R. FLEISCHER ENTERS COMPLAINT

Mrs. G. R. Fleischer and Three Others Are Taken to the City Prison—Are Fined That Morning. J. C. Unger Pulled for Attempting To Break into Car.

G. R. Fleischer summoned Captain A. L. Bond at an early hour, Monday, morning, and had the captain make a raid on his wife's residence in the flat over the Foye room on east Center street. Fleischer saw his wife and a girl, who gave her name as Bessie Doe, enter the flat in company with two strangers. The captain made the raid and took the quartet to the city prison, where the four were held until the mayor arrived that morning. Fleischer filed an affidavit against his wife charging her with conducting a house of ill fame. The other parties were charged with being inmates of a house of ill fame. The men gave their names as D. Stone and Z. Smith and hail from Newark. They met the women at that place, Sunday, the women having gone to Newark to attend the ball game. The names of the men and the girl are ficticious. The men claimed to be traveling salesmen. The quartet pleaded guilty to the charges against them when arraigned, Monday. The Fleischer woman was fined $7.50 and costs amounting to $2.50, while the other members of the party were each fined five dollars.

J. C. Unger was arrested in the Hocking Valley yards, Monday morning, by two employes of the road and turned over to Erie Detective Hostetter to be taken to the city prison on a charge of attempting to break into a car of supplies in the Hocking yards. The man made several attempts to break into the car and was discovered each time by one of the employes. Hostetter filed an affidavit against Unger, who plead guilty and was fined $10 and to stand committed in the county jail until the fine is paid.

BUILDINGS ERECTED DURING PAST YEAR

The Board of Review Is Given a Surprise.

The board of review has completed its general statistic work in the First and Second wards of the city. During the fiscal year, there have been 115 houses constructed in the First ward while in the Second ward there have been 187 built during the same period.

The figures gave the members of the board a very agreeable surprise as they show that Marion's building boom has gone steadily along regardless of the financial depression so often complained of.

It is thought the other wards will show up equally as well or better than those for which the figures are at hand.

Carl Koenig Hurt.

Carl Koenig, an employ at the Fairbanks Steam Shovel company shops, is off duty because of an injury to his right eye, which he suffered Monday morning.

"DEE-LIGHTED!"

THAT'S what every one is who buys their furniture at this store. It's true this store is packed beyond its capacity with furniture and on that account we can not show it to the advantage we could if we had less stock; but we'd rather be a little crowded and have a good stock for you to select from. It's also eminently true that we have no disappointments unless it is the pleasant kind that you experience when something pleases you even beyond your fondest anticipation when you get it home. Now that's everybody's experience at Schaffner's. Satisfactory Furniture, Less Price. A good combination. Be good to yourself and try it.

SCHAFFNER'S

208 and 212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

WE WANT YOUR GRAIN

Haul your Wheat, or other grains to our elevator, just one block north of Center street, on Vine. We have excellent facilities for conveniently and quickly handling grain; correct weighing; and pay the highest market price. Courteous, prompt and fair business dealing assured.

The Ohio Milling and Elevator Co.

ROSCOE OBORN, Receiver.

Shall I Buy a Cream Separator?

WILL IT PAY ME IF I DO?

Butter is too valuable a product to feed to calves or pigs.

Originally the calf got all the cream.

When the milk was set on the cellar shelf, the calf got half the cream and the other half was made into butter.

By setting the milk in spring water, the calf gets one-third the cream and two-thirds goes to butter.

The patent creamer, with ice, gets three fourths of the cream for butter and one-fourth goes to the calf, in the skim-milk.

The Sharpless Tubular Separator **gets all the cream** for butter making, and the calf can be fed on perfectly skimmed milk.

THE SHARPLESS CREAM SEPARATOR is absolutely a big money maker, because it prevents waste of cream—and in a 10-cow dairy, you might sell enough cows to pay for a separator, and the cows remaining will make you far more money than when you had the whole herd, and no separator.

More Sharples' in Marion County than any other---and we offer to Send Them Out On Trial.

The Kling Hardware Company.

TWO PIKES AND A DITCH ARE SOLD

Some Improvements To Be Made in the County.

County Surveyor Ed S Ault, Saturday, sold two pikes and a ditch.

The Linwood pike, a mile and a half long, was sold to Fred Turner, his bid being $3,630. The road is to be improved with gravel. There were two other bidders. The pike is situated in Bowling Green township.

The Dennison pike was sold to A. J Brady, his bid being $2,100. This pike is also to be improved with gravel and is a mile and a half long. There were three other bidders. The pike is situated in Green Camp township.

The Weir ditch was sold to John Pfirsch and C. A. Weller on a bid of $1,800. The ditch is three miles long and is situated in Scott township.

INFANT DIES AFTER A BRIEF ILLNESS

Little Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. U. Briggs.

The ten-days-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. U. Briggs, residing five miles north of the city on the Bucyrus pike, died at the home of her parents, Saturday afternoon, as the result of acute gastritis. The funeral was held from the residence, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. C. L. Cole, of Kirkpatrick, officiating. The remains were interred in Marion cemetery.

Contract Awarded.

J. C. Wooley, a former resident of this city, has been awarded a contract to build a new road at Westerville by the state highway commissioner. The contract amounts to about $14,000.

YOU ARE GOING TO BUY

Stockers and Feeding Cattle

THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

JOHN J. LAWLER

163 EXCHANGE BUILDING

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED OVER 25 YEARS

REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago
Any Mercantile Agency
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. We can save you money. Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.

The Strong Hold Which this bank has upon the public confidence is evidenced by its large and popular business. For many years we have catered to both the small and large depositor. If you have been thinking of starting a bank account, do it now and start it here.

The Marion County Bank Company

Capital and Surplus $321,000.00.

W. H SCHAFFNER President C. D SCHAFFNER, Cashier
G. D. COPELAND, Vice-Pres. C. C. FISHER, Vice-Pres. O. E. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier
DIRECTORS
HENRY A. TRUE C. C. FISHER G. B. CHRISTIAN, Sr.
W. G. HARDING H. ACKERMAN
G. D. COPELAND J. G. LEFFLER W. H. SCHAFFNER W. B. FISHER

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CASTRO MUST MAKE APOLOGY

That Is the Ultimatum of the Dutch.

DEMONSTRATION IS ALTERNATIVE

Holland Is Aroused Over Acts of Castro

Dutch Announce to Washington That They Propose To Make a Hostile Demonstration and Uncle Sam Is Apparently Heartily Glad of It. The High-Handed Course of Castro Must Be Resented

Amsterdam, July 27.—In retaliation for the summary expulsion of J H De Reus, the Dutch minister to Venezuela, it was officially announced today that all Dutch warships in American waters have been ordered to make a demonstration against Venezuela

Unless President Castro makes an immediate apology, it is probable that the Dutch will bombard La Guayra and Porto Cabello, the principal coast towns of Venezuela

Washington Interested

Washington, July 27.—The official announcement from Amsterdam today that the Netherlands government has decided to make a hostile naval demonstration against Venezuela was received with great interest, and a certain amount of satisfaction by the officials of the state and navy departments

The Dutch propose to demand an apology from President Castro for his high-handed acts, and in the event that this is not properly forthcoming, will doubtless take energetic steps to compel redress Whether these will assume the form of a peaceful blockade or a bombardment of La Guayra and Puerto Cabello or the seizure of the customs houses at the two most important Venezuelan ports, it is not definitely known here Because of the big interests in Venezuela of Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy and the United States, all of whom are smarting under Castro's insulting attitude and his arbitrary cancellation of the rights of their citizens in his country, it is possible that the Dutch government will consult with those nations before deciding definitely upon her course of action and invite their cooperation

Something Must Be Done.

That something has got to be done to bring Castro to a realization of the fact that he is not above international law has long been realized here, but the hands of the United States have been tied largely because its disputes with Castro have been chiefly of a commercial nature and America is on record as opposing the use of force in the collecting of debts Then, too, only congress has the power to declare war and the sentiment in that body, while one of decided irritation against the arrogant Venezuelan president, has not been aroused to the extent of authorizing the use of force against an American state

That one of the aggrieved European countries should take the initiative in bringing Castro to terms is, therefore, welcomed here In the case of the Dutch government against Venezuela, there is more involved than the mere satisfaction of the financial claims of her citizens The honor and self-respect of Queen Wilhelmina's government has been touched Venezuela has seized Dutch vessels plying between the Dutch possessions of Aruba and Curacao and has imprisoned their crews She has directed numerous hostile measures against the trade and business of the island of Curacao Under Castro's directions the official correspondence of the Dutch minister has been opened, in violation of the first principles of international comity, and to crown all the Dutch minister himself J H De Reus has been summarily expelled from Venezuela The limit of patience was reached with this last act of Castro.

No Limit by Uncle Sam

It is thought probable that the United States will allow Holland to go just as far as she pleases in trying to force Castro to terms with the sole limitation that she shall not attempt to seize any Venezuelan territory. The Monroe doctrine cannot be invoked to save Castro from his promised "spanking"

President Roosevelt, in his message to congress of the third of December, 1901, used the following language:

"The Monroe doctrine is a declaration that there must be no territorial aggrandizement by any non-American power at the expense of any American power on American soil It is in no wise intended as hostile to any nation in the old world This doctrine has nothing to do with the commercial relations of any American power save that it in truth allows each of them to form such as it desires We don't guarantee any state from punishment if it misconducts itself provided that punishment does not take the form of the acquisition of territory by any non-American power"

The Gelderland, which was sent to Puerto Cabello to take away Minister De Reus, is the only Dutch war vessel at present in American waters so far as the navy department here is informed It is probable however that Holland has one or two small gunboats in her West Indian possessions The Gelderland is a twenty-knot protected cruiser She was built at Rotterdam in 1897 and is 310 feet long, with a displacement of 4,000 tons She carries two 5.9 inch guns and six 4.7 inch guns besides being fitted with four torpedo tubes

Details of the attack by the angered inhabitants of Willemstadt, Curacoa upon Senor Lopez, the Venezuelan consul there, were received at the state department today from United States Consul Elias H Cheney He says Lopez was prevailed upon to leave for Venezuela and sailed with his family on the steamer Maracaibo later in the day He was accompanied also by Senor Gramcho the obnoxious Venezuelan newspaper correspondent who had been compelled by the angry populace to retract some of his writings against the government of Curacao

NEW ORGANIZATION FOREBODES TROUBLE

Has Innocent Name of Society of Bachelors

BULACAN PROVINCE SCENE OF OPERATIONS

Head of the New Band Is Governor Sandiko, a Filipino of Great Popularity and a Leader in the Rebellion of the Natives Against American Control.

Manila, July 28.—Under the innocent name of the Society of Bachelors, an organization is being formed in the province of Bulacan that is regarded by many of the Americans in the islands as foreboding trouble

At the head of the new band is Governor Sandiko, a Filipino of great popularity and a former picturesque leader in the rebellion of the natives against the possession of the islands by the American forces Since that time, Sandiko has been forgiven and to the surprise of many his election as governor of the province was approved by Governor General Smith But even yet, Sandiko is regarded as a wily individual and the insular officials keep one eye on him most of the time

The organization is growing very rapidly and has a membership of nearly 1 000 although it has been in existence but a short time The object is said to be "fraternity among its members" but its organization closely resembles that of the Katipunan society which once bred so much trouble in the islands Its meetings are secret affording ample opportunity for fervid speeches for independence

When Governor General Smith was interviewed regarding the Society of Bachelors he said he attached little importance to the report of the organization It is believed however that the society is worrying him more than he cares to admit

"I believe there is some such organization in Bulacan province" Smith continued, "and the way I explain its rise is that Governor Sandiko has socialistic ideas and his organization of the young men of his province may be for the spread of such doctrines"

CONSUL LINARD GIVEN EXEQUATEUR

He and Other Consuls Offend the Honduran President

Washington July 28.—Drew Linard American consul stationed at Celba, Honduras cabled the state department today that President Davilla has cancelled his exequateur and those of all the other consuls stationed at Celba

Consul Linard's despitch gives no explanation of the reason for this action It is supposed however that the consuls took united action to prevent the execution of several revolutionists who had been made prisoners thereby incurring the displeasure of the government Acting Secretary Baron has cabled to Linard asking for details

MARTIN IS CHOSEN BY THE COMMITTEE

Columbus O July 28.—The Prohibition state committee at its meeting Friday night handed the nomination for governor vacated by the nomination of Aaron S Watkins for vice president of the United States to John B Martin of Cincinnati who was named by the state convention for lieutenant governor The nomination for lieutenant governor was left vacant for the time being but may be offered to Charles I Bough of Columbiana county.

LAUDS REVERSAL OF THE LANDIS DECISION

It's the Very Best Thing That Could Have Happened.

THAT'S THE OPINION OF GEORGE GOULD

Says It Renews the Confidence of Foreign Investors in American Securities—It and the Election of Taft Is Bound To Bring a Return of Good Times.

New York July 28.—Lauding the reversal of Judge Landis decision fining Standard Oil $29 000 000 as "the greatest step to restore public confidence since the panic George J Gould arrived today from Europe on the Kron Prinzessin Cecelie With him were his wife his daughter Marjorie and his son Jay, who recently won the Olympic tennis championship

Asked if the Rockefeller and Gould interests would take an active part in managing the Missouri Pacific Mr Gould made this enigmatic reply

"There are no more diamonds left in any railroad man's crown The crown isn't gold it's only tinsel Any one who wants to come in and lift it has got a chance"

Continuing Mr Gould discussed the Standard Oil case and declared that the reversal of Judge Landis decision would go far with foreign investors in reviving the credit of American securities Now, he said, the investors were assured that their money invested could not be swept away through no fault of their own as would have been the case with the Landis decision regarded as good law

From my own observations abroad Mr Gould continued I think there is more of a disposition on the part of foreigners to invest in our securities than there has been since the recent panic I am very hopeful for the future And I believe that the best interests of the country will be subserved by the election of Mr Taft to the presidency"

THE GLAD NEWS BROKEN TO TAFT

Continued from Page One.

vantage from which to view the proceedings

Judge Bromwell Speaks

The ceremony began with an invocation followed by singing The presentation speech was made by Judge I H Bromwell of Cincinnati who spoke in part as follows

A distinguished honor has been conferred upon our city by the selection of one of our townsmen for nomination of the greatest office on the face of the earth—the presidency of the United States

In appreciation of this high compliment and as a special tribute of our regard and respect for our neighbor and fellow citizen upon whom this honor has been bestowed we have set apart this day to rest from our usual vocations and to celebrate in event unique in the history of our city

Ohio the mother of presidents has furnished other great and able men to fill the office of chief executive of our nation But on this occasion our own fair city offers for the first time one of its sons for that high station

This demonstration is in no sense partisan or political For the time being we lay aside party lines and ignore national platforms We are here as citizens of Cincinnati and as friends neighbors and admirers of William Howard Taft

How appropriate then that the formal ceremonies of this occasion should be opened by the function of raising the flag in which all may participate without sacrifice of party affiliation or political tenets

For the American flag belongs not exclusively to any man or body of men not to any political party religious sect or social organization It is the priceless heritage handed down by heroic ancestors to all the nation and to every one of its people It is to us an emblem of the unity of our government and the wonderful progress and development it has made in the brief space of little more than a century

Not a Stripe Erased.

The hope of Webster has been more than fulfilled for its thirteen stripes of red and white and its stars set in its azure field are not only still high advanced with not a stripe erased or polluted or a single star obscured but its field of blue has filled with new stars as each succeeding state became a part of the union until the little constellation upon which Webster gazed has become a galaxy Others are yet to be added as the wards of the nation grow into full fledged shall become worthy of self government and among them some day shall come another star to take its place of representation in our distant Asiatic possessions and no name will be more honored in the ceremonies of that day than that of the first governor of the Philippines our own citizen and neighbor

From this day until the people express their choice at the ballot box in November this spot will be visited by many distinguished Americans It will be the Mecca to which hundreds will make their pilgrimage to pay their respects to and confer with their great party leader

It has been thought by the good citizens of this city that it would be eminently proper that upon the pole which will today become historical as the emblem of our country shall be raised to greet the eyes and welcome the gaze of these our common guests a few words

Presents the Flag

To you Mr Charles P Taft as the representative of your distinguished brother is entrusted this loving tribute of your and his neighbor and fellow citizens that it may float on high on every proper occasion to do honor to one who has made a record which will reflect luster upon himself and and this his home city and who if selected by the American people as their president will prove a worthy successor to his predecessors in that exalted station so that in days to come when our youth shall read the history of their country one of the names which will go down into its annals as representative of the highest type of official character and devotion to public duty will be that of William Howard Taft.

At the conclusion of Judge Bromwell's remarks Mr Charles P Taft in a few well chosen words accepted the gift and the beautiful silk flag was unfurled to the breeze amid the cheers of the multitude

At 11 o'clock the notification committee was escorted by the reception committee from the Hotel Sinton to the Taft home, where an informal reception lasting an hour was held by Judge Taft At 12 o'clock he was escorted by Senator Warner, Chairman of the notification committee to the platform in front of the residence The appearance of Judge Taft was the signal for loud and prolonged cheering on the part of the immense throng congregated in the seats on the lawn and in Pike street and side streets

Warner Addresses Taft

Arrived on the platform, Senator Warner proceeded to break the news of his nomination to Judge Taft, speaking as follows

You are of course not unaware that Mr Roosevelt's term as president of the United States will expire on March 4 1909 that the political parties of our country are perfecting their organizations preparatory to presenting to the people at the general election to be held in November next their respective candidates for that high office that the Republican party in national convention composed of delegates representing every state and territory and the outlying possessions of the United States assembled at Chicago on June 16 to 19 inclusive has completed its deliberations that it has outlined and submitted to the citizenship of the republic for consideration and adoption governmental policies which it confidently believes will be of the highest service to the nation in her every part that it has from among its strong, and experienced statesmen whom service to the public has demonstrated their worthiness in clearness of character devotion to the country and welfare of the individual citizen and with full understanding of the nation's needs in her highest and best aspirations selected you as its candidate for president—the highest honor that can be conferred by this constitutional republic and I would therefore add the most exalted political office on this earth and the committee which you see before you whose chairmanship I have the honor to hold in the temporary absence from the United States of the Hon Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts permanent chairman of the Republican national convention now tenders you at the direction of that convention the formal nomination of the Republican party for presidency of the United States and I hand you an engrossed copy of the platform of policies adopted by that convention

I can not sir complete the discharge of this most agreeable duty without assuring you of the high respect in which you are held not only by those of your own political faith but by your fellow citizens without regard to the party of their admiration of your ability manifested throughout your public service of their knowledge of the preparation which you will bring to the discharge of the high and difficult duties of president of their belief in your deep conviction of the equality of all men before the law and in the practical application of that principle by any administration of which you may be the head the rule by which every official act of Mr Roosevelt as president has been squared which has won for him the confidence and respect of his countrymen throughout the land and which has brought to him at all times their unquestioned and loyal support It was his universal application of this rule which caused his party in national convention to pay him the following just and splendid tribute of approval

Era of Mighty Progress.

His administration is an epoch in American history In no other period since the national sovereignty was won under Washington or preserved under Lincoln has there been such mighty progress in those ideals of government which make for justice equality and fair dealing among men The highest aspirations of the American people have found voice Their most exalted servant represents the best aims and worthiest purposes of all his countrymen American manhood has been lifted up to a nobler sense of duty and obligation Conscience and courage in public station and high standards of right and wrong in private life have been the cardinal principles of political life Capital and labor have been brought into closer relations of confidence and interdependence and the abuse of wealth and the tyranny of power and all evils and privileged favoritism have been put to scorn by the simple and manly virtues of justice and fair play

It is gratifying to your countrymen to reflect that of that administration you have been a conspicuous part as you were of the administration of Mr McKinley whose administrations mark a national progress unsurpassed in all of our previous national life

It therefore gives me genuine pleasure Mr Taft to present to you this formal nomination from the Republican party whose governmental policies have for so long kept in balance the mighty forces of the nation and to whose continued guidance of the nation we have every reasonable right to believe that the people are now looking

At the conclusion of Senator Warner's remarks Judge Taft accepted the nomination in an address which in its abbreviated form required a little more than an hour for delivery

Marching Clubs Parade

Immediately after the conclusion of Judge Taft's remarks a platform was pushed through the gates of the Taft lot upon which Judge Taft members of the notification committee and others were seated For an hour and a half a parade of marching clubs passed the stand in review, bands being plentifully scattered throughout the procession A notable feature of the parade was the large number of colored Taft club in the line of march

When the last club had passed in review Judge Taft held a public reception on the lawn in front of the Taft residence at which the general public was given an opportunity to shake hands with the Republican candidate

The remainder of the program consists of an informal luncheon tendered the members of the notification committee by Charles P Taft after which the notification and general committees will be taken for an automobile ride through the suburbs

At 6 o'clock an informal smoker will be held at the Country club in honor of the distinguished visitors present

At 8 o'clock the fireworks display at Eden park will begin the illumination being witnessed by Judge Taft and party from the deck of the Island Queen on which a boat ride on the river will be taken later in the evening

Taft Plays Waiter

A few minutes before noon Judge Taft and the members of the notification committee posed for their photographs on the lawn at the rear of the Taft residence A buffet luncheon was served to the committee and invited guests on the roomy porch at the rear of the house and while the sandwiches cold fish and lemonade were being discussed the candidate mingled in the crowd and made it his business to see that every one was served

"Here's Governor Willson of Kentucky looking real hungry" he exclaimed and I'm going to see if I can't get him something to eat, and suiting the action to the words, Judge Taft made a football rush in the direction of the food table and soon emerged bearing a plate and glass which he handed to the governor

Before proceeding to the front porch where he was to be notified of his nomination Judge Taft received a life-sized portrait of himself from the Massachusetts delegation

Gets Roosevelt Weather

Cincinnati July 28.—Taft has fallen heir to the Roosevelt weather luck In spite of all the gloomy forebodings and forecastings of the weather man yesterday the brands of sun and breeze handed out to Cincinnati today could hardly be improved The crowds pouring in from the depots as well as the throngs that filled the hotel lobbies and lined the sidewalks show their satisfaction over the atmospheric conditions by cheering at everything in sight The most exuberant of the visitors danced horn pipes and joined in various songs from "A Hot Time to Taft's a Jolly Good Fellow

The St Louis Republican Glee club, which blew into town last evening has made the biggest hit of the visiting organizations Possibly so because it is making the most noise As soon as the club reached the Sinton Leader Habberton who has Chentore skinned a block for gesticulation, unlimbered his baton and his boys burst into song That happened at 9 30 p m and after singing a few choruses the warblers went to bed Two hours later a crowd of sleepless visitors concluded they needed more song so they proceeded to wake up the St Louis boys and brought them down to the lobby more or less thinly clad to make the noise all over again

Nervous Guests Alarmed

Several nervous guests roused suddenly from their slumbers thought the hotel was on fire, but, considering the occasion cheered for Taft and the singers instead of summoning the flame fighters

Frank H Hitchcock, chairman of the Republican national committee arrived at 7 this morning and at once concealed himself in room No 114 of the Sinton All efforts to get at him were unavailing It is supposed that he buried himself in this manner to keep from telling any one that Taft was to be notified at noon Later in the morning Hitchcock had a conference with Judge Taft and Arthur I Vorys but it is believed, did not even let the candidate know the surprise that was in store for him at noon

It is understood that Judge Taft Hitchcock and Vorys talked about Senator Foraker Whether the senator is or is not to be invited to attend the Youngstown campaign opening is agitating the Republican leaders more than they care to admit They would like to have him there and hear him speak if they could only be assured that when he did talk he would say what they want him to say The senator, however has a habit of saying the things that enter his mind

Foraker Is Hot

Just at present Foraker is boiling over with anger at President Roosevelt and if he were to light into the administration with one of his characteristic attacks at Youngstown it would be rather awkward for the cause of harmony and good feeling He pulled off a surprise of this sort only a few weeks ago at a chamber of commerce meeting here and good Republican ears are still smarting from the scorching words he directed at the president He said that as long as the Roosevelt policies were paramount prosperity would refuse to come back home He also ridiculed the tariff revision plank to the Chicago convention and gave other evidence of being out of accord with the leaders of his party In view of all this a great many Republicans think it will be the part of wisdom to forget to invite him to Youngstown Others assert however that the senator having announced himself as a support of the candidate will be good and will if invited to the political feast make one of his old time rip-rousing speeches that will make all the doubtful boys shuck off their coats and go to work for party success In the meantime the party leaders are high up in the air over the problem

In Class by Himself

Joseph A Lee, the only negro member of the notification committee arrived today and now enjoys the distinction of being the only man of his race that ever was received as a guest at the Sinton hotel Lee made his reservation by mail and the management of the hotel had no idea of his color when they set aside a room for him When he arrived today, there was some consternation in the ranks behind the desk A hasty consultation was held, and it was decided that the best way out of the difficulty would be to give Mr Lee his room as quietly as possible and persuade him to make himself as inconspicuous as he could If he was not given accommodations the negro voters of the country already in a somewhat antagonistic state of mind over the Brownsville incident would in all probability be lost to Taft altogether Mrs Charles P Taft the candidate's sister-in-law it should be understood is the principal stockholder in the Sinton

You can have the room Mr Lee the clerk told the Florida committeeman but we will have to ask you to take your meals in your room if you eat in the house If you went into the dining room, there would be a strike among the white waiters

Mr Lee saw the reason in the request and so the incident was smoothed over Lee is a very black negro and talks with the distinctive accent of his race He was asked his opinion of the Brownsville incident and its effect upon the vote this fall

"It has nearly been forgotten Lee said and I am sure the bulk of the colored voters will support Mr Taft

THE ITALIAN CITY OF MODENA AMUSED

Singularly Mingled Affair of Comedy, Tragedy and Love

CHAUFFEUR IS JILTED BY HIS SWEETHEART

She Weds a Rich Horse-Breeder, Who Settles $15,000 on Her—During Wedding Feast Auto Crashes into Hotel and Throws State into Bridegroom, Who Repents His Act

Modena Italy, July 28.—A strangely mingled affair of comedy, tragedy and love is today amusing this city Emma Carti a pretty eighteen year old dressmaker who had been engaged to Paolo Sarti, chauffeur to Count Azzalo on Sunday married a rich horse breeder named Morini who was well over sixty but who settled on the bride a jointure of $15 000 Then the rejected lover swore revenge

After the wedding the nuptial party assembled at a restaurant in the main road a few hundred yards out of the city Hardly had they sat down when a big Mercedes touring car crashed into the restaurant overturning chairs smashing crockery and throwing the wedding guests right and left When it brought up against a solid wall, it turned over and the chauffeur was pinned beneath it in the midst of a throng of screaming women, all struggling madly to follow the men of the party in their flight

Knowing the story of Sarti's jilting the guests thought he had attempted to run down and maim the whole party in revenge but when the cooler heads took courage and returned to the room it was found that the chauffeur was not Sarti but another driver who had fallen in a fit and lost control of his speeding car

All then was well and it was only as the party reassembled at the tables that it was found the aged bridegroom had vanished Later it was learned that as soon as the accident happened he had rushed to the city and taken the first train out of town Last night his bride received letters saying that her fugitive bridegroom had provided for her but that as he had nearly been killed by Sarti's automobile he wanted no more such escapes and that she had seen the last of him Now the town is wondering whether after all Sarti will not yet take the place of his terrified rival

A LIGHTNING BOLT OUT OF CLEAR SKY

Kills a Farmer and Renders Family Unconscious

Chicago July 27.—George Burchardt forty four years old a well to-do farmer is dead at his home at Orchard Place Illinois today as the result of a lightning bolt out of an almost cloudless sky His wife and five children who were rendered unconscious are all seriously ill Burchardt was sitting in his parlor in a chair which was tipped against the wall Only one small cloud was in the sky Without warning there was a flash of lightning and Burchardt fell dead

Charters Forfeited.

Austin Texas July 28.—Charters of 800 domestic corporations and the permits to do business in this state of forty-eight foreign corporations were declared forfeited today by the secretary of state for their failure to pay the state franchise taxes

WILL FINISH THE BIG DRY DOCK IN JANUARY

A Dry Dock for Mare Island Navy Yard.

CONCRETE USED IN CONSTRUCTION

The Big Contract Is Being Finished by the Second Contractors Having It in Charge After Work of About Nine Years—Francis B. Smith Gives an Interview.

Washington July 28.—The $1,450 000 dry dock for the Mare Island navy yard now in course of construction at Vallejo California, will be completed in January

Francis B Smith constructing engineer for the contractors, was in Washington this week conferring with officials of the navy department The new dock will be of concrete throughout and Smith talks interestingly of the difficulties which the contractors have encountered "In the foundation of the dock," he said, we used 12 260 piles of Oregon fir, driven forty feet under water into from twenty to forty feet of earth Upon that foundation we built a concrete dock—but only after repeated failures

The construction of a dock of this size and character is a prodigious undertaking The contractors which I represent are the second ones to take hold of the matter and already the dock has been in process of construction for nine years"

Smith brings with him to Washington the coast antipathy to the Japs and is enthusiastically for the further fortification of the Pacific gateway to America Still he naively remarks—

I think one good American can lick three Japanese if it comes to a fight"

When a man lets the wind blow all the shingles off his house he talks of the strange ways of Providence

Back Gives Out

Plenty of Marion Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys—overwork them—

They can't keep up the continual strain

The back gives out—it aches and pains

Urinary troubles set in

Don't wait longer—take Doan's Kidney Pills

Marion people tell you how they act

Miss Ethel Smith, of 121 Fairground St, Marion, O, says "Doan's Kidney Pills have been of so much benefit to me as well as to other members of the family that I was glad to recommend them five years ago, and am even more pleased to again endorse them at this time Before I procured them at Flocken's Pharmacy I had backache and headaches and other sufferings from kidney trouble, but during the five years that have passed since I stopped using them I have been free from all symptoms of this complaint, and this is why I am so ready to recommend them to others"

For sale by all dealers Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co, Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—7 a m, 10 15 a m; 4 20 p m, 10 50 p m, 6 10 p m Logan to Marion only

South—5 50 a m, 7 20 a m; 10 15 a m, 1 35 p m, 7 15 p. m.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—9 25 a m; 12:25 noon, 7 22 p m, 10 57 p m, 11.19 p m, 5:27 p m*

Westbound—2 38 a m; 5:33 a. m, 9 55 a m, 1 55 p. m; 7:25 p. m, 4 27 p m*

* Daily except Sunday

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—*7 10 a m, 10 25 a m; *4 30 p m, 11 p m, 12 45 a m

East—4 55 a m, 8 35 a m; 6 15 p m

*Daily except Sunday

ERIE.

Southwest—10 27 a m; 4:35 p. m, 1 15 a m

East—4 55 a m., 8.35 a m.; 12 52 p m, 6 15 p m, 12.25 a m.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—7 42 a m, 12 30 p m.; 6 55 p m All daily except Sunday. 7 51 a m, 8 12 a m and 8 25 p m. on Sunday only

South—9 53 a m. daily, 2 27 p. m and 8 01 p m, daily except Sunday, 8 p m and 8 42 p m, Sunday only

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

South—Cars leave for Columbus at 6, 7, 8 and 10 a m, at 12 noon, and at 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 p m.

North—Cars leave Columbus for Marion at 7 30, 9 30 and 11:30 a. m, and at 1 30, 2:30, 3.30, 5:30 and 7:30 p m

GREEN CAMP DIVISION.

Each car will be met at Owen by a car for Green Camp up to an hour yet to be arranged.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TAFT OUTLINES PARTY POLICIES

Continued from Page One.

fender without wealth and without influence, and he proceeded by recommending legislation and directing executive action to make that principle good in actual performance.

President Roosevelt directed suits to be brought and prosecutions to be instituted under the anti-trust law, to enforce its provisions against the most powerful of the industrial corporations. He pressed to passage the pure food law and the meat inspection law in the interest of the health of the public, clean business methods and great ultimate benefit to the trades themselves. He recommended the passage of a law, which the Republican convention has since specifically approved, restricting the future issue of stocks and bonds by interstate railways to such as may be authorized by Federal authority.

Chief Function of Next Administration

The chief function of the next Administration, in my judgment, is distinct from, and a progressive development of that which has been performed by President Roosevelt. The chief function of the next Administration is to complete and perfect the machinery by which these standards may be maintained, by which the lawbreakers may be promptly restrained and punished, but which shall operate with sufficient accuracy and dispatch to interfere with legitimate business as little as possible. Such machinery is not now adequate.

Physical Valuation of Railways.

Some of the suggestions of the Democratic platform relate really to this subordinate and ancillary machinery to which I have referred. Take for instance the so-called "physical valuation of railways." It is clear that the sum of all rates or receipts of a railway, less proper expenses, should be limited to a fair profit upon the reasonable value of its property, and that if the sum exceeds this measure, it ought to be reduced. The difficulty in enforcing the principle is in ascertaining what is the reasonable value of the company's property, and in fixing what is a fair profit. It is clear that the physical value of a railroad and its plant is an element to be given weight in determining its full value; but as President Roosevelt in his Indianapolis speech and the Supreme Court have in effect pointed out, the value of the railroad as a going concern, including its good will, due to efficiency of service and many other circumstances, may be much greater than the value of its tangible property, and it is the former that measures the investment on which a fair profit must be allowed. Then, too, the question what is a fair profit is one involving not only the rate of interest usually earned on normally safe investments, but also a sufficient allowance to make up for the risk of loss both of capital and interest in the original outlay. These considerations will have justified the company in imposing charges high enough to secure a fair income on the enterprise as a whole. The securities at market prices will have passed into the hands of subsequent purchasers from the original investors. Such circumstances should properly affect the decision of the tribunal engaged in determining whether the totality of rates charged is reasonable or excessive. To ignore them might so seriously and unjustly impair settled values as to destroy all hope of restoring confidence and forever end the inducement for investment in new railroad construction which, in returning prosperous times, is sure to be essential to our material progress.

From what has been said, the proper conclusions would seem to be that in attempting to determine whether the entire schedule of rates of a railway is excessive, the physical valuation of the road is a relevant and important but not necessarily a controlling factor.

I am confident that the fixing of rates on the principles suggested above would not materially impair the present market values of railroad securities in most cases, for I believe that the normal increase in the value of railroad properties, especially in their terminals, will more than make up for the possible overcapitalization in earlier years. In some cases, doubtless, it will be found that overcapitalization is made an excuse for excessive rates, and then they should be reduced; but the consensus of opinion seems to be that the railroad rates generally in this country are reasonably low.

Conclusion That There Should Be Physical Valuation.

I have discussed this, with some degree of detail, merely to point out that the valuation by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the tangible property of a railroad is proper and may from time to time be necessary in settling certain issues which may come before them, and that no evil or injustice can come from valuation in such cases, if it be understood that the result is to be used for a just purpose, and the right to a fair profit under all the circumstances of the investment is recognized.

National Control of Interstate Commerce Corporation.

Another suggestion in respect to subordinate and ancillary machinery necessary to carry out Republican policies is that of the incorporation under National law or the licensing by National license or enforced registry of companies engaged in interstate trade. The fact is that nearly all corporations doing a commercial business are engaged in interstate commerce, and if they all were required to take out a Federal license or a Federal charter, the burden upon the interstate business of the country would become intolerable.

It is necessary, therefore, to devise some means for classifying and insuring Federal supervision of such corporations as have the power and temptation to effect restraints of interstate trade and monopolies. Such corporations constitute a very small percentage of all engaged in interstate business.

Construction of Anti-Trust Law.

The possible operation of the anti-trust law under existing rulings of the Supreme Court has given rise to suggestions for its necessary amendment to prevent its application to cases which it is believed were never in the contemplation of the framers of the statute. Take two instances: A merchant or manufacturer engaged in a legitimate business that covers certain States, wishes to sell his business and his good will, and so in the terms of the sale obligates himself to the purchaser not to go into the same business in those States. Such a restraint of trade has always been enforced at common law. Again, the employees of an interstate railway combine and enter upon a peaceable and lawful strike to secure better wages. At common law this was not a restraint of trade or commerce or a violation of the rights of the company or of the public. Neither case ought to be made a violation of the anti-trust law. My own impression is that the Supreme Court would hold that neither of these instances is within its inhibition, but, if they are to be so regarded, general legislation amending the law is necessary.

The proposal to compel every corporation to sell its commodities at the same price the country over, allowing for transportation, is utterly impracticable. If it can be shown that in order to drive out competition, a corporation owning a large part of the plant producing an article is selling in one part of the country, where it has competitors, at a low and unprofitable price, and in another part of the country, where it has none, at an exorbitant price, this is evidence that it is attempting an unlawful monopoly, and justifies conviction under the anti-trust law; but the proposal to supervise the business of corporations in such a way as to fix the price of commodities and compel the sale at such price is as absurd and socialistic a plank as was ever inserted in a Democratic political platform.

Advantage of Combination of Capital.

The combination of capital in large plants to manufacture goods with the greatest economy is just as necessary as the assembling of the parts of a machine to the economical and more rapid manufacture of what in old times was made by hand. The Government should not interfere with one any more than the other.

What Is an Unlawful Trust?

When, however, such combinations are not based on any economic principle, but are made merely for the purpose of controlling the market, to maintain or raise prices, restrict output and drive out competitors, the public derives no benefit and we have a monopoly. It is important, therefore, that such large aggregations of capital and combination should be controlled so that the public may have the advantage of reasonable prices and that the avenues of enterprise may be kept open to the individual and the smaller corporation wishing to engage in business.

Many enterprises have been organized on the theory that mere aggregation of all, or nearly all, existing plants in a line of manufacture, without regard to economy of production, destroys competition. They have, most of them, gone into bankruptcy. Competition in a profitable business will not be affected by the mere aggregation of many existing plants under one company, unless the company thereby effects great economy, the benefit of which it shares with the public, or takes some illegal method to avoid competition and to perpetuate a hold on the business.

Proper Treatment of Trusts.

Unlawful trusts should be restrained with all the efficiency of injunctive process, and the persons engaged in maintaining them should be punished with all the severity of criminal prosecution, in order that the methods pursued in the operation of their business shall be brought within the law. To destroy them and to eliminate the wealth they represent from the producing capital of the country would entail enormous loss, and would throw out of employment myriads of workingmen and workingwomen. Such a result is wholly unnecessary to the accomplishment of the needed reform, and will inflict upon the innocent far greater punishment than upon the guilty.

Destructive Policy of Democratic Platform.

The Democratic platform does not propose to destroy the plants of the trusts physically, but it proposes to do the same thing in a different way. The business of this country is largely dependent on a protective system of tariffs. The business done by many of the so called "trusts" is protected with the other business of the country. The Democratic platform proposes to take off the tariff in all articles coming into competition with those produced by the so called "trusts," and to put them on the free list. If such a course would be utterly destructive of their business, as is intended, it would not only destroy the trusts, but all of their smaller competitors. The ruthless and impracticable character of the proposition grows plainer as its effects upon the whole community are realized.

To take the course suggested by the Democratic platform in these matters is to involve the entire community, innocent as it is, in the punishment of the guilty, while our policy is to stamp out the specific evil. This difference between the policies of the two great parties is of especial importance in view of the present condition of business. After ten years of the most remarkable material development and prosperity, there came a financial stringency, a panic and an industrial depression. This was brought about not only by the enormous expansion of business plants and business investments which could not be readily converted, but also by the waste of capital, in extravagance of living, in wars and other catastrophies.

CHAIRMAN WILLIAM WARNER OF REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE NOTIFYING JUDGE TAFT OF HIS NOMINATION FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

AMONG the members of the notification committee are Senator William Warner of Missouri, chairman; George Ade of Indiana, Thomas F. Walsh of Colorado and J. Warren Keifer of Ohio. The scene of the notification, the home of Charles P. Taft, is one of the handsomest residences in Cincinnati.

Republican Doctrine of Protection.

The Republican doctrine of protection, as definitely announced by the Republican convention of this year and by previous conventions, is that a tariff shall be imposed on all imported products, whether of the factory, farm or mine, sufficiently great to equal the difference between the cost of production abroad and at home, and that this difference should, of course, include the difference between the higher wages paid in this country and the wages paid abroad and embrace a reasonable profit to the American producer. A system of protection thus adopted and put in force has led to the establishment of a rate of wages here that has greatly enhanced the standard of living of the laboring man. It is the policy of the Republican party permanently to continue that standard of living. In 1897 the Dingley Tariff Bill was passed, under which we have had, as already said, a period of enormous prosperity.

Necessity For Revision of Tariff.

The consequent material development has greatly changed the conditions under which many articles described by the schedules of the tariff are now produced. The tariff in a number of the schedules exceeds the difference between the cost of production of such articles abroad and at home, including a reasonable profit to the American producer. The excess over that difference serves no useful purpose, but offers a temptation to those who would monopolize the production and the sale of such articles in this country, to profit by the excessive rate. On the other hand, there are other schedules in which the tariff is not sufficiently high to give the measure of protection which they should receive upon Republican principles, and as to those the tariff should be raised. A revision of the tariff undertaken upon this principle, which is at the basis of our present business system begun promptly upon the incoming of the new administration, and considered at a special session with the preliminary investigations already begun by the appropriate committees of the House and Senate, will make the disturbance of business incident to such a change as little as possible.

Labor and What the Republican Party Has Done For It.

We come now to the question of labor. One important phase of the policies of the present Administration has been an anxiety to secure for the wage-earner an equality of opportunity and such positive statutory protection as shall place him on a level in dealing with his employer. The Republican party has passed an employers' liability act for interstate railroads, and has established an eight hour law for government employees and on government construction. The essence of the reform effected by the former is the abolition of the fellow-servant rule, and the introduction of the comparative negligence theory by which an employee injured in the service of his employer does not lose his right to recover because of slight negligence on his part. Then there is the act providing for compensation for injury to government employees, together with the various statutes requiring safety appliances upon interstate commerce railroads for the protection of their employees, and limiting the hours of their employment. These are all instances of the desire of the Republican party to do justice to the wage-earner. Doubtless a more comprehensive measure for compensation of government employees will be adopted in the future.

To give to employees their proper position in such a controversy, to enable them to maintain themselves against employers having great capital, they may well unite, because in union there is strength and without it each individual laborer and employee would be helpless. The promotion of industrial peace through the instrumentality of the trade agreement is often one of the results of such union when intelligently conducted.

There is a large body of laborers, however, skilled and unskilled, who are not organized into unions. Their rights before the law are exactly the same as those of the union men, and are to be protected with the same care and watchfulness.

In order to induce their employer into a compliance with their request for changed terms of employment, workmen have the right to strike in a body. They have a right to use such persuasion as they may, provided it does not reach the point of duress, to lead their reluctant co-laborers to join them in their union against their employer, and they have a right, if they choose, to accumulate funds to support those engaged in a strike, to delegate to officers the power to direct the action of the union, and to withdraw themselves and their associates from dealings with, or giving custom to those with whom they are in controversy.

What Labor Cannot Lawfully Do.

What they have not the right to do is to injure their employer's property, to injure their employer's business by use of threats or methods of physical duress against those who would work for him, or deal with him, or by carrying on what is sometimes known as a secondary boycott against his customers or those with whom he deals.

It has been claimed that injunctions do not issue to protect anything but property rights, and that business is not a property right; but such a proposition is wholly inconsistent with all the decisions of the courts. The Supreme Court of the United States says that the injunction is a remedy to protect property or rights of a pecuniary nature, and we may well submit to the considerate judgment of all laymen whether the right of a man in his business is not as distinctly a right of a pecuniary nature as the right to his horse or his house or the stock of goods on his shelf; and the instances in which injunctions to protect business have been upheld by all courts are so many that it is futile further to discuss the proposition.

It is difficult to tell the meaning of the Democratic platform upon this subject. It says:

"Questions of judicial practice have arisen especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality, and that injunctions should not be issued in any cases in which injunctions would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved."

This declaration is disingenuous. It seems to have been loosely drawn with the especial purpose of rendering it susceptible to one interpretation by one set of men and to a diametrically opposite interpretation by another. It does not aver that injunctions should not issue in industrial disputes, but only that they should not issue merely because they are industrial disputes, and yet those responsible for the declaration must have known that no one has ever maintained that the fact that a dispute was industrial gave any basis for issuing an injunction in reference thereto.

The declaration seems to be drawn in its present vague and ambiguous shape in order to persuade some people that it is a declaration against the issuing of injunctions in any industrial dispute, while at the same time it may be possible to explain to the average plain citizen who objects to class distinctions that no such intention exists at all. Our position is clear and unequivocal. We are anxious to prevent even an appearance of any injustice to labor in the issuance of injunctions, not in a spirit of favoritism to one set of our fellow citizens, but of justice to all of our fellow citizens. The reason for exercising or refusing to exercise the power of injunction must be found in the character of the unlawful injury and not in the character or class of the persons who inflict this injury.

The man who has a business which is being unlawfully injured is entitled to the remedies which the law has always given him, no matter who has inflicted the injuries. Otherwise, we shall have class legislation unjust in principle and likely to sap the foundations of a free government.

Notice and Hearing Before Issue of Injunction.

I come now to the question of notice before issuing an injunction. It is a fundamental rule of general jurisprudence that no man shall be affected by a judicial proceeding without notice and hearing. This rule, however, has sometimes had an exception in the issuing of temporary restraining orders commanding a defendant in effect to maintain the *status quo* until a hearing. Such a process should issue only in rare cases where the threatened change of the *status quo* would inflict irreparable injury if time were taken to give notice and a summary hearing. The unlawful injury usual in industrial disputes, such as I have described, does not become formidable except after sufficient time in which to give the defendants notice and a hearing. I do not mean to say that there may not be cases even in industrial disputes where a restraining order might properly be issued without notice, but, generally, I think it is otherwise. In some State courts, and in fewer Federal courts, the practice of issuing a temporary restraining order without notice merely to preserve the *status quo* on the theory that it won't hurt anybody, has been too common. Many of us recall that the practice has been pursued in other than industrial disputes, as, for instance, in corporate and stock controversies like those over the Erie railroad, in which a stay order without notice was regarded as a step of great advantage to the one who secured it, and a corresponding disadvantage to the one against whom it was secured. Indeed, the chances of doing injustice on an ex-parte application are much increased over those when a hearing is granted, and there may be circumstances under which it may affect the defendant to his detriment. In the case of a lawful strike, the sending of a formidable document restraining a number of defendants from doing a great many different things which the plaintiff avers they are threatening to do, often so discourages men always reluctant to go into a strike from continuing what is their lawful right. This has made the laboring man feel that an injustice is done in the issuing of a writ without notice. I conceive that in the treatment of this question it is the duty of the citizen and the legislator to view the subject from the standpoint of the man who believes himself to be unjustly treated, as well as from that of the community at large. I have suggested the remedy of returning in such cases to the original practice under the old statute of the United States and the rules in equity adopted by the Supreme Court, which did not permit the issuing of an injunction without notice. In this respect, the Republican Convention has adopted another remedy, that, without going so far, promises to be efficacious.

Effect of Jury Trial.

Under such a provision a recalcitrant witness who refuses to obey a subpoena may insist on a jury trial before the court can determine that he received the subpoena. A citizen summoned as a juror and refusing to obey the writ when brought into court must be tried by another jury to determine whether he got the summons. Such a provision applies not alone to injunctions, but to every order which the court issues against persons. A suit may be tried in the court of first instance and carried to the Court of Appeals, and thence to the Supreme Court, and a judgment and decree entered and an order issued, and then if the decree involves the defendant's doing anything or not doing anything, and he disobeys it, the plaintiff who has pursued his remedies in lawful course for years must, to secure his rights, undergo the uncertainties and the delays of a jury trial before he can enjoy that which is his right by the decision of the highest court of the land. I say without hesitation that such a change will greatly impair the indispensable power and authority of the courts. Securing to the public the benefits of the new statutes enacted in the present Administration, the ultimate instrumentality to be resorted to is the courts of the United States. If now their authority is to be weakened in a manner never known in the history of the jurisprudence of England or America, except in the constitution of Oklahoma, how can we expect that such statutes will have efficient enforcement? Those who advocate this intervention of a jury in such cases seem to suppose that this change in some way will inure only to the benefit of the poor workingman. As a matter of fact, the person who will secure chief advantage from it is the wealthy and unscrupulous defendant, able to employ astute and cunning counsel and anxious to avoid justice.

The administration of justice lies at the foundation of government. The maintenance of the authority of the courts is essential unless we are prepared to embrace anarchy. Never in the history of the country has there been such an insidious attack upon the judicial system as the proposal to interject a jury trial between all orders of the court made after full hearing and the enforcement of such orders.

The Currency System.

The late panic disclosed a lack of elasticity in our financial system. This has been provisionally met by an act of the present Congress permitting the issue of additional emergency bank notes, and insuring their withdrawal when the emergency has passed by a high rate of taxation. It is drawn in conformity with the present system of bank note currency, but varies from it in certain respects by authorizing the use of commercial paper and bonds of good credit, as well as United States bonds, as security for its redemption. It is expressly but a temporary measure and contains a provision for the appointment of a currency commission to devise and recommend a new and reformed system of currency. This inadequacy of our present currency system, due to changed conditions and enormous expansion, is generally recognized. The Republican platform well states that we must have a "more elastic and adaptable system to meet the requirements of agriculturists, manufacturers, merchants and business men generally, must be automatic in operation, recognizing the fluctuations in interest rates," in which every dollar shall be as good as gold, and which shall prevent rather than aid financial stringency in bringing on a panic.

Postal Savings Bank and Its Advantages.

In addition to this, the Republican platform recommends the adoption of a postal savings bank system in which, of course, the Government would become responsible to the depositors for the payment of principal and interest. It is thought that the Government guaranty will bring out of hoarding places much money which may be turned into wealth producing capital, and that it will be a great incentive for thrift in the many small places in the country having now no savings bank facilities which are reached by the Post Office Department. It will bring to every one, however remote from financial centers, a place of perfect safety for deposits, with interest return.

Objections to Democratic Proposal to Enforce Insurance of Bank Deposits.

The Democratic platform recommends a tax upon National banks and upon such State banks as may come in, in the nature of enforced insurance to raise a guaranty fund to pay the depositors of any bank which fails. How State banks can be included in such a scheme under the constitution is left in the twilight zone of States rights and Federalism so frequently dimming the meaning and purpose of the promises of the platform. If they come in under such a system, they must necessarily be brought within the closest National control, and so they must really cease to be State banks and become National banks.

The proposition is to tax the honest and prudent banker to make up for the dishonesty and imprudence of others. If the proposal were adopted exactly as the Democratic platform suggests, it would bring the whole banking system of the country down in ruin.

The Republican party prefers the postal savings bank as one tried, safe, and known to be effective, and as reaching many more people now without banking facilities than the new system proposed.

Philippines.

In the Philippines the experiment of a national assembly has justified itself, both as an assistance in the government of the islands and as an education in the practice of self-government to the people of the islands.

The proposition of the Democratic platform is to turn over the islands as soon as a stable government is established. This has been established. The proposal then is in effect to turn them over at once. Such action will lead to ultimate chaos in the islands.

The Rights and Progress of the Negro.

The Republican platform refers to these amendments to the Constitution that were passed by the Republican party for the protection of the negro. The negro, in the forty years since he was freed from slavery, has made remarkable progress. He is becoming a more and more valuable member of the communities in which he lives. The education of the negro is being expanded and improved in every way. The best men of both races, at the North as well as at the South, ought to rejoice to see growing up among the Southern people an influential element disposed to encourage the negro in his hard struggle for industrial independence and assured political status. The Republican platform, adopted at Chicago, explicitly demands justice for all men without regard to race or color, and just as explicitly declares for the enforcement, and without reservation, in letter and spirit of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution.

Publicity of Campaign Contributions and Expenditures.

Another plank of the Democratic platform refers to the failure of the Republican Convention to express an opinion in favor of the publicity of contributions received and expenditures made in elections. Here again we contrast our opponents' promises with our own acts. A resident of New York has been selected as treasurer of the Republican National Committee, who was treasurer of the Republican State Committee when Governor Hughes was elected in New York, and who made a complete statement within twenty days after the election, as required by the New York law, of the contributions received by him and the expenditures made by him or under his authority in connection with that election. His residence and the discharge of his duties in the State of New York subject him to the law of that State as to all receipts of the treasury of the National Committee from whatever source and as to all its disbursements. His returns will be under the obligations and penalties of the law, and a misstatement by him or the filing of a false account will subject him to prosecution for perjury and violation of the statute. Of course, under the Federal law, he is not permitted to receive any contributions from corporations.

Income Tax.

The Democratic platform demands two constitutional amendments, one providing for an income tax, and the other for the election of Senators by the people. In my judgment, an amendment to the Constitution for an income tax is not necessary. I believe that an income tax, when the protective system of customs and the internal revenue tax shall not furnish income enough for governmental needs, can and should be devised which under the decisions of the Supreme Court will conform to the Constitution.

New York's Bill-of-Fare.

During June New York City received 343,432 tubs of butter, 19,638,930 dozen eggs, 618,626 barrels of potatoes and 36,164 tons of hay, almost all of which went immediately into the digestions of the 4,000,000 people and 100,000 horses of this city.

A tub of butter weighs fifty-eight to sixty-three pounds, the standard tub being sixty pounds. That would make the total month's butter 20,605,920 pounds, or a little over five pounds apiece for every man, woman and child in New York, a butter consumption of three ounces each a day.

The eggs were 235,667,160, or two eggs a day apiece for everybody. Most of these eggs were eaten in the form of cake, pie, rolls and with other ingredients, rather than boiled, scrambled or fried.

A barrel of potatoes weighs 168 pounds; 618,626 barrels would weigh 103,929,168 pounds, or 50,000 tons. This means a potato consumption by everybody of almost a pound a day.

As for the hay, 36,164 tons means 72,328,000 pounds, enough to give 100,000 horses a little over twenty pounds a day for thirty days.

And these are only four items of the hundreds which make up the daily bill-of-fare of this city.—New York World.

Many are willing to be soundly pious so long as plenty is all sound.

The chap who steals a woman's purse is apt to get a lot of trashes.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

OHIO STATE FAIR AND INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION

COLUMBUS, AUG. 31, SEPT. 1, 2, 3, 4, 1908

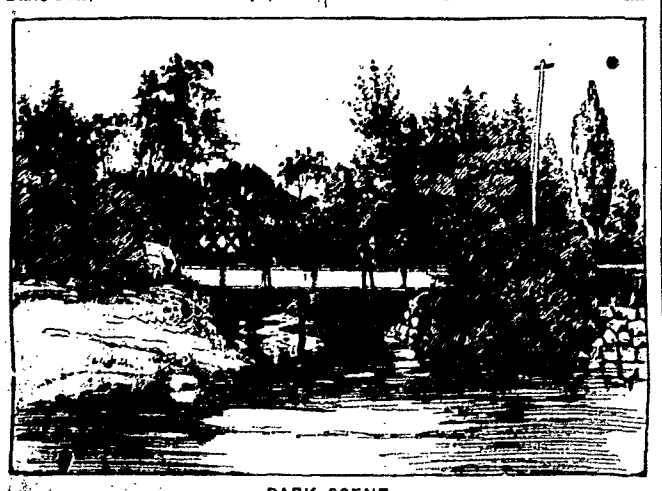
Its Exhibition Equipment for Arranging and Presenting in the Most Comprehensive and Instructive Form, the Products of Industry, Unrivalled by Any Similar Exposition in the World.

SEVENTEEN MAMMOTH EXPOSITION BUILDINGS

Extensive In Capacity, Elegant In Design, Ample In Accommodations---Its Park Ground One of Rare Scenic Beauty, Unequalled by Any Pleasure Resort in the State---The Coming Exhibition Gives Promise of Being the Greatest and Grandest In the State's History.

With the announcement of the fifty-eighth annual Ohio State Fair and Industrial Exposition, to be held in Columbus, August 31, September 1, 2, 3, 4, next, we desire to acquaint our readers with a brief description of the grandeur of the Exposition grounds and the massiveness of its building equipment, wherein are housed magnificent exhibits and displays truly depicting the greatness of the Buckeye state.

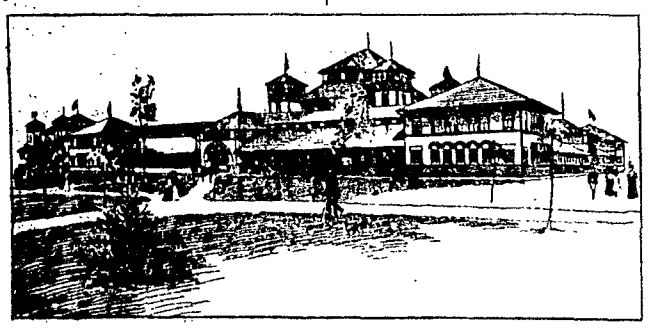
It is needless, no doubt, to review the benefits accruing from this annual agricultural and industrial exhibition, as they manifest themselves in our improved breeding lines, bountiful harvests and general prosperity of the state as a whole. Today all such exhibitions, great or small, are universally recognized as schools of learning of the highest rank. The county fair is a benefactor to every resident of the county wherein held, while the State Fair, broader in its scope, is of



PARK SCENE.

vast importance to every community. Here are gathered the cream of the products of the factory, farm, school and home of every county in the state, and here assemble the more progressive citizens of the commonwealth to pass judgment on the exhibits and gain knowledge by carefully studying and comparing the displays.

Ohio, foremost state in the Union, recognizing the value of such Expositions, has wisely provided most magnificent grounds and buildings for its annual exhibition. The home of this grand state educational institution is ideally located about two and one-half mile northeast of the state capitol, comprising 115 acres of rolling land, on which have been erected 17 colossal exhibition buildings. The park ground proper, with its adornments of rare shrubbery, flowering embellishments, lagoons and shaded retreats, is unrivalled by any pleasure resort in the state, and as the visitors stroll down the broad avenues or shaded lanes leading to the various points of interest there is unfolded a



MAMMOTH STOCK BUILDING.

gorgeous vision feast of nature's work combined with man's art, forming a most picturesque scene. Here and there over the park ground in shaded nooks are rustic settees, where one may rest amidst these pleasant environments, relax from the cares and worries of this busy life and enjoy to the fullest extent the pleasure derived from a close observation of the beauties of nature.

Its building equipment is far in advance of any similar exposition, and to further facilitate the passing from one structure to another all are connected by covered walks of artistic design.

Passing along the main avenue leading from the southwest entrance, the first building of importance to greet the visitor is the handsome structure devoted to exhibits of the higher arts, and immediately north is the commodious Woman's building. Leaving this structure, following the covered promenade to the north, we enter the Central Exposition buildings, forming no doubt the most colossal and imposing structures to be found on any exposition ground in the Union. Six buildings compose the group, and they are devoted to exhibits of agricultural and horticultural products; manufactural and merchandise displays, and an extensive show of automobiles, fancy traps and vehicles. The exhibits are properly classified in separate departments, and are a center of interest during the entire week of the exposition.

While Ohio has nobly provided for the displays of art and the industries above enumerated, it is the handsome structures devoted to live stock interests that have gained for the Buckeye State worldwide fame. Five structures, grouped in the northern section of the grounds, apart from all other exposition buildings, are devoted to live stock displays. They are connected by covered promenades and are unrivalled in their artistic architectural effect and convenience of arrangement. Broad, clean aisles lead through each structure, enabling an inspection of the animals in their resting quarters, while in the center of each building is an arena where the animals are brought for premium adjudications. Surmounting these arenas are seated amphitheaters, affording opportunity for all to witness the awarding of premiums.

The largest structure in the group is the horse building—332x332 feet—with stall capacity for 650 head. The cattle building is 280x280 feet, and will accommodate 800 animals. The swine and sheep buildings are twin structures—180x180 feet each—with pen capacity for 1,000 animals. For the coming exposition the live stock classifications have been thoroughly revised and with the liberal premiums offered Ohio's stock show will be second to none.

Another important and interesting department of the exposition is that of machinery, and for these displays three structures, with a combined floor space of 160,000 square feet, have been provided. Here will be exhibited the latest labor-saving farm and shop inventions, while on the 15 acres of open ground adjacent to these structures will be shown harvesting and road machinery in actual operation. The machinery displays will be most extensive, as every inch of available space has at this early date been assigned to leading manufacturers.

The ease of accessibility of the capital city by numerous steam and electric railways centering there makes the cost of a visit to the exposition inexpensive, and in planning your outing this season you should remember the dates—August 31, September 1, 2, 3, 4—as no progressive citizen can afford to miss the opportunity of reviewing the progress of the state as exemplified in the magnificent exhibits and displays, and at the same time enjoy the innumerable attractions provided.

GAYMEN PROBE IS NOT CONSTITUTIONAL

That's the Holding of Circuit Court in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, July 27.—The circuit court handed down a unanimous opinion today declaring unconstitutional the Gayman committee appointed by the last legislature to investgate political corruption in Hamilton county. The decision was written by Judge Giffe nand concurred in by Judges Swing and Smith.

The unconstitutionality is based on two grounds by the court. The first is that the powers conferred by the general assembly on the committee are judicial and not legislative thus causing it to usurp the functions and privilekes which belong exclusively to the courts; and the second is that the life, purpose and powers of the committee expired when the general assembly of which it was a part adjourned sine die. The life of the committee, the court holds, can not be extended beyond the life of the legislature creating it, and the latter has ceased to exist by its own act.

The court also declares that the investigation was not for the purpose of legislature reform, as the results were not to be reported to the general assembly authorizing the probe, but to the successor which was in no way bound to accept or use the committee findings.

YOUNG M'MURRAY WINNER OF TROPHY

Successful in a State Shoot Near Indianapolis.

Thomas L. McMurray, the fifteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McMurray, of this city, a student at the Culver Military academy at Culver, Indiana, has just been awarded a handsome prize Winchester rifle as a trophy for his markmanship at the recent shoot of the Indiana National guard held at Broad Ripple, near Indianapolis. Young McMurray was one of the topnotchers in a shoot held by the students of Culver some time ago. When the annual shoot of the Indiana National guard was held students of Culver were asked to participate. Captain McBride offered a fine Winchester rifle to the Culver student making the best record. The Marion youth won easily, his scores on the average being above those of the national guardsmen.

COURT THREATENED WITH THE MAFIA

Because Robber Is Given Sentence of Ten Years.

New York, July 27.—Furious because Judge Otto Rosalsky had sentenced him to ten years in Sing Sing for highway robbery, Cosimo Riccobono today threatened the jurist with the vengeance of the Mafia in open court.

"The Mafia will get you for this," he shouted in Italian at the judge and then, turning to a gathering of Italians near the court-room door, he cried: "He gave me ten years, take care of him."

By the time the threat of Riccobono had been translated to the court, every one of the Italians had disappeared.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ANNUAL EXCURSION

Huber Employes Will Enjoy an Outing.

THIRTY COACHES FOR EXCURSIONISTS

Train Will Run to Sandusky Over the Pennsylvania and the Day Will Be Passed at Cedar Point—The Excursion Will Be Run, Saturday, August 22.

The Huber Manufacturing company has made arrangements for running its twenty-second annual excursion to Cedar Point, August 22. The excursion will go over the Pennsylvania. Owing to the large crowd which has accompanied the Huber employes on their annual outings in the past, the company has arranged for thirty coaches to accommodate the excursionists. In order to make better time, there will probably be three sections. This will be the only Saturday excursion run to the point from this city this season.

CHARLES EVERETT BADLY INJURED

Hurt While Alighting from a Moving Train.

Charles Everett is in a precarious condition at his home on John street, the result of an accident suffered about 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Everett alighted from an Erie freight train which was moving at a fast rate of speed. The young man slipped and was thrown to the ground with much force. He was removed to his home and Dr. H. W. Sager was called. The surgeon found him badly bruised and internal injuries are feared. Everett is reported in a very serious condition.

TO FURNISH MONEY FOR TRACTION LINE

Construction of the Findlay-Marion Electric Line.

A Findlay special to the Cincinnati Enquirer, Monday, says:

George W. Meeker, of Columbus, and ex-Senator Hankey, of Detroit with Eastern capitalists, will go over the right-of-way of the Findlay-Marion electric line the latter part of this week. It is stated that they will furnish $750,000 of the needed funds and that as soon as another $250,000 is forthcoming work on the construction of the line will begin.

INFANT DIES OF CHOLERA INFANTUM

The Little Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Andrews.

LaRue, July 25.—[Special.]—Dorothy Louise, aged one year and nine months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Andrews, died at noon today of chalera infantum. The child had been sick but a week.

The funeral services will be held Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

LAST WEEK

Strelitzs July Sacrifice Sale. Have you caught the full meaning what you can save at this sale?

Good Bye to Oxfords.

Our prices on Oxfords: Blacks, Tans and Whites will interest you. Do not fail to see ours before buying.

Ladies' Patent Colt Oxford, sold at $3.00, now..... $1.98
Ladies' Tan Calf Oxfords, sold at $2.00 and $2.50, now..... 1.50
Children's White Oxfords, sold at $1.00, now..... 50c
Ladies' Strap Sandals, sold at $1.50 and $2.00, now..... 75c

PETTY & STARR.

MANHATTAN—THE QUALITY STORE

Our Big July Clean-up Sale===

will soon be over—don't miss it entirely.

1-2 OFF ON SUMMER CLOTHES AND STRAW HATS.

THE MANHATTAN

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT BRIDE'S RESIDENCE

Mrs. Ida Ash and Mr. William Book.

Mrs. Ida Ash and Mr. William H. Book were united in marriage at 8:15 o'clock Monday evening at the home of the bride on Clinton street. Rev. C. E. Rowley, of Wesley M. E. church, performed the ceremony in the presence of a small company of the most intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties. Mr. and Mrs. Book will reside in this city.

Repairing Vault.

The big vault at the Marion cemetery, which was built in 1879, is being repaired. The crown will be rebuilt, as the cement has broken to such an extent that in its present condition there is danger of a cave-in. The repairs are not extensive.

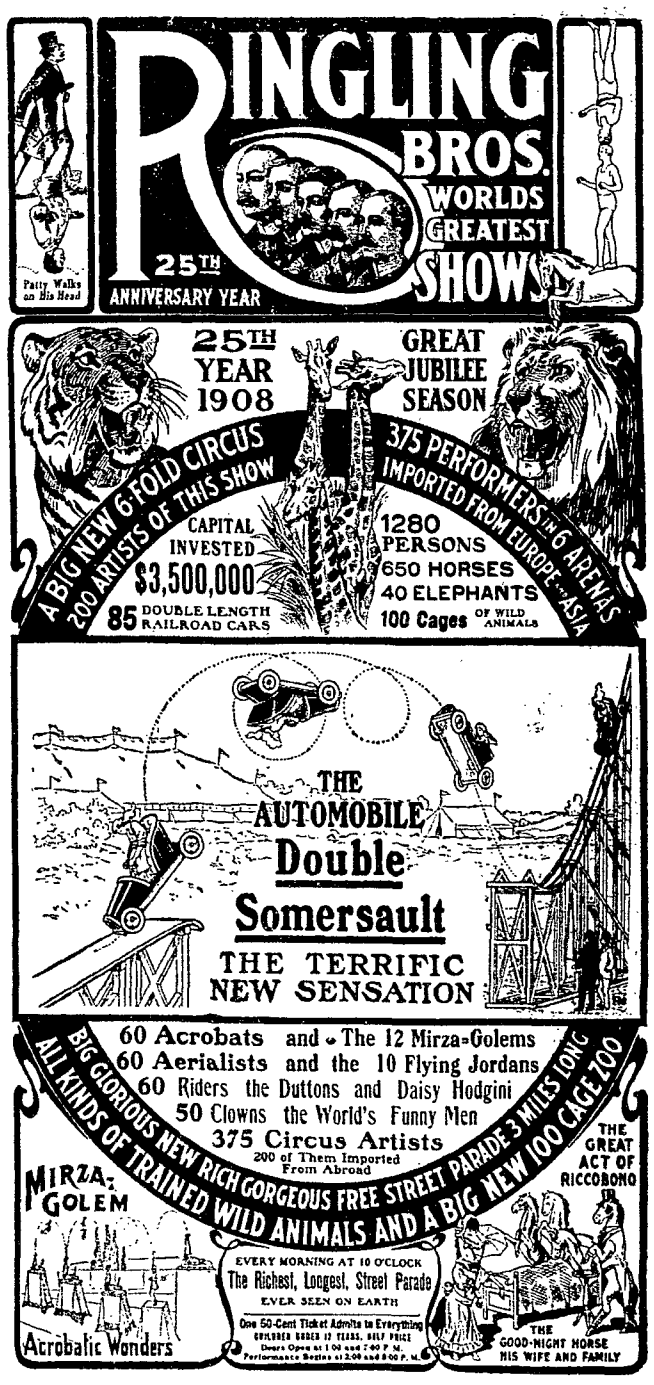
Buy the Best and Take No Chance.

The New John Deere Horse Lift Riding Cultivator for sale by

The HOUGHTON-MERKEL CO., Marion, O.

CIRCUS MARION, MONDAY AUG. 10.

The One Supreme Show of the Universe.


RINGLING BROS. WORLDS GREATEST SHOWS
25TH ANNIVERSARY YEAR
Patty Walks on His Head
25TH YEAR 1908
GREAT JUBILEE SEASON
A BIG NEW 6 FOLD CIRCUS
200 ARTISTS OF THIS SHOW
375 PERFORMERS IN 6 ARENAS
IMPORTED FROM EUROPE—ASIA
CAPITAL INVESTED $3,500,000
85 DOUBLE LENGTH RAILROAD CARS
1280 PERSONS
650 HORSES
40 ELEPHANTS
100 Cages OF WILD ANIMALS
THE AUTOMOBILE
Double Somersault
THE TERRIFIC NEW SENSATION
60 Acrobats and The 12 Mirza-Golems
60 Aerialists and the 10 Flying Jordans
60 Riders the Duttons and Daisy Hodgini
50 Clowns the World's Funny Men
375 Circus Artists
200 of Them Imported From Abroad
BIG GLORIOUS NEW RICH GORGEOUS FREE STREET PARADE 3 MILES LONG
ALL KINDS OF TRAINED WILD ANIMALS AND A BIG NEW 100 CAGE ZOO
MIRZA GOLEM
THE GREAT ACT OF RICCOBONO
EVERY MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK
The Richest, Longest, Street Parade
EVER SEEN ON EARTH
One 50-Cent Ticket Admits to Everything
Acrobatic Wonders
THE GOOD-NIGHT HORSE HIS WIFE AND FAMILY

Admission tickets and numbered reserved seats will be on sale show day at STRAYER BRO'S. DRUG STORE at exactly the same price charged in the regular ticket wagons on the show grounds.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BONAPARTE. F. B. KELLOGG.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BONAPARTE AND F. B. KELLOGG, WHO WILL REOPEN THE STANDARD OIL CASE.

By order of President Roosevelt Attorney General Bonaparte has called in F. B. Kellogg of Minnesota to consider the reopening of the Standard Oil rebate case. The attorney general will also be assisted by other able counsel. The setting aside of the $29,240,000 fine has stirred not only the president, but the entire legal department at Washington, and they assert that the fight will be renewed with vigor.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

HORRIBLE FIND STIRS BROOKLYN

Body of Young Woman Found in Bonfire.

THE FACE EATEN AWAY WITH ACID

Hands and Feet of the Victim Are Bound.

It Is Manifest That the Girl Has Been Mistreated Before She Is Murdered—Ghastly Wound on the Jaw. Watchman and His Son Are Arrested for the Crime—Former Tells Contradictory Stories.

New York, July 29.—With the face eaten away by acid, the hands and feet bound with ropes and a deep gash in the throat, the body of a young woman was found burning in a bonfire today in the dreariest part of Williamsburg. Discovery of her identity and detection of her slayer constitute a problem without parallel in the police records of the city.

The body of the victim now lies at the morgue awaiting autopsy, and at Brooklyn headquarters James Ruddick, a watchman, who found the body, and his son, Joseph, a peddler, are under arrest. The elder Ruddick has already told varying stories of his ghastly find, and in the effort to discover the identity of the victim, scores of police and detectives are going over the whole section.

As nearly as can be ascertained from the remains, the girl was not more than twenty years old. She had evidently been mistreated, tied hand and foot and then brought in a wagon on a mattress to the huge vacant lot bounded by Calyer, Russell and Humboldt street and Green Point avenue, and there thrust into a funeral pyre of rubbish after the face had been eaten away with vitriol contained in a carboy, which, broken, was found beside the body.

No Dwellings Near.

No better place to hide such a crime exists in the great city. No dwellings are within a quarter of a mile, and over the waste are only piles of cinders and rubbish. Philip Murtagh owns the stable that stands nearest to the scene of the burning, and it is there that Ruddick is employed as watchman and there also, the father admitted, his son slept last night. After giving the alarm, Ruddick told this story to the police:

"Early in the morning," Ruddick said, "I saw a wagon that looked like that of a peddlar coming across the common. There were two men in it, and as I looked they dumped something heavy out onto the ground. I thought nothing of this, but later a fire sprang up out there and, as I was watching it from the stable, a stranger walked up to where I stood and said: 'There's fire over there in the lot and if you will come out here, you can smell burning flesh. I wonder if a body can be in that fire.'

"This man went with me and I threw water on the fire. Then I came back to the stable and the man walked away. Later I saw the fire again, and again I went and poured water on it. This time the rubbish had burned down so that I saw a strange looking charred thing lying on the mattress. Then I took a long stick and pulled the object out. When I saw that it was the body of a human being, I ran for the police."

Landed in a Cell.

Half an hour afterward still another statement that it was his own son, Joseph Ruddick, to whom he had referred as a stranger in his story, landed Ruddick in a cell, and the son was soon afterward also brought in and locked up.

Examination of the victim's body by the police revealed that the dead girl had been bound and foot, for wisps of the cord still adhered to the charred limbs.

The whole face had been eaten away with acid. To the forehead there still clung a few strands of brown hair and under the jaw was a gaping wound. Because of the position of the body, the torso was little burned, and the breast showed that the woman had never born children. About the neck hung a scapular.

At the waist line a scrap of silk waist and the three-inch band of a checked gingham skirt showed and in the ashes of the dead bonfire several pearl buttons were found.

Where the body had lain on the mattress, it had been protected from the flames. It was of striped material and almost new. Excelsior had been used to stuff it.

No crime in Brooklyn's police records has created such activity. Practically every man available is on the hunt and meantime, Ruddick and his son are being sweated in the hope that they may reveal some clue to the most brutal and cold-blooded murder which has occurred in New York for years.

MAY NOT BE ABLE TO DELIVER GOODS

Gompers May Not Be Able To Turn Labor to Bryan.

New York, July 29.—The plan of Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, to deliver the labor vote to Bryan met with a severe setback in the Central Federated union and today it is stated that representatives of thirty-one labor organizations, with a membership of 75,000 workers, will form a rival body. It is said that some of the most prominent labor leaders in the city are behind the movement.

The decision was reached last night at a secret meeting. Gompers was generally condemned by the leaders attending the meeting.

A BELLEFONTAINE YOUTH TOUCHED

Bicycle of Tin Badge Detective Is Stolen at Findlay.

Findlay, O. July 29.—Armed with two revolvers, a tin "detective badge," and a bundle of literature from a "private detective agency" in Indianapolis, which makes sleuths at $2 per, Harry Ellis of Bellefontaine rode into Findlay on a wheel to do some vigorous sleuthing.

So intent was the amateur "Tec" on running down crooks that his own bicycle was stolen. Ellis consulted his instructions and did some vigorous work hunting for his wheel, but was finally forced to appeal to the police. The sleuth was locked up while the cops found his bicycle.

Late yesterday Ellis was sent home on his wheel.

12,000 PEOPLE ARE DROWNED

As Result of Great Typhoon in China.

WORST CHINA HAS HAD FOR YEARS

Death List Grows with Every Message.

Not Only Are Many Killed Along the Rivers and Seacoast, but Also Inland—Over 100 Native Craft Are Sunk—French and English Warships Suffer—Passenger Steamer Sinks at Wharf.

Hong Kong, July 29.—Despatches from Canton today declare 12,000 persons were drowned in the typhoon there Monday night. The disaster is the worst China has had in years, the advices declare.

Loss Is Growing.

Canton, July 29.—The loss of life in the typhoon that swept the Chinese coast for two days will run into thousands, according to reports that are reaching here today.

More than a hundred native vessels, most of them small craft, were destroyed, few of their crews being saved. The British river gunboat, Robin, and the French gunboats, Argus and Vigilante, were damaged seriously. The torpedo boat destroyer, Whiting, was driven ashore at Lyeemoon pass. The river steamer, Sanon, sank at her wharf.

For several hundred miles along the coast reports of heavy damage are coming in. Buildings were wrecked in all the towns in the path of the typhoon and the loss of life was almost as heavy as by drowning.

The Pacific Mail office here and Queens college offered heavy loss.

PLANS OF BRYAN DISCLOSED TODAY

Will Make Speeches at a Few Central Points.

Lincoln, Neb., July 29.—The United Press representative secured today from a close friend of W. J. Bryan the first authentic outline of his plans of campaign. He will make a few prepared speeches at central points and nearly all of these will be made by the first of October.

During the month of October he expects to remain at home and assist in educational work of the campaign through the discussion of public questions in the form of interviews, signed articles and letters.

Bryan arose early today and was busy with his large correspondence and the study of Taft's speech of acceptance. In all probability he will some time today issue a formal statement covering his views of the Taft speech.

Campaign contributions from Democratic newspapers continue to be received. The fund is beginning to assume considerable proportions.

ENGLAND FACES INDIAN MUTINY

Government Officials Thrown Into a Panic

BY REPORTS OF THE CONDITIONS THERE

Are Barely 600,000 Europeans in All of India.

The Natives Number 300,000,000—If They Get the Upper Hand the Least Bit a Mutiny Will Follow. In Last Mutiny the Natives Did Not Know How To Use Weapons. They Do Now.

London, July 29.—England is face to face with another mutiny in India, by the side of which the uprising of 1857 will be child's play. Long apprehensive of the Indian situation, government officials were thrown into a panic today by the report of conditions there brought by army officers and civilians who have just returned from India.

One of these army officers said: "Something has got to be done quickly. India can only be ruled by fear. There are barely 600,000 Europeans in India as against 300,000,000 natives. If they get the upper hand the least bit more, a mutiny will result. In the last mutiny, the Indians were unorganized and did not know how to use their weapons. The opposite is now the case, and, if the outbreak comes, India will be bloodshed from one end to the other."

Getting Upper Hand.

India is getting more of an "upper hand." The whole country is reeking with sedition and all of England's repressive measures have failed to check its spread. Alarmed at the acknowledged danger, the most drastic laws were recently passed against the publication of seditious articles and the throwing of bombs, but the only effect has been to stir up greater hatred of English rule.

The Indian Nationalist party, which is growing with alarming rapidity, is back of the impending conflict. Its avowed aim is to sweep Britain out of India. Its members openly boast that they have corrupted half of the native population, and that in the event of an uprising, these would join with the movement for freedom.

English army officers in India confess that, in case of an outbreak, they could not rely on the Indian soldiers.

Drastic Measures Opposed.

The most recent proposal to check the mutinous spirit in India is to prevent the education of Indians in foreign countries. It is conceded that trouble lies with the educated classes. Nine-tenths of the agitators are drawn from this class. When they have been driven out of India for their actions, they have carried on the work from London, Paris and even America, where the Nationalist party has many sympathizers.

One thing that retards England in holding in check the Indians is the opposition to repressive measures by the Labor party in the house of commons and the Irish members of the house. These people, whom the war party contemptuously refers to as "humanitarians," raise such a storm of protest every time a drastic measure is proposed that the situation has been allowed to get almost beyond control. On every hand, it is conceded that were England to become involved in a war with another nation, India would mutiny immediately and make a strike for liberty that would stagger the mother country.

DOWAGER QUEEN OPPOSES MATCH

Won't Let Duke and Bride Play in Her Yard.

Como, Italy, July 29.—Despite the reported preparations for the marriage of the Duke d'Abruzzi and Miss Catherine Elkins, Queen Margherita is still persisting in her opposition to the match. One of the dowager's intimate friends said today that should the marriage take place, she will cut both the duke and his bride from her list of acquaintances.

The dowager is at her palace near Stresa on the Italian lakes and the duke's matrimonial plans are her chief concern. She has no objections to Miss Elkins, personally, but believes the duke should wed a European princess, several of whom have been suggested.

Get Only Two Cents.

Elyria, O. July 29.—Robbers raided the postoffice and two stores in Ridgeville, but secured only two cents, as those in charge of the places had removed the funds before closing for the night.

PRINCE OF WALES IS ENROUTE HOME

Sails from Quebec at Early Hour on Indomitable.

Quebec, July 29.—On board the Indomitable, Britain's greatest cruiser, the Prince of Wales sailed this morning for England. The big fighter is scheduled to make the fastest time on record across the Atlantic eclipsing even the dashes of the Mauretania and the Lusitania and special crews of firemen and a special cargo of coal were made ready before her departure. No other ship afloat, in either the navies of the merchant marine of any nation is believed to possess her speed.

It was only after a farewell dinner aboard the flagship, Exmouth, last night that the round of the prince's activities in Quebec ended.

Before leaving the prince summoned several American newspaper men and expressed his regret that he was unable to accept the many invitations he received to visit the United States.

Vice President Fairbanks has gone to Mackinac island.

HUSBAND AND WIFE CHOKED TO DEATH

Their Bodies Are Found in Their Home Today.

Fort Wayne, Ind., July 29.—The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Emile Jabas, an aged and wealthy couple, were found lying on the floor of their home this morning. Both had been brutally choked to death, the bones of the throat of each being fractured by a powerful clutch. It is supposed that the motive was robbery, although there is no clew as to the identity of the murderer.

PROPOSE TO EAT WAY TO LIBERTY

That's the Plan of Natives of Guinea.

CLOSE CALL FOR THE EUROPEANS

They Are Barely Saved by French Cruiser.

Under the Guns of the Cruiser, Which Happens To Visit Bissao, in Portuguese Guinea, the Natives Are Driven Back Just as Provisions of the Garrison Are Exhausted and Ammunition Runs Low.

Lisbon, July 29.—Barely prevented by the timely arrival of the French cruiser, Cassard, from achieving liberty by eating their oppressors, the native cannibal population of Portuguese Guinea is negotiating for the independence of which foreign interference cheated them, according to despatches received today.

The European inhabitants of Bissao, the provincial capital, were rescued days after the outside world had given them up as dead.

Provisions were exhausted, ammunition was running low, civilians and even women were fighting night and day alongside the military force of 200 Portuguese soldiers.

Portugal had no military force and no warship in the vicinity. The Cassard, cruising in African waters, visited Bissao by accident. Under the cruiser's guns, the natives were forced to fall back. They still linger in the vicinity, however, and there is every prospect of a fresh siege as soon as protection is withdrawn, unless the Portuguese governor accedes to their terms. Their demands include a complete amnesty, an extensive grant of land and cattle, permission to keep their arms, exemption from the hut tax and free access to the town at all times. The governor will probably be forced to yield.

AN UNIQUE ROBBERY OCCURS LAST NIGHT

Yeggs Load Safe onto Truck, Carry It Off and Break It.

Sylvania, O., July 29.—One of the most unique safe robberies ever attempted occurred here last night.

After entering Brint's saloon, by prying open a rear window, the "Yeggs" opened the front door, loaded the small safe upon a truck and carted it nearly a mile up the lake shore tracks, where they blew it open. A few postage stamps were secured.

The report of the explosion awakened the entire village, and soon a number of men were patrolling the streets, armed with shotguns, revolvers and other weapons.

Among those engaged in the chase were the proprietors of the saloon, and while they were absent the "Yeggs" again visited the place and stole a number of boxes of cigars and several bottles of whisky.

The "Yeggs" eluded capture.

FLEET ORDERED TO VENEZUELA

The Dutch Have Their Fighting Blood Aroused.

MR. CASTRO MUST MAKE AN APOLOGY

For the Summary Dismissal of Their Minister.

East Indian Fleet, Consisting of Three Battleships and Three Cruisers, Is Heavily Armed and Any One of Them Is More Than a Match for All the Ships Which Venezuela Could Muster.

The Hague, July 29.—The Netherlands government has ordered the battleships, Heemskerch, Piethein and Evertsen, and the cruisers, Holland, Utrecht and Friestand, to assemble in the West Indies. The commander of the East Indian squadron has been notified to despatch his fleet to Venezuela at a moment's notice.

The ministry of marine is negotiating for the purchase of several small fast steamships to supplement the fleet in the event of a blockade of Venezuelan ports.

The order for the assembling of the fleet occasioned intense excitement throughout the capital, as it is taken to mean that the Netherlands will, despite the Socialist opposition at home, plunge into war with Venezuela unless Castro completely backs down from his arrogant position.

Important information has undoubtedly reached the government within the last few hours which has led to the warlike preparations.

A Decided Change.

Last night it was announced that the talk of naval demonstration against Venezuela was premature and that the rupture between the two countries was up to that time only diplomatic.

Since this statement a complete change has come over the ministry of marine and other government officials. There is every indication that the country is preparing for a struggle with Venezuela.

It is still hoped here that the movement of a fleet against Venezuela will cause Castro to apologize for the summary dismissal of Minister De Reub. The ships that have been ordered to assemble in the West Indies compose the East Indian squadron, and it will take some time for them to reach their destination.

While the Heemskerch, Piethein and Evertsen are classed as battleships by the Dutch government, they are not in the class of modern battleships. They are well armored, the Heemskerch of 5,211 tons, the Peithein and Evertsen 3,464. The cruisers, Friesland and Holland are of 3,847 tons each, and the Utrecht of 3,969. All these ships carry heavy guns, and any one of them would be more than a match for all the ships that Venezuela could muster.

REAR ADMIRAL SCOTT RELIEVED OF COMMAND

First Step Taken To Clear Up England's Naval Troubles.

London, July 29.—By relieving Rear Admiral Sir Percy Scott of the command of the cruiser squadron, and commissioning him to command South Africa in the autumn, naval experts are today agreed that the admiralty has taken the first step in clearing up the feud that threatens the British navy.

The next step, it is hinted, will be the acceptance of the resignation of Admiral Charles Beresford, which, it is believed has either been handed in or will be called for soon.

The admiralty intends to make Sir John Fisher, lord of the fleet, supreme in all naval matters. Though Scott is a close friend of Fisher and supported him in his fight against Beresford, his temporary removal from England has been found necessary. His command of the cruiser squadron had another year to run, but the admiralty has ordered Rear Admiral Adair to succeed him at once.

It is probable that Scott will be returned to a more important command as soon as Beresford is out of the navy.

CHILD STRANGLED BY TWO GRAINS OF CORN

The Grains Catch in Throat of Little Elsie York.

Chicago, July 29.—Elsie York, one-year-old, strangled to death, Tuesday, on two grains of corn. The child had been given a cob from which all the corn had not been removed. She tried to swallow the grains and they caught in her throat, choking her.

PECULIAR IDEA OF A GOOD TIME

Has the Father Who Promises One to Daughter.

Boston, Mass., July 29.—"Come to Boston when you get your vacation and I'll give you a good time," wrote John H. Meeks to his eighteen-year-old daughter, Clara Iola Meeks. The girl was living with her mother, Mrs. James Halpin, at Ridgefield, Connecticut, her parents having been divorced when she was a small child. She had not seen her father for eleven years. So she accepted his invitation only to find that he wanted her to take charge of his body when he committed suicide. Today the police are dragging for Meeks' body in the Charles river, for yesterday afternoon on a bridge over that stream were found a man's hat and shoes and a letter addressed to Miss Meeks in her father's handwriting, declaring that he was out of work and despondent and was going to throw himself into the river. He asked her to notify the rest of the family.

TWO DEATHS IN THE FAMILY IN TEN DAYS

H. I. McCrea Follows His Father in Death.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 28.—Just ten days ago, Captain Henry McCrea, of the United States navy, who was in charge of the battleship, Georgia, in the cruise to the Pacific coast of the North Atlantic battleship fleet, died in the naval hospital at New York, and Tuesday his son, H. I. McCrea, a paymaster in the navy died suddenly of heart disease in his berth in a Pullman sleeper. McCrea lived in Washington.

TAFT MAY RUN ANY OLD SHOVEL

Now a Full-Fledged Member of the Union.

HONOR CONFERRED ON CANDIDATE TODAY

Receives Badge and Credentials at Brother's Home.

Makes Little Speech to the International Officers of the Union Who Do the Work—Taft Will Leave for Hot Springs, Virginia, Tonight. Expects To Remain There for a Month.

Cincinnati, July 29.—Judge William H. Taft, who was yesterday officially informed of his nomination as Republican candidate for president, today became a full-fledged honorary member of the International Steam Shovelers' union. The new honor was conferred upon him at 11 a. m. at the home of his brother, Charles P. Taft, where he was notified of his honor yesterday. The international officers of the union gathered at the house a few minutes before the appointed time and were cordially received by Judge Taft and his brother. After receiving the badge and credentials which entitled him to run any old steam shovel that he happens to find in need of a boss, Judge Taft made the shovel men a happy little speech in which he told them how much he appreciated the compliment and what splendid work they have done and are doing down on the isthmus. It is because of their enthusiastic efforts and untiring industry, he told them, that the great work is so far advanced today.

The Republican candidate looks in fine fettle today. "My voice survived the strain without apparent injury," he said, "and I feel as though I could do a hard day's work in the open if I were called upon to do it."

During the day a large number of visitors will call at the Taft homestead to meet the candidate informally. This evening at 9:10 he leaves Cincinnati for Hot Springs, Virginia, where he expects to remain for about a month before returning to his home city for the campaign. Most of the visitors who thronged Cincinnati yesterday have left for their homes, and the city is taking off her ribbons and flags.

What's the matter with a wedding ring as an exclusive circle?

THE value of the Bitters is clearly proven by its 55 years record in cases of Cramps, Diarrhoea, Indigestion, Costiveness, Insomnia and Malaria, Fever and Ague. Try a bottle.

REMEMBER, YOU WANT HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

THREE DEAD IN ATTACK ON JAIL

Florida Mob Makes Quick Work of a Negro

WHO ASSAULTS WIFE OF PENSACOLA MAN

Captured, Taken Before Victim and Identified.

Taken from Officers, Stripped of His Clothing, Suspended from Limb of Tree and Body Riddled with Thousand Bullets—Cuts Throat of Woman Resisting His Advances. Georgia Lynching Bee.

Pensacola, Fla., July 30.—Three men were killed and a score are wounded, some probably fatally, in an attempt of a mob to storm the jail and take out Leander A. Shaw the negro who assaulted Mrs. Lillian Davis.

The negro was carried to a public square, his body stripped of clothing, hanged, and then riddled by a thousand shots.

In a desperate fight with the negro in her home, near this city, Mrs. Davis sustained a gash across the throat, was otherwise beaten and her baby struck in her struggles to resist the attempt of Shaw to assault her.

When accosted by Shaw, Mrs. Davis seized a revolver and ordered the negro from the house. He grasped the weapon and, taking out his knife, drew the blade across her throat, and in escaping from the house struck the baby. Two hours later a deputy sheriff captured Shaw, after a hard fight. Mrs. Davis, although in a critical condition, identified Shaw.

Georgia Has Lynching.

Lyons, Ga., July 30. — Alonzo Williams, a negro, who is alleged to have assaulted Miss Clare Bowen last Friday, near Choopee, was taken from the Toms county jail by a mob, carried to the woods near by and riddled with bullets.

NEARLY 100 CASES OF CANCER CURED

By Use of Fluid Discovered by a New York Man.

New York, July 29.—Following news from St. Louis that two men have been cured of cancer in the city hospital there by the use of a fluid discovered by Dr. William B. Coley of New York, it became known today that nearly 100 cases of that supposedly incurable disease have been cured in this city during the last few years, all through the use of the fluid discovered by Coley.

This fluid, which is known to medical men as 'mixed toxins of erysipelas and bacillus prodigiosus" has saved many lives all over the world, medical men say. It has in recent years come to be used in almost every country where the medical profession is in an advanced state of progress. A peculiarity of its effect is that it gives the patient a mild form of erysipelas and the system in struggling against the new disease, throws off the other and more serious disease.

IS MADE AUXILIARY BISHOP OF CHICAGO

Rev. Paul Peter Rhode Is Honored Today.

Chicago, July 29.—In the presence of hundreds of prelates and priests, including every American priest of Polish extraction in the country, Rev. Paul Peter Rhode today was consecrated auxiliary bishop of the Catholic diocese of Chicago.

The ceremony of consecration took place at 10 o'clock at the Holy Name cathedral. Archbishop Quigley, of Chicago, presided, assisted by Bishops Koudelka, of Cleveland, and Muldoon, of Chicago.

Bishop Rhode is the second Bohemian priest elevated to the Episcopate in this country, Bishop Koudelka, of Cleveland, being the first.

FIRST KILLS WIFE AND THEN HIMSELF

Earlier in Day Clevelander Attempts To Kill Children.

Cleveland, July 28.—Peter Sendek, thirty-five, shot and killed his wife as she sat on the doorstep of their home, No. 9145 Chambers street, and then committed suicide by shooting, at 9:30 a. m. this morning.

Earlier in the day he had attempted to kill their two children. They escaped by locking themselves in a room of the house.

Sendek was arrested recently on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. A revolver and knife were found on his person. Sendek had been out of work.

There's many a slip twixt the ax and the chip.

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HISGEN NAMED FOR PRESIDENT

John Temple Graves Chosen for Running Mate.

ONE DELEGATE PUT OUT OF THE HALL

Seeks To Place Bryan's Name in Nomination.

After He Is Ejected from the Hall an Effort Is Made To Beat Him. Two Delegates Leave the Hall To Show Their Displeasure Over the Currency Plank Adopted by the Independence Party Convention.

Chicago, July 29.—For president, Thomas L. Hisgen of Massachusetts; for vice president, John Temple Graves of Georgia.

The above ticket was nominated by the Independence party at its first national convention.

The friends of Mr. Bryan made an effort during the night session to bring his name before the convention, and the man who attempted it nearly produced a riot and narrowly escaped physical violence at the hands of the delegates. The man who sought to place Mr. Bryan in nomination was J. I. Shepard of Fort Scott, Kan. He did not succeed in his mission, for, being called to order by the convention and questioned by Chairman Charles A. Walsh, he admitted that it was his intention to name Bryan. That was the first and last time he mentioned the name of the Democratic leader. He was promptly ruled out of order by the chairman, and under the guard of several sergeants-at-arms he was hustled out of the hall, while some of the incensed delegates vainly attempted to strike him with their fists and one of them swung at him savagely with a cane.

The nomination of Mr. Hisgen was made on the third ballot, his chief competitors being Milford W. Howard of Alabama and John Temple Graves of Georgia. Reuben R. Lyon of New York received a complimentary vote on the first ballot and William R. Hearst had 49 friends who voted for him on the first two ballots.

The nomination of Mr. Graves was made unanimous, all the other candidates having been withdrawn.

Several delegates left the convention because of dissatisfaction over the financial plank of the platform. During the session of the committee on resolutions a serious dispute arose over the currency question, and William R. Hearst was sent for to restore harmony among the members.

The platform as adopted is a lengthy document, starting off with the following declaration:

"We, the independent American citizens, representing the Independence party in 44 states and two territories, have met in national convention to nominate absolutely independent of all political parties candidates for president and vice president of the United States.

"Our action is based upon a determination to wrest the conduct of public affairs from the hands of selfish interests, political tricksters and corrupt bosses, and make the government as the founders intended, an agency for the common good.

Staggering Blow Is Dealt.

"At a period of unexampled national prosperity and promise, a staggering blow was dealt to legitimate business by the unmolested practice of stock watering and dishonest financiering. Multitudes of defenseless investors, thousands of honest business men and an army of idle workingmen are paying the penalty. Year by year, fostered by wasteful and reckless governmental extravagance, by the manipulation of trusts and by a privilege-creating tariff, the cost of living mounts higher and higher. Day by day the control of the government drifts further away from the people and more firmly into the grip of machine politicians and party bosses.

"The Republican and Democratic parties are not only responsible for these conditions, but are committed to their indefinite continuance. Prodigal of promises, they are so barren of performance that to a new party of independent voters the country must look for the establishment of a new policy and a return to genuine popular government.

"Our object is not to introduce violent innovations or startling new theories. We of the Independence party look back as Lincoln did to declaration of independence as the fountainhead of all political inspiration. It is not our purpose to attempt to revolutionize the American system of government, but to restore the action of the government to the principles of Washington and Jefferson and Lincoln. It is not our purpose, either, to effect a radical change in the American system of government, but to conserve for the citizens of the United States their privileges and liberties won for them by the founders of this government, and to perpetuate the principles and policies upon which the nation's greatness has been bought.

Is a Conservative Force.

"The Independence party is therefore a conservative force in American politics, devoted to the preservation of American liberty and independence, to honesty in elections, to opportunity in business and to equality before the law. Those who believe in the Independence party and work with it are convinced that a genuine Democracy should exist, that a true republican form of government should continue, that the government should rest with the majority of the people and the government should be conducted for the benefit of the whole citizenship rather than for the special advantage of any particular class."

The platform then declares in favor of direct nominations, the initiative and referendum, and the right of recall, and against all forms of corrupt practices at elections. It demands honest conduct of public office and business-like administration of public affairs, and condemns the gross extravagance of federal administration. The evils of overcapitalization in the industrial world are also condemned.

The labor plank in part is as follows:

Labor Planks Denounced.

"We denounce the so-called labor planks of the Republican and Democratic platforms as political buncombe and contemptible claptrap, unworthy of national parties claiming to be serious and sincere. The Republican declaration that 'no injunction or temporary restraining order should be issued with out notice, except where irreparable injury would result from delay,' is empty verbiage, for a showing of irreparable injury can always be made and is always made in ex parte affidavits.

"The Democratic declaration that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which injunctions should not issue if no industrial dispute were involved,' is meaningless and worthless. Such insincere and meaningless declarations place a low estimate upon the intelligence of the average American workingman, and exhibit either ignorance of or indifference to the real interests of labor.

"The Independence party condemns the arbitrary use of the writ of injunction and contempt proceedings as a violation of the fundamental American right of trial by jury.

"The Independence party believes that the distribution of wealth is as important as the creation of wealth, and indorses those organizations among farmers and workers which tend to bring about a just distribution of wealth through good wages for workers and good prices for farmers, and which protect the employer and the consumer through equality of price for labor and for product.

"We indorse the eight-hour workday, favor its application to all government employes, and demand the enactment of laws requiring that all work done for the government, whether federal or state, and whether done directly or indirectly, through contractors or subcontractors, shall be done on an eight-hour basis.

Blacklist Is Condemned.

"We favor the enactment of a law condemning as illegal any combination or conspiracy to blacklist employes."

The currency plank declares that the right to issue money is inherent with the government, and demands that any further issue of currency shall be made by the government.

Tariff revision is demanded, "not by the friends of the tariff, but by the friends of the people."

Rebates and discrimination in railroad rates is denounced as a crime against business. The creation of an interstate commerce court to review and enforce orders of the interstate commerce commission is favored.

Trusts are scored in unmeasured terms, and prison penalties are favored for violators of the anti-trust laws.

The public ownership of all public utilities, including railroads, is advocated as rapidly as municipal, state or national government shall demonstrate ability to conduct them for the public good.

Postal savings banks and the parcels post system are favored, the money deposited in the postal banks to be loaned to the people at a rate of interest to be established by the government.

The immediate development of a national system of good roads is advocated.

Legislations to abolish bucketshops and prohibit fictitious selling of farm products for future delivery is advocated.

Protection to American labor against Asiatic immigration is demanded.

While declaring for peace and the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, the platform declares for a large navy as the best protection in time of war and the best preventive of war.

The improvement of the inland waterways is advocated.

458 Saloons Less.

Columbus, O., July 30. — There are 458 fewer saloons in Ohio now than there were January 1, according to records of the July collection of the Aikin tax for the state. This means a falling off in revenue since January of $397,207.21.

Large Warehouse Destroyed.

Upper Sandusky, O., July 30. — A large storehouse at McCutchensville was totally destroyed by fire. It was stored with farming implements belonging to G. L. Patton.

It's always safe to ask a girl for a kiss after you have taken it.

TAFT LEADERS GET TOGETHER

Hitchcock and Vorys Reach an Understanding.

FORMER WILL HELP BUCKEYE CAMPAIGN

Latter Will Remain with Taft During Campaign.

The Division of Labor and the Determination of the National Chairman To Recognize Ohio in Sectional Conferences Is Held by the Politicians To Be Alike a Wise and Important Move by Hitchcock.

Cincinnati, O., July 29.—In the opinion of Judge William H. Taft and leaders in the Republican party in Ohio the understanding reached at a conference between Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the national committee, and Arthur I. Vorys, whom Mr. Taft designated as his "chief of staff," is of the greatest importance to the success of the party in Ohio this fall.

As a result of this conference, Ohio will be a participant in all the benefits which may follow from the series of sectional conferences which Mr. Hitchcock has inaugurated; the Buckeye state will receive its quota of speakers under the control of the national committee, and be treated as other states in the distribution of literature and supplies under the direction of Mr. Hitchcock.

"This understanding was brought about," said Judge Taft, "at the specific request of Mr. Vorys, who earnestly took the matter up with me at Hot Springs some days ago. The arrangements will in no way interfere with the status of Mr. Vorys as my political personal representative in Ohio political affairs. He will be with me here and will have charge of my personal arrangements in that regard."

Will Extend Aid.

When Mr. Hitchcock was selected to head the national committee that organization, by resolution, stipulated that Ohio should be left to the management of Mr. Vorys. Since that time it has appeared that the final carrying out of this resolve would deprive the state of all aid from the national campaign organization. This was not the intention, according to the present explanation, and the understanding arrived at will operate to extend this aid and at the same time keep the "state leader" status of Mr. Vorys on the records.

Under the new arrangement Chairman Williams of the state central committee will be called to the gatherings of national committeemen and state chairmen in the group of states of which Ohio will form a part, whenever such conferences are called by Mr. Hitchcock. Mr. Vorys as national committeeman will also be present at such gatherings.

One of the features of the conferences was the evident cordiality manifested during the extended talk had between Mr. Vorys and Chairman Hitchcock, a sign, it was pointed out, which indicated the establishment of the most desirable degree of harmony in that quarter.

"I received from Mr. Hitchcock," added Judge Taft, "a most satisfactory series of reports which he was able to make concerning conditions in the west, because of the recent conferences held in that section."

M'KINLEY NAMED FOR CHAIRMANSHIP

To Succeed Sherman at Head of Committee.

Utica, N. Y., July 29.—The Republican vice presidential candidate, J. S. Sherman, announced that he would be succeeded as chairman of the congressional campaign committee by Representative McKinley of Illinois, who has heretofore held the office of treasurer. The new treasurer will be Charles G. Dawes, former controller of the currency. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives, will be assistant secretary, a position that is now created. Mr. Sherman will at once turn over his duties to his successor.

SHERMAN HAS RECOVERED HEALTH

He Will Take Active Part in Coming Campaign.

Washington, July 29.—Doubt as to the ability of Representative Sherman, Republican vice presidential nominee, to take an active part in the coming campaign because of ill health, was received today by the receipt of Francis Curtis director of the literary bureau of the Republican national and congressional campaign committee, of a personal letter from the New Yorker.

"Mr. Sherman wrote me that he never felt better in his life and that his doctors tell him that he never was better," said Curtis.

THE KAISER HAS BEEN THWARTED

Prince Joachim Albrecht of Prussia Is Married.

HE WEDS NOTORIOUS DANCE HALL WOMAN

Latter Marries Impecunius Baron To Get a Title.

Having Paid the Baron the Stipulated Price, She Is Permitted To Secure a Divorce—The Legalities Being Complied with, the Prince Returns from His Banishment in Africa and Weds Her.

Berlin, July 30.—The Kaiser has been thwarted in his attempt to prevent the marriage of Prince Joachim Albrecht of Prussia and Marie Sulzer, the notorious dance hall woman, the courtship of whom has scandalized the courts of Europe for the last two years. The marriage of the couple on August 15 last became public today after every attempt had been made to keep it secret.

It was nearly a year ago that the Sulzar woman, who was the Baroness Biebenberg, secured a divorce from the baron, to whom she paid $7,500 to marry her in order that she might acquire a title and be eligible to marry Prince Joachim.

The baron, an impecunious Austrian, was paid $3,500 at the time of his marriage and was to receive the remainder upon the granting of the divorce. Through failure to pay one of these installments, the baron held up the divorce proceedings.

When the prince's mad infatuation for the woman of such low rank became the talk of Germany, the Kaiser banished him to Africa, thinking that he would come to his senses. The baroness was also ordered to leave Berlin by the police. She took up her residence in Paris. The moment the baroness' matrimonial tangle was straightened out, the prince appeared on the scene again, and despite all the warnings of his friends and threats of banishment from Prussia, he joined the baroness and the two were married in Zurich. The prince intimates that he will henceforth live in America.

WILLIAM T. MITCHELL BEFORE MAYOR SCHERFF

Charged with Failing To Support His Child.

MAN IS BOUND OVER TO THE GRAND JURY

Bond Is Fixed at $300—Roy Cubbison Pleads Guilty To Stealing a Brass Kettle from A. T. Thompson. Is Sent to the Workhouse at Columbus—Some Police Notes.

William T. Mitchell was arrested at Lithopolis, Wednesday afternoon, by J. W. Ulsh, officer for the humane society, on a warrant charging him with failing to provide for his four-year-old daughter. Mitchell has been before the mayor on several occasions on the same charge and was released by paying for the support of the child. June 6, Mitchell's wife secured a divorce and he was ordered by the court to pay her $10 a month for the child. Mitchell married about eight days after the divorce was granted, and, as he has had but little work, has been unable to make the payment required. He pleaded guilty to failing to provide for the child when arraigned, Thursday, and was bound over to the grand jury under a bond of $300.

Roy Cubbison, who was brought here from Richwood, Tuesday night, on a charge of being implicated in the theft of some brass from the Erie and proved himself innocent of the charge, was arrested after the hearing in the justice's court and arraigned before the mayor to answer to a charge of stealing a brass kettle from A. T. Thompson July 14. The kettle was sold for junk by Cubbison. He pleaded guilty to this charge and was fined $10 and the costs in the case and sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse. He was taken to Columbus Thursday by Officer Hostetter.

The police received a warning, Wednesday evening, to be on the watch for Joseph Graham and his wife who defrauded a boarding-house keeper at Deleware. The couple was supposed to have come to this city and the police were given a description of the pair, but failed to locate them.

Every bore thinks he's the most agreeable man in town; that were it not for his flow of wit the community would be hopelessly dull.

ATTEMPTS TO TAKE HIS LIFE

An Alleged Murderer Attempts the Suicide Route.

MAN FOUND DEAD; BULLET IN BRAIN

Canton Athletic Club in Hands of Receiver.

Coal Fleet Starts South from Kanawha to Cincinnati — Governor Harris Is Still Confined to His Home at Eaton—Body of a Suicide Is Claimed Six Years After His Death—Dick Makes Prediction.

Batavia, O., July 30.—John Hill, who was brought back last week from Oklahoma to answer to the charge of killing Washington Goode, an aged wealthy recluse, made three attempts to commit suicide in jail here. He scraped the quicksilver on a looking glass in his cell, but an antidote was administered as soon as the jailer realized what had been done. Later he ate the sulphur off a handful of matches. Then, to make sure of the job, he hanged himself with his belt and had become unconscious when he was cut down.

Tells Where to Find Body.

Middletown, O., July 30.—Frank Litzenberger of Eaton was found dead along Full creek with a bullet through his brain. He arrived in Middletown and left a note stating where his body would be found. Mr. Litzenberger was a prominent lumber dealer and lodge man, and was connected with lumber firms in Dayton, Eaton, this city and other points. There is no cause for the deed unless it was financial troubles.

Canton Club Gets Receiver.

Canton, O., July 30.—Homer Briggle has been appointed receiver of the Canton Athletic club, holder of the Canton Ohio and Pennsylvania league baseball franchise. The action was brought by President Shorb to protect himself and other creditors. The liabilities of the club are placed at $12,000, assets $8,000. It is announced that the Canton team will continue in the league.

Coal Fleet Starts South.

Cincinnati, O., July 30.—The largest single shipment of coal out of the Kanawha to Cincinnati via the Ohio river made in a long time is coming down this week. It is conservatively estimated that 125 barges, averaging from 12,000 to 15,000 bushels of coal each, or between 1,500,000 and 1,876,000 bushels, in the aggregate, will be brought down the Ohio by various towboats.

Governor Continues Ill.

Columbus, O., July 30. — Governor Harris is confined to his home at Eaton with an attack of indigestion, and is under the care of his family physician. It is the belief of Secretary Flickinger that he is not seriously ill. The governor was compelled to leave Cincinnati Monday night and went direct to his Eaton home, being unable to wait for the notification ceremonies.

Claims Husband's Body.

Akron, O., July 30.—Six years after the suicide of W. H. Thieling, a traveling salesman of New York, in a hotel here, May 13, 1902, a woman saying she was his wife appeared and claimed the body. According to her story, knowledge of the death of Thieling was kept from her at the time on account of property that belonged to her.

Dick Makes Prediction.

Akron, O., July 30.—Senator Charles Dick, just returned from Washington, gave out a statement in which he predicted the election of Taft. "There is a lack of enthusiasm, however, and there should be some big national question to stir up the people to loyalty." He also predicts the re-election of Governor Harris.

Withdraws From Ticket.

Ravenna, O., July 30.—Judge David L. Rockwell, candidate for lieutenant governor on the Democratic ticket, authorized the statement that he would withdraw from the state ticket and would be a candidate for renomination for the office of probate judge in this county.

Two Boys Smothered.

Pomeroy, O., July 30.—Champion P. Love and Ira Manley, boys of Mason, W. Va., were smothered to death in a coal mine airshaft there by gas. One threw the other's cap into the shaft, 50 feet deep, and they went down to get it. They were dead when recovered.

Fire Visits Ohio Village.

Jeffersonville, O., July 30. — Fire, which started from an unknown cause in a vacant room in the business section, for a time threatened the entire town. A block of six buildings was burned. The loss was about $25,000.

Perhaps women would scold less if their husbands refused to stand for it.

WARREN BICKNELL PLACED IN CHARGE

Street Car System of Toledo in New Hands.

Toledo, O., July 30.—The street car system of Toledo will be turned over today, by a vote of the creditors' committee of the Toledo Railways & Light company, to Warren Bicknell to run for them. This means that the Everett-Moore syndicate has lost control of the Toledo street railways system, that millions of dollars will be squeezed out of the property and that the creditors' committee organized to protect the bondholders of the road will make terms immediately with Toledo for a lower rate of fare and a renewal of franchises. In the process of reorganization, perhaps all the stock of the Toledo Railways & Light company may be squeezed out of existence. Although the road only operates 112 miles of track, it has a capital stock of $15,000,000, on top of which are piled $10,956,000 of bonds in four issues. Warren Bicknell is now president of the Havana Electric railway, which operates a five-cent system over fifty-one miles in the Cuban capital.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS AT PARK WEDNESDAY

Members and Their Ladies Enjoy Nice Gathering.

ABOUT THIRTY-FIVE COUPLES ARE PRESENT

A Baseball Game Is a Feature of the Afternoon—The Game Is Won by the Single Men by a Comfortable Margin—The Eagles Hold a Meeting—Lodge Items.

The Knights of Columbus and their wives and lady friends enjoyed a picnic at Marion park Wednesday. There were about thirty-five couples present, the party going to the park early in the afternoon. A baseball game between the married and single men was a feature of the afternoon. Following a lunch in the evening, Dowler's orchestra furnished a program of music for dancing. In the ball game the single men were victorious by a score of twenty-one to five. The players were as follows:

Married Men—John Tynan, J. A. Schroeter, William Kelly, Lawrence Hoss, Thomas Clary, W. P. Moloney, Joseph Voll, A. C. Edmundson and T. J. Ryan.

Single Men—William Dee, M. C. O'Brien, Frank Drake, Richard Fahey, Clement Kelly, William Gavin, Charles Drake, Edward Rynn and Charles Dwyer.

The Protected Home circle held a well-attended meeting, Wednesday evening. The initiatory work was rehearsed and several candidates voted on.

The Eagles held a regular meeting, Wednesday evening. Routine business was given attention and arrangements for the initiation of a class of candidates at the next meeting were made.

STEPHEN A. JOHNS SUES FOR DIVORCE

Charges His Wife with Neglect of Duty and Cruelty.

PLAINTIFF CLAIMS HE IS DUTIFUL HUSBAND

Mrs. Johns Fails To Cook Many Meals for Her Husband and Strikes Him at One Time with a Flatiron. Some Notes Gathered in Local Common Pleas Court.

Stephen A. Johns, through his attorneys, Jacoby & Donithen, brought suit for divorce from his wife, Judith M. Johns, Thursday, in the court of common pleas. He alleges that they were married May 30, 1906, in Wyandot county, since which time he has been a dutiful husband, he claims. According to the plaintiff's petition the wife has cursed him and used vile language toward him. He also alleges that she never cooked many meals for him, although he is a hard-working man. Once, the plaintiff claims, the wife struck him with a flatiron. Therefore, he charges her with gross neglect of duty and extreme cruelty. He avers that she is of a quarrelsome disposition and ill-tempered and therefore not a fit person to have charge of their eight-month-old daughter. He asks the custody of the child and absolute divorce.

The divorce suit is a sequel to Johns' arrest in this county, last week, by the sheriff of Crawford county on a charge brought by his wife under the juvenile delinquency law in the probate court at Bucyrus, after she had left their home on the T. Q. Gay farm, north of this city, Saturday, July 18. In his petition the plaintiff recites the story of his arrest and his wife's alleged desertion of him, and declares she is guilty of gross neglect of duty.

Ever occur to you what a disagreeable job living is?

BRYAN IS ASKED TO BLOCK THEFT

Rosewater Calls Attention to Democratic Scheme.

WATSON VOTES THE PLUNDER IN QUESTION

Nebraska Editor Publishes Letter to the Commoner.

In It the Subject of Larceny Is Discussed at Some Length with Frequent References to Colonel Bryan's Own Utterances on the Subject Before He Became the Nominee of Democracy for Third Time.

Omaha, Neb., July 30.—An open letter to William J. Bryan asking him to disapprove of the attempt that was made recently to file the names of Democratic presidential electors under the head of "People's Independents," has been published by Victor Rosewater, Republican national committeeman from Nebraska. Mr. Rosewater recently filed a protest in the case with the secretary of state. This matter is an outcome of the bolt of the Nebraska delegation, headed by Thomas H. Tibbles, from the St. Louis convention of the People's party, which nominated Thomas E. Watson for president.

Mr. Rosewater first refers to Mr. Bryan's speech last February before the Civic Forum in New York, whose subject was "Thou shalt not steal," and in which Mr. Bryan divided theft into "larceny and violation of law" and "larceny through operation of law." Says he:

"I ask you, Mr. Bryan, if the larceny of something more priceless than property, namely the unpurchasable votes of the people, is not equally reprehensible whether the theft is committed in violation of law or under cover of legal technicalities.

"Let me call your attention to the fact, if you are not already aware of it, that a conspiracy is now on foot in this, your own state of Nebraska, engineered by your brother-in-law, as chairman of your Democratic state committee, for the purpose of purloining votes not intended to be cast for you and to count them for your candidacy. In the interest of square dealing I have filed protests with the secretary of state against the misbranding of Democratic presidential electors. The filing of the names of Democratic electors as 'People's Independents' is a palpable attempt to secure votes for you by false pretenses. If this plot succeeds you will have the benefit of the votes intended to be cast for Thomas E. Watson as well as of the votes intended to be cast for you. If this would not be larceny of these votes through operation of law, I would like to know what you would call it.

"Discussing the objections to instructing convention delegates you said in your Commoner last January that 'dishonesty is no better in politics than it is in business,' and you riddled the objections raised to instructions merely stating them. One of these objections to instructions, you said, was 'that they make it impossible for the delegates to betray those who elected them.' A presidential elector occupies a position very much like that of a delegate to a convention. He is a trustee into whose custody is given the sovereignty of the people who have voted for him. If your Democratic electors should be nominated and elected in Nebraska as Democrats and also as People's Independents, which trust will they betray? Will they betray your friends and vote for Watson or will they betray Watson's friends and vote for you?"

Mr. Rosewater closes with an appeal to Mr. Bryan to put the stamp of his disapproval upon the proposed action.

Has No Time to Reply.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 30.—When informed of the open letter of Victor Rosewater, proprietor of the Omaha Bee, and Republican national committeeman from Nebraska, in which the allegation is made that a conspiracy engineered by Mr. Bryan's brother-in-law is on foot "for the purpose of purloining votes in Nebraska not intended to be cast for you," Mr. Bryan said: "I have not time to make answer." He was not certain that he would reply at all, but said the subject would be investigated.

BOARD OF HEALTH AFTER BABY FARMS

Information Wanted as to Farms in the State.

Columbus, O., July 30.—Baby farms of Ohio will have to look out. The state board of health is after them under authority of the recent law. Letters have been by the board to police and health authorities all over Ohio requesting information about the baby farms in the cities and villages. The board has just made rules for the regulation of all such institutions.

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BY W. G. HARDING.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

SATURDAY . . . . AUGUST 1

CALL FOR CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

Whereas, on the 30th day of April 1908, a convention of Republican electors of the Thirteenth congressional district of Ohio, was held at the court-house, in the city of Bucyrus, Ohio, the purpose of which, among other things, was to nominate one candidate for representative in congress, and which convention adjourned to meet at Cedar Point, Ohio, on the 26th day of August, A. D. 1908, at 1 o'clock, and,

Whereas, on the same date, in said city of Bucyrus, Ohio, at the armory in said city, a convention of the Republican electors of the Thirteenth congressional district was likewise held, the purpose of which, among other things, was to nominate one candidate for representative in congress and which convention adjourned to meet at the call of the congressional committee selected thereby;

Now Therefore, by authority of such conventions, as vested in the respective congressional committee appointed thereby, and also vested in the chairman of each of said conventions, it is ordered that the delegates and alternates represented in each of said conventions, meet in adjourned delegate conventions at Cedar Point, Ohio, on the 5th day of August, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination one candidate for representative in congress, also to choose two congressional committeemen from each county in said district, and that in the selection of said congressional committeemen the respective delegations from each of said Bucyrus conventions select one of said committeemen for their respective counties, and to do and perform such other business as may regularly come before said convention.

In said convention the representation of the several counties in said convention shall be as follows:

The delegates and alternates represented in each of said conventions held at Bucyrus, Ohio, on the 30th day of April, 1908, shall be seated as delegates and alternates in said joint convention, and each delegation of each county having more than one delegation shall be entitled to one-half (½) the vote of said county in the deliberations of said convention as follows:

	Delegates	Alternates.
Crawford	43	43
Erie	69	69
Marion	66	66
Sandusky	47	47
Seneca	57	57
Wyandot	29	29

Alex Kiskadden
J. D. Bemis
S. M. Bowers, Wyandot Co.
R. M. Jueke, Erie Co.
John E. Hopley, Crawford Co.
Titus W. Nolf, Sandusky Co.
H. N. Quigley, Marion Co.
Chas. E. Derr, Seneca Co.
J. G. Barney, Crawford Co.
F. H. Dimon, Erie Co.
Edward Vollrath, Chairman.
W. J. Geir, Chairman.

Marion, O., July 14, 1908.

Republican Mass Convention.

Pursuant to the action of the Republican congressional committeemen of the Thirteenth congressional district of Ohio, on July 14, 1908, the Republicans of Marion county, Ohio, will meet in mass convention at the court-room in Marion, Ohio, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., Saturday, August 1, 1908, for the purpose of selecting twenty-two additional delegates and twenty-two additional alternates to the congressional convention to be held at Cedar Point, Ohio, on Wednesday, August 5, 1908.

H. N. Quigley, chairman,
L. E. Myers, secretary.
Marion County Republican Ex. Com.

The world will enthuse very little over the statement that California has shipped 45,000 carloads of fruit eastward this summer. Judging by the samples received here in Ohio California fruits are different combinations of a cross between a sponge and a Ben Davis apple.

Talk about money being tight when a New York traction company offers to pay men two dollars a day—two great, big, round silver or nice, crisp paper dollars—to use them as dummies to test the efficacy of its new car fenders!

The Democrats of Pennsylvania appear to be a unit on the proposition that Colonel Duffey is not only a fine holder and heady player, but one of the best stickers in the Democratic league. Even Colonel Bryan will admit that Colonel Guffey sticks.

Should Judge Grosscup retire from the federal bench, it is possible that a nice, profitable easy job might be found awaiting him some place.

The Anti-Saloon league and the temperance people are already engaged in digging a nice, rectangular political grave for Mr. Dean of state senatorial aspirations.

Monday a Philadelphia man accidentally slashed his wrist with a carving knife at the breakfast table. Two hours later his wife broke one of her legs. About the same time a son muffed a high thrown ball and suffered a broken nose. Before noon an older sister of the lad fell from a hammock and cut her scalp. Another boy of the family ran a rusty nail into one of his feet. Another member of the family got a shoe button in his nose about supper time, and shortly thereafter his young sister fell down stairs and broke one of her arms. The Quaker City may be a slow town, but when a hoodoo gets to working there it certainly goes some.

The way representatives of other powers are getting out of Venezuela, it's only a matter of time till Castro will have to go outside to get somebody with whom to quarrel.

Every head of every department is absent from Washington, but the business will go ahead just the same so long as the chief clerks are holding down their jobs.

After reading the accounts of Quebec's reception and entertainment of the Prince of Wales, it's hard to figure out that the Dominion is laying awake o'nights to think how happy it will be when it is a part of a republic.

Candidate Taft should cut out those hero stunts. Look where they left Mr. Fairbanks.

Colonel Bryan's trip to Chicago, last week, was discribed as a triumphant procession. That's the trouble with the gifted but unfortunate son of Nebraska. He always pulls off his triumphant procession too soon in the game to give his earnest followers a chance to connect with the pie counter.

It's unfair to say that nobody takes Mr. Watson's candidacy seriously. There's Mr. Watson.

It is possible that the Sultan of Turkey may have a breathing spell. The Turkish women will be so occupied for a time in seeing what each other looks like that they will not think of woman's suffrage.

That expert cook who says eggs can be scrambled when they can not be used any other way has possibly never tried his hand at omelet.

Vice President Fairbank's address at Quebec shows that he has learned his lesson, and instructed his secretary not to roam about too freely in history in preparing his speeches.

It's a mighty poor sort of a divorce case in New York City which can't develop a case or two of subornation of perjury.

Another suspicious circumstance about that "surprise" at Cincinnati, Tuesday, is that Mr. Taft was all dressed up in his store clothes just as though he might have been tipped off that something of the kind might happen.

Colonel Bryan could make a hit by giving Miss Democracy a plain "yes" to her latest leap-year offering, but he is hardly liable to do it.

The Mauretania made a record run of 585 knots in twenty-four hours on her eastern trip this week. One of these days one of the two big Cunarders may make a fairly good news item by making a trip without fracturing a record.

Now that Taft has assured us that he won't back out, let's get down to business and hustle.

"The phrenologist who has asserted that Taft's bumps are ahead of Bryan's," asserts the Washington Post, "certainly can not mean that Taft has received more than his opponent."

Abdul Hamid says he has kept himself secluded for thirty-one years for fear of assassination And all the time the world has thought that it was to keep out of the way of his creditors

It is hardly probable that there will be a "Society of Sons and Daughters of Diplomats Excluded from Venezuela." Its membership would be too general to make it desirable, even were it of international scope.

Although Reshid Effendi has no objection to the occupation of the throne by Abdul Hamid, he doesn't propose to permit the latter to overlook the fact that there is a sort of a string tied to it.

Although we have the utmost faith in Judge Parker's statement that he will support the ticket, the possibility of the judge working overtime doing it has never struck us with any great degree of force.

Too Much Optimism.

The newspapers are talking about a "chestnut blight" We hope it hits the worms.—Toledo Blade.

PARAGRAPHIC GEMS.

Hit at The Hub.

No such affairs as that shooting up of a Boston suburb has occurred in the Wild West in many years.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Fine Notice.

From the time he is devoting to it no doubt Mr. Taft is going to give the Democratic platform a corking literary notice.—Denver Republican.

A Possibility.

It may be that Speaker Cannon will think more of forest preservation if he is forced to retire to the tall timber next fall.—Cleveland Leader.

Among Also Rans.

England claims the lead in telegraph and telephone wires, but when it comes to a United States presidential campaign.—Columbus Press-Post.

His Money an Orator.

Before sailing for Europe the other day, Thomas Fortune Ryan said he had "nothing to say on the subject" *It is unnecessary for Mr. Ryan to talk.* His money does the shouting —Los Angeles Times.

City Pays Freight.

The see-saw of martial success at Tabriz is one of the most exciting games on the boards. First the government is up and then the revolutionists, the ancient city in the center always getting the worst of it.—Columbus Dispatch.

THE SAGE MILLIONS.

Mrs. Russell Sage is having a happy time with the Sage millions. She is enjoying disposing of the vast fortune left by her husband because she is doing good with it. Almost every day the dispatches tell of some gift to philanthropy or charity. Her giving is governed by good sense, is not done ostentatiously but with the determination to do the greatest possible good.

While Mrs. Sage has given liberally to colleges, libraries and the like she does not overlook minor matters She is especially interested in the children of New York and is doing much to add to their happiness as well as to aid them in helping themselves She has established an industrial school and plans many treats for the children, many of them inexpensive for one who controls millions, but all tending to bring sunshine into the lives of those whose opportunities for enjoyment are limited.

It is her many thoughtful acts which are endearing her to the people of the metropolis. For instance, she has assumed the cost of planting a quantity of rhododendrons in Central park, adding beauty to that delightful spot and giving pleasure to the thousands who go there. She is fertile in plans to make surroundings more beautiful and people happy.

It is gratifying that such a woman has so much money to spend. Her pleasure is in her methods of giving and she finds her own happiness increasing in proportion as she gives joy to others. Her sensible philanthropies make an excellent example for others of large means and the country hopes she will live many years to enjoy her giving and bless mankind —Toledo Blade.

A RANK PESSIMIST.

Stuyvesant Fish, the well known capitalist and railroad magnate, is a pessimist of the first water and is foolish about it, too. On the eve of his departure for Europe to enjoy the summer he delivered himself of a dismal wail on conditions here based on his observations at fashionable and frivolous Newport, where many of the freakish rich are wont to congregate.

Mr. Fish says there is no indication of a business revival; he looks for a louder chorus of the hard-times cry; August will be dull in all lines; net profits of railroads will be small, due to the excessive wages demanded by labor; wealthy people are practicing economy and are stretching their credit instead of letting go of their money

We hasten to assure those of our readers who may be influenced by the croakings of Mr. Fish that Newport does not comprise all of the United States and that outside the sacred precincts of that somewhat notorious summer resort there is a considerable part of the country which Mr. Fish has possibly not taken into consideration, and outside of Newport conditions are not so deplorable

Wages are good; thousands of idle men are going to work; factories and mills are resuming operations; the farmers are harvesting one of the biggest crops the country has ever produced; the banks are full of money; empty freight cars are getting busy and this, too, before the demand for moving crops, there is a better feeling among business men and an optimism which is country-wide in its sweep—except, of course, it does not include fashionable Newport.

The hardships now being endured in Newport will bring tears to the eyes of the nation. On the authority of Mr. Fish some of the poor people of that stricken village have felt it necessary to cut down their living expenses to $50,000 a year! This is serious. It possibly means fewer diamonds and a decrease in the number of monkey dinners. Some of the people may be compelled to get along with only a half dozen automobiles. Is it any wonder that Mr. Fish sailed for Europe? No doubt he is cutting down expenses.

To prove that Mr Fish is not to be taken seriously it is only necessary to call attention to his other statement that it is more difficult for those who have been living on an income of $250,000 a year to scale their expenditures down to a reduced income of $50,000 than for those who have been living on $15 a week to come down to $10. The millionaire, in reducing expenses, cuts off some of his luxuries, but the family which must live on $10 a week instead of $15 must retrench on absolute necessities. In the one instance it is retrenching in steam yachts, expensive furnishings and costly banquets, while in the other it means cutting off decent clothing and a style of living necessary to the well being of an American family.—Toledo Blade.

OLD AGE PENSION BILL.

The English nation has so long seen the old age pension act coming that its practical approval by the house of lords will cause little or no surprise. The bill, which is now assured of enactment by the lords, in concurrence with the house of commons, establishes a noncontributory pension scheme and provides for a pension of five shillings ($1.20) a week for men and women who are seventy years old or over and who are not in receipt of an income of over ten shillings a week from other sources. Those already chargeable to the poor laws are not to receive any benefit of the law. With these eliminations it is estimated that 572,000 people will receive pensions which are to be payable at the inland revenue offices scattered throughout the country. The first year, it is estimated by treasury officials that the new law will cost the government 7,500,000 pounds sterling—approximately $37,500,000.

The progress and promised success of the pension bill illustrates how circumstances may sometimes give one party credit for what another party has been in large measure responsible for. The Conservatives were the first to propose the old age pensions, and under the Tory governments that preceded the present Liberal regime most of the preliminary educational work was done, paving the way to popular acceptance of the idea embodied in the bill that is now assured of success in the upper house of parliament. It is the belief of many that had it not been for the war with the Boers the old age pension scheme would have been enacted into law by the government preceding the present one, and the Liberals, now credited with the legislation, would have had but an insignificant part, or none at all, in the radical innovation.

The old age pension bill has been hotly attacked in England for its obvious socialistic tendencies, but the nation was evidently ready for it and these criticisms availed nothing. There may be sound sense in the claim of its opponents that the nation will have to find new sources of income to meet the treasury drain, and that the enactment will mean eventually a resort to protection.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CAMPAIGN PUBLICITY.

It might be supposed, from the noise made by Mr. Bryan on the subject of publishing a list of party campaign contributions, that he represents all the virtue that can be discovered in this connection. It was only the other day that he felt called on to explain that neither he personally or his paper received any part of the campaign cash sent to Nebraska four years ago on the strength of the representation to the Parker campaign managers that Bryan would try to carry the Nebraska legislature as a senatorial candidate. As Nebraska's majority against Parker was no less than 86,000 it must be remarked that whatever became of the money, it was obtained by false pretenses. An immense amount of money was invested in the Bryan campaign fund of 1896 by the silver mining interests, for Bryan's success meant unlimited profits for them.

The worst plague spot in the United States for a campaign corruption fund is Tammany, an organization without which the Democratic party would be in a hopeless condition in the State of New York, and nationally Tammany rolls in campaign money, a fact that could be guessed from the enormous expenditures and huge salary list of New York City, whose debt is rapidly approaching $1,000,000,000. What chance is there that Tammany will ever publish a true statement of its financing of a campaign? Not one dollar in twenty that is spends in political work will ever see the light of print. Mr. Bryan claims that he was beaten by the use of money in 1896 and 1900, but the popular plurality against him was first 600,000 and then 800,000, and he must have a low idea of the integrity of the American people if he thinks these verdicts were purchased. The Republican party can better afford to face the publicity issue, both as to the past and the present, than can any of the combines with which Bryan has been identified. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

INVADING LABRADOR.

The bleak wilds of Labrador, have been less known to explorers than the jungles of central Africa. Among the most thrilling of narratives are the accounts of the efforts to penetrate the inner regions of this uninviting peninsula. These efforts have been made by small parties of explorers, individuals who have undertaken the heroic task of the love of adventure. But now an organized attempt to explore and study Labradorian conditions is to be made. Five Massachusetts scientists left Boston last Thursday in the little schooner Lorna Doone bound for St. John, Newfoundland. They will be joined by other scientists at that port and the united party will then sail directly for the forbidden peninsula where *they expect to remain at least three months.* Their work will include a revision of the maps of the interior, an inquiry into the habits and conditions of the scattered inhabitants, and such other observations as are usual to scientific expeditions. It is interesting to note that the Lorna Doone, the little schooner which will convey the party, is the property of that heroic missionary physician of Labrador, Dr. W. T. Grenfell, whose labors in aid of humanity in the land of dreary distances have necessitated a high type of courage backed by an almost pathetic unselfishness. The schooner will stop at Battle Harbor and probably at other points where the Grenfell hospitals are located, having a large consignment of supplies for these institutions of mercy.

Slowly the mystery of wilderness and jungle is being cleared by the invasion of those pioneers of progress, the explorers. In a few years there will be no hidden places on the earth and the profession of the dauntless pathfinders will be gone. Australian wilds have been conquered, Africa is traversed by Caucasian trails, Tibet has been opened to the world, and now Labrador, that wildest and least inviting section of North America is to be mastered by this doughty scientific band.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CANADA'S BIG CROPS.

The dominion across the lakes is so largely agricultural in all sections that the crops count even more there than they do in the United States, as a governing force in business. Fat harvests mean good times over the border

That is what is promised now. It is estimated by the most competent authorities that the farmers of Canada will receive $100,000,000 more for the products of their land than they were paid in 1907. The hay and fruit of the dominion have been exceptionally good this year, and grains easily surpass the yield of last season. In wheat alone the difference will amount to many millions of dollars. Manitoba counts upon a crop of 115,000,000 bushels, which will be a gain of sixty or seventy per cent. over the harvest of 1907.

If the agricultural products of Canada are worth $100,000,000 more than the yield last year the gain will amount to about $16 for every inhabitant, or $80 for every family of five persons. That addition to the rate of wealth production in 1907 will count heavily in the purchasing power of the people of the business throughout the country. It will be felt on thiss ide of the international boundary as one of the influences restoring full prosperity in the United States.—Cleveland Leader.

Pensioning Mrs. Cleveland.

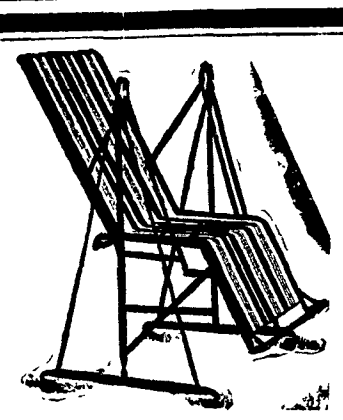
The Blade cannot understand why any question should be raised about granting the usual pension to the widow of President Cleveland. The custom was established at the time of the assassination of President Lincoln, although the pension given Mrs. Lincoln was but $3,000 a year. The sum was increased to $5,000 and this amount was paid Mrs. Grant and Mrs. McKinley and is being paid Mrs. Garfield. It is understood Mrs. Harrison is not pensioned by the government as she married Mr. Harrison after his *term of office had expired*

It is to be regretted that certain persons and newspapers have even started the discussion or raised a question concerning the pensioning of Mrs. Cleveland. Whether Mr. Cleveland left a large or a small estate has nothing to do with it, neither is it a matter of politics, but of custom, and the custom is proper and right and is typical of the feeling of Americans for the widows of chief executives.

Grover Cleveland served two terms as president and left a record honorable to himself and creditable to the country. Mrs. Cleveland was one of the sweetest and most popular women who ever presided over the executive mansion, and there should be no objection from any quarter to congress giving her the customary $5,000 a year whether she needs it or not.—Toledo Blade.

Heavenly pedestrians probably won't have to dodge automobiles.

One year's work of a man's brain may be ruined by his tongue in a few seconds.



Ask Him!!!

Don't take our word for it. Picture the man reposing peacefully in a

COMFORT CHAIR

and see the "smile that won't come off. COMFORT CHAIRS rest you all over—head, back, limbs and feet. You just relax and take complete rest the minute you sit in them. Change position as freely and often as you like. It's entirely automatic. The chair simply moves as you do.

$3.75 TO $5.00
THIS WEEK ONLY

McCLAIN'S.

ORGANIZATION OF WORKERS AT WALDO

A Big Mass Meeting Held at the Village.

THE FUNERAL OF AN AGED RESIDENT

Mrs. Catherine Smith Dies at Waldo. Mrs. Peter Moyer Is Called to Lancaster by the Death of Her Father — Some Notes Gathered During the Week.

Waldo, July 31.—[Special.]—A very successful mass meeting was held by the Anti-Saloon league at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon. Rev. W. McK Brackney delivered a splendid temperance address, a chorus of about thirty voices furnished the singing, and Rev. C. C. Coil after a short talk on the subject effected a township organization with the following officers: President, Mayor George Cook ;secretary, Samuel Allmendinger; treasurer, William Kraner; executive committeeman, James Emery.

The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Smith was held Saturday at the M. E. church. Mrs. Smith was one of the older residents of Waldo, being at the time of her death about seventy-six years of age. At least forty-six years of her life had been spent at Waldo. Those in attendance from out of town were her grandsons, Otto, Walter and Howard Smith, of Marion; Mr. and Mrs. John Kinnamon, of Caledonia; Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Dennis, Mr and Mrs. Lewis Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Sails, of Ashley; Mr. and Mrs. Solon Granger and Mr. and Mrs. George Granger, of Westfield.

Mr. and Mrs Weston Luellen, of Marion, were Waldo visitors over Sunday.

Miss Grace Munsey, of Marion, spent several days this week as the guest of Miss Jessie Wyatt.

Mrs. Frank Rockefello and granddaughter little Miss Inma Brooks, of Huntington, Indiana, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith several days the past week.

Mrs. Laura Dombaugh and Miss Alice Dombaugh, of Marion, visited Friday at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Robert Dombaugh Miss Alice Dombaugh remained for several days.

Mrs. Mary Benedict, of Marlboro, was the guest of her son, D. W. Benedict, and family Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Vivian Knickle visited in Marion Tuesday.

Will Fralick was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Miss Ellen Magenis, of Indianapolis, is the guest of the Misses Stark east of town.

Mrs. William Michel returned, Saturday, from a visit of several days with her daughter at Marion.

Miss Pearl Smith returned, Saturday, from a pleasant visit of five weeks with friends at Portland, Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Knickle were Marion visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Peter Moyer received word, Sunday, of the sudden death of her father, John Reynolds, of near Lancaster. Saturday night Mrs. Moyer left immediately for Lancaster where she will remain the greater part of the week.

Miss Hattie Van Horn who has been staying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Akrom for some time was called to her home at Cardington, Saturday, by the death of her father, Harrison Van Horn.

The Misses Lillian and May Katz and Miss Young, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Gabler, Sunday.

Rev. Mr and Mrs. C. C. Soil were Waldo visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Myers, of Marion, and Miss Olive Myers, of Bellville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Anspach, north of town.

Otto Apt, of Mt. Gilead, druggist and pharmacist, is looking for a room in which to open a drug store in Waldo. Jacob Strine, former druggist here, but now of Columbus, is here invoicing his stock of drugs with a view of selling to Mr. Apt.

Mrs. M. J. Money and daughter, Margaret, of Prospect, visited Monday with Mrs. Ellen Miller.

Dr. Dennis Welch, of Ashley, who recently graduated from a dental college, has located at Waldo and occupies the B. Frey room near the bank.

Miss Zannie Gillet left, Tuesday, with a party of Marion friends for a trip to Niagara Falls and other points in the East.

Mrs. Ellen Miller and her guests, Mrs. Harriet Hoke and Miss Effie Gillet, of Kansas City, and Miss Florence Targett, of Newark, left Monday for a trip to Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Harr, of Mechanicsburg, are guests of their sons, Edward and Dole Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cook and daughter, Mae Cook, have returned home after a visit of a month at Lee Summit, Missouri, and other places in the Middle West.

Dr. Ella Welch and Miss Florence Maloney, of Ashley, were guests of Dr. Dennis Welch, Wednesday.

Little Miss Ruth Meiley, of Marion, is the guest of Lucile Benedict this week

Mrs. S. T. Elliott, of Marion, and Mrs. Wilson Coleman, of Hamlet, Indiana, visited at Waldo, Thursday. Mrs. Coleman remained over Sunday.

Mrs. J. L. Lunger and daughter, Cleo, of Marion, visited at the home of C Emery, east of town, Thursday.

Mrs. F Augustine and Miss Bertha Augustine were Marion visitors Thursday.

The Lewis Grocery.

Bushels of Fruit

Every morning now.

Tomorrow Sure

Huckleberries $3 75
Blackberries.....$2.75 up
Plums, bushel.....$1.35

Good Canteloupes, Peaches, Lemons, Oranges, Bananas, etc.

R. T. LEWIS & CO.

PARTY ENTERTAINED AT DECLIFF HOME

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. LaRue Host and Hostess.

DeCliff, July 31.—[Special.]—A company of young people was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W P LaRue, Friday evening. Music and various games were enjoyed. Light refreshments were served. Those present were Vida Roux, Gladys Roux, Mildred Day, George Wilson, Don Clements, Clarence LaRue, Alvin LaRue, Harley LaRue, Lawrence Goodwin, of DeCliff; Myrtle Wilson, of Agosta; Faye Hesser, Alice McElhenny, James Carey, of La Rue; Alma Church, of Marion, and Alberta Correlious, of near Columbus.

Mrs William Holden and son, Paul, spent Thursday in Kenton.

Miss Florence Miller and Miss Hope Corey visited Wednesday and Thursday in Marion.

Mrs. Edward Morton and daughter, Helen, are visiting Mr. and Mrs I. L. Dickason.

Mrs. L. V. Wilson was a Kenton visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Byron Sordon and children were Marion visitors Saturday.

An ice-cream social will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John James the afternoon and evening of August 11.

Guy Miller, of La Rue, was a visitor at this place Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Sprague and children visited in Marion from Saturday until Monday.

Clyde Kohn, of Springfield, is visiting her sister, Mrs. William Holden.

Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Dickason and daughter, Esther, spent Sunday in Kenton.

Mrs. Ulysis Miller and son, LeRoy, and Mrs. Daniel Stauffer spent Sunday with Mrs. Frank Avery, of north of Scott Town.

Miss Hazel Messenger, of near Upper Sandusky, spent Tuesday in this place.

Mrs Lyman Dickason and Bernice Sharpe, of LaRue, and Genivive Mattox, of Marion, visited at the home of Otto Roux, Wednesday.

G. G. Miller was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. Samuel Buskirk, of Fairfield, was the guest of Mrs. J. W. Winegard, Sunday.

Men never make mistakes—after the undertaker gets busy with them.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RINGLING BROTHERS PRESENT A THRILLER

Double Somersault Is Turned in Auto.

PARALYZING ACT OF LA BELLE ROCHE

Young French Woman Seated in a Heavy Automobile Plunges Down a Steep and Slender Track—Machine Accomplishes Two Complete Somersaults.

There at last has been brought forth under the canvas of Ringling Brothers' World's Greatest shows an act which for utter recklessness in the face of danger and for nerve that passes understanding, establishes a new record in thrilling exploits.

La Belle Roche, a young French woman, seated in a heavy automobile, plunges down a steep and slender track, is hurled high in air by the abrupt termination of the track in an upward curve, leaps a gap of fifty feet during which the machine accomplishes two complete somersaults, and alights on a spring platform with dreadful impact.

It is the first time in the history of this sort of circus sensations that either a bicycle or an automobile has achieved a double somersault in mid-air. Description of the act defies the powers of English. It is a brief moment of exquisite suspense that pinches the heart and whitens the face; nerves are drawn to the snapping point. The relief of the audience when the act is finished in safety is expressed in shouts of applause, the clapping of hands and waving of handkerchiefs.

The danger of the act is apparent to all beholders. As the car makes its frightful leap into space a tragedy seems inevitable. The first turn is made, but this only intensifies the suspense. For the fraction of a second the automobile apparently pauses in air as though summoning all its energy for the final revolution. This for the audience is the critical moment, and many avert their eyes, death to the young woman seeming certain. As gracefully as a bird wings its flight the second somersault is turned and with a crash the heavy car hits the runway and exhausts its force on the track.

It is truly a wonderful performance that Ringling Brothers are this year offering their patrons. The circus is supreme in size and strength and, having gathered together the best talent of the world's arenas, with careful regard for what is new and novel, it is not strange that the circus is attracting larger crowds this season and giving more satisfaction than has any other circus in the history of the business.

When the show reaches Marion, Monday, August 10, it will begin the day's festivities with a parade newly built and more attractive than those of former seasons.

LEADING TWIRLER REPORTED KILLED

Untimely Death of Lee Garvin at St. Joseph.

Relatives of Lee Garvin, of Lee's Summit, Missouri, one of the leading twirlers of the Southern baseball league, have received an unconfirmed message through a western newspaper dispatch that he had been killed at St. Joseph, Missouri. The report remains unconfirmed.

The young man is a son of the late William Garvin, who for many years was a buggy manufacturer at Adelaide. He was born and reared at Adelaide.

ENOS HOLMES DIES AT LARUE WEDNESDAY

Death Comes After a Very Long Illness.

LaRue, July 29.—[Special.]—Enos Holmes died at the home of his son, Newman Holmes, at 1.30 o'clock today. Mr. Holmes was sixty-seven years of age and had been ill for some time. At noon today he suffered a hemorrhage of the lungs which caused his death. He leaves one son. His wife died several years ago.

Repairs to Vault.

As to the repairs which are being made at the Marion cemetery vault structure, the vault proper is in no way affected. The repairs are confined to the ornamental peak over the front of the corridor leading to the vault. Some of the cement had shown signs of weakening and the peak is being removed and rebuilt. The vault proper is as strong as the day it was built, in fact under ordinary conditions could hardly be otherwise.

Annual Reunion.

The annual reunion of the 136th regiment, O. V. I., will be held in Garfield park in East Marion, Thursday, August 27. A very nice program of entertainment for the members of the regiment and their families has been arranged.

Mrs. Martha Wolfe, of west Center street, was overcome by the heat at 12 o'clock Wednesday. Mrs. Wolfe was at work in her kitchen when suddenly she swooned. Dr. D O. Weeks was called and rendered the proper medican attention and she soon recovered.

MRS. DAVIS EJECTED AT PROSPECT

Refuses To Vacate a House and Constable Acts.

Sitting in the shade in a rocking chair, with a pitcher of water by her side, surrounded on all sides by her few household effects, was Mrs. Catharine Davis, eighty-six years old, who was ejected from a house at Prospect, Wednesday morning.

Some time ago Mack Roberts sold the property Mrs. Davis occupied to Clarence Herr and agreed to have it vacated at a certain date. According to Constable Thomas, of the court of Justice Noah Gast, efforts have been made to get the old lady to move for two or three months. She refused to do so, with the result that papers of ejectment were issued.

DEATH OF FORMER MARION RESIDENT

Thomas E. Tootle Dies at St. Joseph, Missouri.

A telegram received, Wednesday, announces the death of Thomas Eggleston Tootle, one of the wealthiest residents of St Joseph, Missouri, his fortune being estimated at $2,000,000. Mr Tootle was born in this city eighty-eight years ago and was for many years a well-known and prosperous resident here. He will be remembered by a great many of the older residents of the city.

ARRESTS ARE MADE BY ERIE DETECTIVE

Roy Cubbison and Albert O'Neil Are in Custody.

GRAND LARCENY CHARGE IS MADE

The Young Men Enter a Plea of Not Guilty and Are Sent to Jail—William Cubbison and John Stephens Now Claim They Are Guilty and Want Others Released.

Roy Cubbison and Albert O'Neil were arrested by Detective Hostetter, of the Erie Railroad company, at Richwood, Tuesday afternoon, and brought to this city to answer to a charge of grand larceny preferred by E. C. Curry, superintendent of the Erie police. They were arraigned before Justice C. E. Gompf, Wednesday, pleaded not guilty, and their hearing was set for Thursday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Their arrest was brought about by William Cubbison and John Stephens, who were held to the grand jury last Friday, in the sum of $300 each on a charge of stealing brass valued at $40. At the preliminary hearing they implicated the two young men arrested at Richwood. Roy Cubbison is a brother of William Cubbison.

The brass was stolen the night of Tuesday, July 21. Five men were arrested by an Erie detective a few days later, including William Cubbison and Stephens. The other three were released. The two men held to the grand jury, however, claimed they did not steal the brass and accused Roy Cubbison and O'Neil. When the latter were locked in jail, Tuesday night, the first two men arrested denied their former statement that Roy Cubbison and O'Neil were implicated and made a confession to the effect that they took the brass. They have signified their willingness to make a written confession to free the young man arrested at Richwood and brought to this city.

RESIGNATION OF C. M. DOUTHITT

Mr. Douthitt To Take Course in Medicine.

C M Douthitt, physical director of the Y M C A., has tendered his resignation, to take effect September 1. He will enter the Ohio Starling Medical university in Columbus for a course in medicine.

Mr Douthitt has been physical director of the local association for a little over two years. He came here from Hamilton and during his residence here has made a host of friends. As an association worker and director of the physical department, Mr Douthitt has never had an equal in the city. He has promoted indoor and outdoor sports and given all sorts of entertainments along the physical lines. The fact that he is soon to leave the city is deeply regretted by his fellow workers and the members of the association. Mr. Douthitt intends going to college during the day and will teach in the Columbus association in the evenings. A successor to Mr. Douthitt has not yet been secured although Secretary J H. Oatey is in communication with several competent men.

AN AGREEMENT OF THE LOCAL GROCERS

Wish To Close Their Stores Friday Evenings.

Effort is being made among the grocers of the city to reach an agreement for closing their stores at 6 o'clock, Friday evenings. All other lines of business keep open only on Saturday and Monday evenings and the grocers wish to do likewise. If successful the plan will go into effect the first Friday of August.

PROVISIONS MADE FOR MRS. STEPHEN JOHNS

Husband Agrees To Pay Woman $2.50 a Week.

MUST ANSWER A CHARGE IN COURT

Mrs. Johns Complains of Her Husband Failing To Support an Infant and Causes His Arrest in the Probate Court of Crawford County. She Is Penniless.

Stephen Johns, a tenant of the J. Q. Gay farm north of this city, it has developed, was arrested here last week by the sheriff of Crawford county on a charge brought by his wife under the juvenile delinquency law in the probate court at Bucyrus, after she left him because, as she claimed, he had not taken a bath for two years and was brutal.

A week ago, Mrs. Johns, accompanied by her nursing babe, and a four-year-old daughter by a former marriage, left the Gay farm and went to the home of relatives at Glenville, near Bucyrus. Shortly afterward she went to Bucyrus and filed an affidavit against her husband to cause him to support his child. She also sought to obtain the household furniture, which, she claimed, had been bought by her dead husband. The Crawford county authorities advised her to see the sheriff of Marion county, and following Johns' arrest she came to this city, arriving here Monday. She was penniless. Her case was reported to the Marion county Humane society and Officer Ulsh endeavored to secure money from the husband to provide a place for the woman and her babe to sleep and eat. The husband employed Attorney J Wilbur Jacoby, who declared that Johns was willing to do anything for the child, but would not aid the wife.

"This woman cannot live and keep her babe alive, too, without anything to eat until the date set for the trial, and something must be done," urged the humane officer. "You know what it means to send her to the poorhouse."

The officer finally secured five dollars from the husband and father, who also agreed to pay $2 50 a week for the child's suport until the date of his trial. He also agreed to let her have the household furniture, and Wednesday Mrs. Johns left for her home at Glenville.

THE UNITED STATES FOREST SERVICE PLAN

Scheme To Use Worn-Out Farms of Country.

AN OHIO FARMER SUGGESTS THE PLAN

Planting of Trees on Old Farms Will Redeem Them in Time and Make a *Paying Proposition — Norway* Spruce Is To Be Used—Market for Them as Christmas Trees.

Washington, July 28.—The United States forest service has a plan for the utilization of the worn-out farms of the country—a scheme to make them a paying proposition. The idea is simply to plant trees.

An Ohio farmer suggested the scheme. He owns a homestead where farming has been a losing proposition. He has therefore decided to plant the entire tract with trees. Norway spruce has been selected as the tree, and as soon as they are large enough they will be sold for Christmas trees—and, by the way, Christmas trees bring first-class prices.

One of the fundamental principles of forest economics, say the experts, is that soil which is not good enough to make the growing of cereal crops profitable, should be devoted to the production of wood crops. This does not mean that trees grow better on poor soil than on fertile soil. But, in proportion to the money invested, better returns are secured from trees planted on the less valuable land.

The Ohio farmer mentioned above expects to plant chestnut in the blank spaces left after removal of the first crop of Christmas trees. About the time when the last spruce is cut, it is predicted that the chestnut will be ready for the ax. In addition, catalpa, black locust, elm, boxelder and sycamore will be planted. All of the trees mentioned are excellent for the purpose; growing well on less fertile land, and furnishing a comparatively quick return on the money invested.

DEMOCRATS NAME EDITOR FOR SENATE

T. A. Dean, of Fremont, Selected for the Place.

T. A. Dean, editor of the Fremont Messenger, was nominated for state senator by the Democrats of the Thirteenth senatorial district, assembled in convention at Fremont, Tuesday. Mr Dean was nominated on the first ballot, over the present incumbent, Senator Drake, and another candidate.

The nominee is well known in this city.

BUCKET OF TAR IS THE CAUSE OF FIRE

Man with Broom Keeps Fire in Control.

A blaze which threatened to do considerable damage to the Wiant block, on west Center street, occurred about 9 o'clock Wednesday. A man employed in tarring the roof of the building left a bucket of tar on a hand furnace to melt. While working near the rear of the building, the bottom melted off the bucket and the tar caught fire near the front of the roof. The man kept the blaze from spreading over the roof by use of a broom with which he pounded out the flames. The fire department was called and a line of hose was laid. But little damage was done.

MRS. AMBROSE HUNT DIES AT FT. WAYNE

Mrs. Hunt Is Well Known in This City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A Miller went to Fort Wayne, Wednesday, being called there by the death of Mr. Miller's sister, Mrs Ambrose Hunt. The deceased was about sixty-five years old and leaves five sons to mourn her demise. She was well known here, having visited at the Miller home several times. The funeral was held Thursday morning.

THE PRESIDENT WILL TAKE NEUTRAL STAND

Decides Not To Mix in Local or State Politics.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF SECRETARY LOEB

President Will See Visitors from Time to Time All Summer with Reference to Politics, but Will Maintain an Attitude of Strict Non-Interference in Political Affairs.

Oyster Bay, N Y., July 29.—"Hands off" is to be the attitude of President Roosevelt in local and state politics, according to an announcement made in this behalf by Secretary Loeb. That he will refrain form interference in the national fight Mr. Loeb would not say, evading the question in whatever form it was presented.

President Roosevelt's decision was made public in a statement by Secretary Loeb that Republican State Chairman Timothy Woodruff would be here today to confer with the president. Questioned as to the attitude of the executive in state affairs, he said:

"The president will see visitors from time to time all summer with reference to political matters, but he has determined to maintain an attitude of strict non-interference in them.

"President Roosevelt has been and doubtless will be appealed to by candidates for congress, the assembly and the senate as well as by candidates for the governorship but in each case he has adhered and will adhere to his policy of non-interference in politics."

To the question: "Will the president support Hughes?" Mr Loeb would reply only by saying: "The president wants to see Taft elected."

Mr Loeb's insistence on the term "local politics," appearing significant, he was asked point-blank: "Will the president take a hand in the national campaign?"

To this Mr Roosevelt's secretary refused to make reply.

JOHN WIXTEAD IS FOUND DEAD WEDNESDAY

Death Comes at the Home of His Daughter.

DEATH THE RESULT OF HEART TROUBLE

Lies Down on a Couch After Complaining of Feeling Ill—Is Found a Short Time Later—A Native of Ireland and a Resident of Marion Many Years.

John Wixtead, aged sixty-one years, was found dead on a couch at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Hayden of north Main street, shortly after noon hour Wednesday. He had lain down, placing a newspaper over his face, half an hour before. He was found by his son-in-law and baby granddaughter who went to call him for dinner. Death was due to heart trouble.

The deceased was born in Ireland, but had lived in this country a great many years. He was well known throughout the city and county. Two or three weeks ago he suffered an attack of heart trouble. Wednesday he complained of feeling ill, but was able to be up and around the house. About 11:30 o'clock he laid down on the couch, and, it is thought, died a few minutes later.

The children are Mrs. Marie Dunn, and Mrs. Emma Hayden.

Marrying a girl with money is the surest get-rich-quick scheme.

STORMS OF PAST WEEK DO DAMAGE AT MORRAL

Gardens Are Cut to Pieces and Crops Injured.

GEORGE CRIM TAKEN VERY SUDDENLY ILL

The Friends of Nicholas Kern Give Him a Very Pleasant Surprise in Celebration of an Anniversary of His Birth—Evening Is Given to Dancing—Some Morral Notes.

Morral, July 30.—[Special.]—The storms of the past week did a great amount of damage here. Gardens in the south part of town were literally cuts to pieces. Oats and corn were also badly damaged.

Misses Vera Beck and Hazel Lupton were Marion visitors Saturday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Fulton and daughter, Pearl, of Green Camp, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Leo Berry.

Miss Iva Williams, of north of town, is seriously ill of tuberculosis of the brain.

Mrs. Charles Ferguson visited her parents, Mr and Mrs. Frank McIntire, southwest of town, last week.

Harry Crim is home from Akron.

C. D. Hudson was a visitor in Marion Monday.

Howard Virden and Samuel Morral, of Scott Town, were visitors in Morral, Tuesday.

George Crim was taken suddenly ill, Tuesday morning, while at work on S B. Creasap's house.

Frank Knapp, of Marion, was here Monday.

Miss Edna Wood attended a picnic at Hepburn, Wednesday.

David Parker has returned from a visit at Delaware.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hartman and daughter, Grace; Mr and Mrs. Conrad Hartman and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. DeRoche were visitors at Harpster, Sunday.

Evangelist Swearingen, of Delaware, preached two very able sermons at the M. E. church, Sunday.

The friends of Nicholas Kern gave him a very pleasant surprise, Tuesday evening, it being his birthday anniversary. Dancing was enjoyed by the young people.

Opal, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Burley, is quite sick.

George Drake has so far recovered as to be able to sit up a part of each day.

Miss Beaulah Cottrell who has been attending summer school at Marion has returned home.

Mrs. C. H. Postle and son, Lawrence, have returned from a visit with relatives in Columbus.

Mrs. F. J. Ten Eick and Mrs. J. H. Bardon and daughter, Helen, have returned home from Mt. Clemens, Michigan.

Mrs. George L. Goulding, of Denver, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. D. Hudson, left for Ravenna Wednesday, where she will visit before returning home.

Miss Mildred White, of Bucyrus, and Miss Perry, of Delaware, visited at Morral, Wednesday.

Byron Bender has returned to his home in Delaware after a visit at the home of O. Washburn.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Deal Tuesday.

Miss Beaulah Cottrell has returned from a visit with Miss Edythe Wilson of south of town.

Miss Marie Welsh has returned from a visit with Miss Ethel Jolley of Richwood.

Mrs. John Brandt and daughter, Mrs Ida Smythe, of Upper Sandusky and son, Samuel Brandt, and wife, of guests at the home of E. T Berkley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Mercer have moved their household goods here from Dayton and will make Morral their future home.

Mrs Goon, of Marion, visited her daughter, Mrs. V. R. Lewis, last week.

Mrs Clarence Cook and son, Karl, and Mrs. George Jolley and son, Ralph, visited in Upper Sandusky, Saturday and Sunday.

V. R Lewis and son, Vernon, have returned from a visit with relatives in Virginia.

Miss Roma Welsh was the guest of Miss Mae Dinkle, at Mononcue, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Mildred Willis, of Upper Sandusky, is visiting at the home of E. Wilson, south of town.

S. M. Stouffer and son, Dwight, were Marion visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Fowler, of Harpster, were guests at the home of C. D. Hudson Sunday evening.

Sheldon Warner left for Niagara Falls Tuesday.

ODD FELLOWS WILL HOLD A BIG PICNIC

Program Arranged for a Tri-County Affair.

The tri-county I. O. O. F. annual picnic will be held at Wooley park, Ashley, August 20, when nearly all of the lodges of Marion, Delaware and Union counties will be present. Many Odd Fellows from Morrow county are also expected to attend.

A parade, addresses by prominent members of the order, music, songs and recitations in the auditorium, and races and other amusements are being planned.

GENTRY BROTHERS' DOUBLE THEIR SHOW

They Have Twice as Many Animals as Last Year.

For the past nineteen years the Gentry brothers have furnished the most refined, and highest-class entertainment ever presented under canvas to the amusement-loving public of this country. Each year they have gotten together a larger show, and each year they have grown in popularity. Knowing that the public is always on the lookout for something that is new, novel and up-to-date, they have this season eclipsed all former efforts, and provided a show that is without its equal upon the road today. Every part of the attraction is positively larger than on any previous occasion, the parade is twice as long, there are twice as many animals, and double the number of big circus acts which are now one of the big features. The show is billed to appear here Thursday, August 4.

Coming Picnic.

The Frances Willard W C. T. U. will hold a picnic at the fairground, Tuesday evening, August 4. Members are urged to be present, also to bring their friends and children and well-filled lunch baskets. The members will gather directly after the afternoon service at the tent for lunch.

JAMES E. SULLIVAN IS CONGRATULATED

President Roosevelt Sends His Best Wishes.

PLEASED WITH TEAM AT OLYMPIC GAMES

President Says He Would Like To Shake Hands with Every Member of the Team and the Commissioner Representing America in the Games—Return of the Team.

New York, July 28.—President Roosevelt from his home at Oyster Bay has forwarded the following cablegram for transmission to James E. Sullivan, the American commissioner to the Olympic games in London:

"Heartiest congratulations to you and the team. Wish I could shake hands with each man.

"Theodore Roosevelt."

It is not at all improbable that President Roosevelt will have his wish. When the Olympic victors return to New York, it is planned to give them a reception that will live in the annals of American sports for many a long year and it is probable that the man at the head of the welcoming throng will be President Roosevelt. Governor Hughes has already expressed his pleasure at the victory of the team and, by his secretary, Robert Fuller, has signified his willingness to take part in a great demonstration on their arrival.

Secretary Loeb has practically admitted that the team would either visit Oyster Bay on their return or the president would be on hand to welcome them to New York. The latter, it is believed, is the most likely.

In addition to the president and he governor, however, it is expected that there will be a score of prominent men here from all over the nation to welcome the athletes.

Acting in part for the city authorities, Patrick J. Conway, president of the Irish-American Athletic club, has already sent invitations to all the larger colleges of the country, to participate by delegations in the athletes' homecoming.

BIRTHS.

Born, Tuesday night a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. John Stark, of Mark street.

A son was born, July 24, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bolander, of Willow street.

A son was born, Thursday, July 23, to Mr. and Mrs. Cleo Brown, of the Boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald, residing two miles south of the city, are the parents of a son born Monday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Huhill of Reed avenue, Monday.

A daughter was born, Tuesday, to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Wood, residing near Big Island.

A daughter was born, Thursday, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Price, of Windsor street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Clarence A. McClellan, of Springfield, and Gertrude Westwood, of this city; Jesse A. Durfey and Mabel Jones, of Green Camp.

A marriage license has been issued to Ira Schrock and Lucile Landon.

A marriage license has been issued to Mrs. Ida Ash and William H. Book. Their ages appear on the record as thirty-nine and thirty-eight, respectively. The bride has twice been married before.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Hazel Bridge and Clyde Gibson, both of this city.

CANDIDATES NAMED BY PROHIBITIONISTS

Meeting Is Held in the City Mission Rooms.

RESOLUTIONS AS TO THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Sunday Baseball Condemned—Party Pledges the Enforcement of All Laws—Those Who Are Selected for Places on the County Ticket—Invitation Extended to Citizens.

The Prohibitionists of Marion county held their mass convention in the City Mission rooms, Monday, and nominated candidates for the county offices. The convention selected J. B. Bolander, chairman, and John Jacoby as secretary.

The following nominations were made: Representative, James B. Bolander; auditor, John D. McKisson; treasurer, Albert F. Philbrick; probate judge, William T. Owen; clerk of courts, Myranda A. Bever; recorder, Benjamin F. Davis; surveyor, Otial A. Parr; sheriff, Alfred D. Pickering, commissioners, Sherman Maxwell, David C Gardner, John D. Landgrabe; infirmary directors, George Bolander, William Smith, Milton Marsh.

The following resolutions were adopted by the convention:

"The Prohibition party of Marion county in convention assembled, renews its pledges of loyalty and fidelity to the declaration of principles as set forth in the platforms of the state and national conventions, held at Columbus, July 13 to 16, 1908, and further pledge for our candidate for representative to the state legislature, if elected to the next general assembly of our state to introduce at the earliest possible opportunity a joint resolution favoring the submitting to the voters of an amendment to the constitution of the state of Ohio forever prohibiting the manufacture, importation, exportation and transportation of beverage liquor.

"We pledge for our candidate for sheriff the enforcement of all laws, especially the Sunday laws which have been so flagrantly violated in the past year, namely by the Sunday baseball games.

"We invite to full party fellowship all citizens who agree with us."

FATHER AND SON ARE ARRESTED AT AGOSTA

People Attracted to the Hickman Home by Screams.

MARSHAL PUTS IN AN APPEARANCE SOON

Tunis and Walter Hickman Are Locked Up—Mrs. Hickman Says She Is Dragged About the House by the Hair—Men Are Drunk, It Is Alleged—Wife To Go Home.

Attracted by the screams of Mrs. Walter Hickman, a bride of less than a year, neighbors ran to the Hickman home at Agosta, Wednesday night after 11 o'clock to be met at the doorway, they say, by the woman's husband with a rifle threatening to kill the first person who attempted to cross the threshold. Tunis and Walter Hickman, father and son, were later arrested by Marshal Harry Snyder and locked up. Neither offered resistance when the marshal made his appearance.

According to the story told by Mrs. Hickman her husband and his father came home late. Both had been drinking, she claimed. Soon afterward husband and wife quarreled. The old man interfered, Mrs. Hickman says, and after knocking her down, dragged her about the room by the hair. Her screams aroused the neighbors, a number of whom were soon on the scene. When they saw Walter Hickman in the door with a gun the marshal was notified and both men were placed under arrest.

Mrs Hickman, who is soon to become a mother, informed the mayor Thursday she would go to the home of her parents in Cincinnati. She became acquainted with her husband about a year ago while he was visiting in Cincinnati. They were married after a brief courtship and came to Agosta to live. Mrs. Hickman is a young woman of good appearance, and is highly regarded by the people of Agosta.

MORPHINE TABLETS EATEN BY INFANT

Little Son of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Buller, of LaRue.

LaRue, July 30.—[Special.]—Owen, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Buller, three miles south of here, ate several morphine tablets, Tuesday evening, and came near losing his life. A physician was called and worked with the child all night and part of Wednesday, and the child is now thought to be out of danger.

Buy Beatty & Long's all solid $2.00 work shoes hanging in front of store at $1.69—see window.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

YOUNG PEOPLE GIVE FRIENDS A SURPRISE

Miss O'Donnell and Mr. I. D. Smith United.

GROOM FORMER RICHWOOD MAN

Marriage Service Is Performed at Covington—An Automobile Tour Through the East—Mrs. Carrie Ledley Begins a Suit for Divorce. Richwood Notes of Week.

Richwood, July 30.—[Special.]—I. D. Smith, a prominent merchant tailor, of Columbus, was married, Sunday, at Covington, Kentucky, to Miss Alice G. O'Donnell, of Columbus. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Smith, of Richwood, and is well known here. Mr. Smith and his bride made the trip to Covington, Sunday, in company with friends from Dayton, in the groom's touring car. A license was secured and the ceremony performed, after which the party started on an eastern tour. The marriage came as a surprise to the parents and friends of the happy couple.

Miss Jessie Jones, a teacher in the Richwood schools, returned home, Wednesday, from Chicago, where she has been taking a special course in music and art. Miss Jones has been absent several weeks and visited in Akron, Cleveland and other cities before going to Chicago.

Through her attorney, S. W. Van Winkle, of Richwood, Mrs. Carrie Ledley, of Essex, filed suit in the common pleas court of Union county, Tuesday, for a divorce from her husband, Edward Ledley, a blacksmith of Essex. Mrs. Ledley makes some sensational charges in her petition. She asks for temporary alimony. The case will be heard Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. C. G. Cameron and little daughter, Mr. Carpenter and Miss Carpenter, of Indianapolis, spent a few days with Dr. Cameron's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Cameron, of east Bomford street, last week, leaving here for a trip through the East before returning home.

B. F. Carmean and family are attending the Chautauqua at Marysville, this week.

Miss Pearl Brown, an operator at the local telephone exchange, is enjoying a week's vacation at her home here.

Rev. William B. Phillips is at Marysville, this week, in attendance at the Chautauqua meetings.

Paul B. Van Winkle, who is employed in Columbus, returned to that city, Monday, after a visit with his parents here.

F. H. Thornhill has sold his tract of fourteen acres of land at the eastern end of Blagrove street to an Akron real estate firm and the land will soon be laid out in building lots.

Miss Clara Huberty, of Chicago, has been a guest at the Colver home on east Blagrove street, during the past week.

Rev. S. S. Fleming, pastor of the Methodist Protestant church, is spending the week with his family at Mt. Vernon. A reunion of the Fleming family will be held there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Burgner and daughter, Miss Mabel, of Paulding, are visiting Mrs. Burgner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Sidle, of west Ottawa street.

William Berke, who is employed as salesman in his father's clothing store here, is spending a two-weeks vacation at Cleveland and Cedar Point.

Mrs. Clarence Kinney and children returned to their home in Galion, Tuesday, after several weeks' visit with Mr. Kinney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Kinney, near Richwood.

Miss Donna Mae Harriman, who left Richwood about four weeks ago for Los Angeles, California, has accepted a position as teacher in the public schools at Alhambra, a suburb of Los Angeles. Miss Harriman returned to Richwood last November from Los Angeles, where she spent a year and taught in the Richwood public schools. She has a life certificate in California.

Miss Abigail Taylor, a trained nurse, of Columbus, has been the guest of her uncle, L. C. Beem, and family, during the past several days.

Mrs. George B. Handley and daughter, Miss Ola, of Cleveland, have been guests of relatives in Richwood and vicinity since Saturday. They were accompanied here by Mrs. Handley's mother, Mrs. Annie Cheney, of Essex, who has been in Cleveland since May.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. T. P. James and daughter, Miss Maud, of Van Wert, have been guests of their daughter, Mrs. D. B. Whitehead, during the past week. Rev. Mr. James was formerly pastor of the Baptist church here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Spellman and little son, of Urbana, visited from Friday until Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Biddle and Miss Flavilla Harriman. They were accompanied home Sunday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Biddle, making the trip in the latter's automobile.

E. E. Moore and daughter, Miss Marie, were called to Columbus, Saturday, by the death of Mr. Moore's mother, Mrs. Harriet Moore, who died at the Sheppard sanitorium in that city. The aged lady's death was the result of a complication of diseases incident to extreme age, she being eighty-two years old. Funeral services were held Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Baker and little son, of Mansfield visited Mr. Baker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Baker, of east Blagrove street, during the past week.

Mrs. J. J. Schweinfurth, of Galion, was the guest, Sunday, of Mr. and Mrs. William Dyal and of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wynegar.

Miss Alpha Phillips and Donald Van Winkle are spending the week with friends at New Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Martin and children, of Mt. Vernon, are spending the week with the former's uncle, F. A. Martin, and family.

Mrs. George Dumbauld and Mrs. A. Bishop of Alexandria, and Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, of St. Elmo, Illinois, visited their sister, Mrs. Rosa A. Carroll, from Friday until Monday, when the two former ladies returned home. Mrs. Smith will remain here for several days.

Mrs. J. O. Wynn, who lives north of Richwood, and who was operated on at Mercy hospital in Columbus, a few weeks ago, has returned to that city for treatment. Mrs. Wynn has been a sufferer of a nervous disorder for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Faust, of West Liberty, have been guests, during the past week, of their cousin, Mrs. J. E. Howe, of east Ottawa street.

Mrs. Margaret Mealey visited her son, E. E. Mealey and family, of Marion, Friday and Saturday.

Jason Case has been quite ill at his home on north Franklin street, during the past week.

Misses Ethel Wright, Lena Beem, Mildred Horn, Ivaloo Beem and Ada Beem, of Richwood, and Miss Winifred Jacobs, of Ottawa, Illinois, have returned from Plain City, where they were guests at a house party given by Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Jenkins.

W. A. Phelps, of west Ottawa street, has been seriously ill during the past week.

Miss Esther McNeil, of Columbus, is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. McNeil and Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Fisher.

Mr. and Mrs. William Smith visited the latter's sister, Mrs. John Milligan, of Marion, during the past week.

Miss Hattie Fulton has been the guest of her uncle, O. S. McNeil, and family, of Columbus, during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Horn were guests of Mrs. Horn's sister, Mrs. John Milligan, of Marion, Saturday.

Miss Ethel Miller is visiting relatives and friends in Cleveland.

A daughter was born, Sunday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peet, of west Bomford street.

Mrs. Kathryn Weaver and little son, of Springfield, are guests of the former's sister, Mrs. P. Speyer.

Misses Nellie and Mildred Carmean were guests, Friday and Saturday, of friends in Marysville, their former home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conboy, of Hamilton, visited the former's brother, W. H. Conboy and family, during the past week.

MEET, LOVE AND WED INSIDE HOUR

Quick Work in the Record Slow City.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 30.—Charles MacGregor and Estella Myers Snack, both of Baltimore, now Mr. and Mrs. MacGregor, after a record-breaking wooing, are enjoying their honeymoon at Atlantic City today.

MacGregor is a wealthy real estate dealer and lives in Baltimore. The rapid-fire courtship of the couple started when they met accidentally in Broad Street station yesterday. They had never seen each other before, but in fifteen minutes they had become convinced that it was a sure case of love at first sight. Miss Snack dropped her purse. MacGregor picked it up. Then they conversed for a few minutes, and he proposed, was accepted, they got a license and the couple were married, all inside of an hour.

David T. Nealy, pastor of the Asquith Street Presbyterian church, Baltimore, whom they accidentally met in the waiting room, performed the ceremony.

JESSE SIPES IS TAKEN IN CUSTODY

Will Be Sent to the Institution for Feeble-Minded.

Jesse Sipes, sixteen years old, was taken in custody by Sheriff E. E. Drown near Adelaide, Wednesday, on a lunacy warrant sworn out by the boy's mother, Mrs Laura Plotner. Instead of being insane Probate Judge Foster became convinced that the boy was feeble-minded and another affidavit was prepared. He will be sent to the state institution for feeble-minded youths. The boy has the mentality of a very small child.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, July 30.—Eggs—Extras 21½; prime firsts 20, firsts 17½; seconds 11@12.

Butter—Extras in creamery 21; firsts 20, seconds 18, dairies 20.

Live poultry—Turkeys 11; chickens 14; spring chickens 16@17; geese, per dozen, $5@$6, ducks $9.

REV. E. N. LONG IS GIVEN A VACATION

LaRue Pastor Suffers of Throat Trouble.

WILL ENJOY A REST OF ONE MONTH

Interior of the Presbyterian Church at LaRue Is Redecorated in a Fine Style and Presents an Attractive Appearance—A Mass Meeting Held at LaRue—Notes of the Week.

LaRue, July 30.—[Special.]—Owing to throat trouble and the necessity of a rest, Rev. E. N. Long, pastor of the Baptist church of this place, has been given a month's vacation by his church, and will leave in a few days for Adma, Nebraska.

D. J. Harris, of near Somerville, was a visitor at LaRue, Monday and Tuesday.

The interior of the Presbyterian church, which has been undergoing repairs, is completed, and presents a very neat and attractive appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Johnson and Miss Mabel Cherington, of Columbus, have been visiting relatives at LaRue the past week.

Miss Florence Huber returned to her home in Circleville, Saturday morning, after a pleasant visit with her sister Mrs. W. A. Gerlach, and family.

Mrs. M. Voit and son, Albert, returned to their home in Columbus, Saturday, after a pleasant visit with relatives at LaRue.

The mass meeting which was held at the Baptist church, Sunday evening, was well attended. Rev. D. H. Bailey and J. H. Bain, of Marion, were the speakers.

Miss Madge Brice, of Napoleon, visited her aunt, Mrs. Winifred McNeff, a few days last week.

Little Miss Genevieve Mattox, of Marion, is visiting relatives in LaRue this week.

B. and M. Walters, of Marion, were guests of relatives at LaRue, Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. A. J. Thomas and daughter, Roberta, went to Columbus Thursday, to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith have returned to their home in Chicago after a pleasant visit with relatives in LaRue.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Allinger have returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in Piqua.

Mrs. B. E. Kent and children, of Detroit, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Peters the past week.

Lloyd Lithgow, of Columbus, was the guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sutton from Friday until Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Drake were Kenton visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller and daughter, of Pharisburg, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Miller a few days, leaving Monday for McGuffey, where they will visit relatives.

Patsy Crowley, of St. Louis, visited relatives in LaRue a few days last week.

Theodore Uncapher, of Marseilles, was a business visitor in LaRue, Monday.

Mrs. J. O. Blue is the guest of Marion friends this week.

Miss Neva Noyes, of Marion, visited relatives at LaRue this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bonner and Mrs. N. Shritt were Marion visitors Tuesday afternoon.

Misses Lois and Maude Guthery returned to their home at Delaware, Tuesday evening, after an extended visit with relatives and friends in the vicinity of LaRue.

Miss Zoa Luellen and Paul Bailey, of Marion, were guests of Miss Ethel Johnson north of town, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hinklin, of Cardington, spent Sunday with the former's parents of this place. Mr. Hinklin returned home the same evening, Mrs. Hinklin remaining to visit a week or two.

Mrs. Maggie Scott has returned home from a week's visit with friends in Bellefontaine.

Mr. and Mrs. Coral Bell, of Union City, were guests of relatives and friends at LaRue Saturday and Sunday.

M. C. Long and daughter, Nellie, of Richwood, were guests of relatives at LaRue Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Owens and Mr. and Mrs. G. King, of Marion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Clifton of north High street Sunday.

Mrs. Hannah Folt, of Dunkirk, and Miss Carrie Endsley, of Mt. Victory, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sprague Monday.

R. B. Patterson and daughter, Helen, of Piqua, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Alt of Front street.

Mrs. M. A. Taylor and Mrs. Thomas Moon, Jr., visited Monday and Tuesday with relatives in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Slauser and Mrs. Carl Cadle were visitors in Columbus Sunday.

Miss Elma Church, of Marion, has been visiting friends in LaRue and vicinity for the past week.

John Morial was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

Mrs. B. P. Waples, of Marion, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Raub the first of the week.

Mrs. Victoria Clark has returned from a pleasant visit with her son, J. H. Clark, and family of Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. DeLong, of Marion, were guests of relatives near LaRue Sunday.

E. S. Brown was a Marion visitor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Clark and daughter, Marjorie, were guests of relatives at Agosta Sunday.

Miss Maude Clark is visiting this week with relatives and friends in Marion and Upper Sandusky.

Mrs. Miles Longshore and son, Carl, returned to their home in Marion, Saturday, after a few days' visit with relatives in LaRue and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sager and family were guests of relatives in Marion Saturday and Sunday.

D. D. Clifton was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Allinger have returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in Piqua.

Charles Hussey, Roy Clark, and A. Hartle spent Saturday afternoon and evening at Upper Sandusky.

Mrs. J. E. Dutton and children, of Agosta, spent Monday with relatives at LaRue.

Mrs. William Sheldon and son, of Norwalk, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Thatcher.

W. F. Johnson, of Carey, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Johnston of Crestnut street.

Mrs. J. A. Slauser was a Marion visitor Thursday.

Miss Clara Thatcher has returned to her home in LaRue after a stay of several weeks with relatives in Jewett and Norwalk.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Gilmore and son, Benjamin, of Kenton, spent a few days the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Kemper north of town.

G. T. Baughman was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

Miss Matea Paulsen was called to Morral, Saturday, by the serious illness of a relative.

BAND FESTIVAL IS GIVEN AT ADELAIDE

The Affair Attracts Quite a Large Crowd.

Adelaide, July 31.—[Special.]—The farmers are very busy with their threshing. The high prices offered for grain make them anxious to market their wheat and oats before the market breaks. The yield is hardly equal to their expectations either in quantity or quality.

The festival given by the Adelaide band, Thursday, was well patronized. The boys cleared a neat sum. The Bethlehem band was present and entertained the crowd with several choice selections.

Mrs. O. E. Williams, of Marion, has been spending a few days with relatives here.

Daniel Benner, of Illinois, is visiting his brother, Elias Benner.

The Benner band serenaded the people here Monday evening. The music was highly appreciated.

Miss Fern Ullom, of Chicago, is visiting friends and relatives here.

WILLIAM BLACK DIES AT INFIRMARY

Inmate of the Institution Twenty-Six Years.

William Black, aged fifty-six years, seven months and twenty-two days, died of complication of diseases, both mental and physical, Thursday night at 11:30 o'clock at the infirmary. His death had been expected for some time.

For twenty-six years the deceased had been an inmate of the infirmary. The funeral service will be held Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, Chaplain J. P. Currin officiating. Interment will take place in the Marion cemetery.

FIRST PARLIAMENT UNDER CONSTITUTION

An Irade Issued to the People of Turkey.

Constantinople, July 30.—The first parliament under the new constitution will be convoked November 1, according to an imperial irade just issued. The irade calls on the people to cease all unfriendly demonstrations.

All the political prisoners at Salonica have been released in conformity with the decree of amnesty.

FORGOTTEN PRISONERS.

Ten years after the close of the Spanish-American war attention has been called to the fact that there are still a number of Cubans and Porto Ricans imprisoned in the Spanish penal fortress of Ceuta for political offenses.

It would have been an easy matter to provide for their release at the time the treaty of peace was signed. It was the refinement of cruelty that they should have been forgotten and ignored. It is understood that the Spanish government is willing to release them now if Cuba and Porto Rico will make provision for taking them home. Cuba already has taken steps to that end. In Porto Rico no one appears to know who has sufficient authority. The governor says that the legislature should make an appropriation and the legislature thinks that it is a diplomatic matter to be handled at Washington. There is small incentive to patriotism in the treatment these prisoners have received.—Buffalo Express.

We haven't much respect for a woman whose greatest ambition is to control a henpecked man.

MRS. WILLIAM WOOD HOSTESS TO COMPANY

Ladies' Aid Society Is Nicely Entertained.

BUSINESS FOLLOWED BY A SOCIAL HOUR

John Ryan Suffers a Broken Nose in a Game of Ball—The Knights of Pythias Decide To Hold a Picnic and Arrange for It—Some Caledonia Notes.

Caledonia, July 31.—[Special.]—Mrs. William Wood entertained the Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church at her home west of town, Thursday afternoon. The business session was followed by a social hour and an elaborate two-course supper was served.

Mrs. S. S. Simpson and son, Loubie, departed Tuesday for a visit with the former's sons in Columbus.

Henry Henson is seriously ill of paralysis of the heart at his home on south Main street.

The Knights of Pythias have decided to hold a picnic on Labor day. A committee was appointed on arrangements last Monday evening.

David George, of Cleveland, foreman of the stone masons who will build the new M. E. church, arrived here Monday morning and will remain until the contract is completed.

Flake Roberts, mail carrier on rural route, No. 1, out of this place, is taking his fifteen-days vacation.

John Ryan, of this place, who was assisting a Marion ball team in a game of ball there, last Sunday, was struck by a ball and received a broken nose.

Mr. and Mrs. Denning, of Galion, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Highly Wednesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Columbus last Sunday morning.

Miss Eva Seckel left for Columbus, Sunday morning, for a visit with her brother, Thomas.

Miss Maud Pittman went to Marion, Wednesday morning, for a few days' visit with friends.

Misses Millicent and Helen Fields left for Bellefontaine, Friday, for a two-week's visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clutter and son, Kenneth, of Marion, spent Saturday and Sunday with John Hamm and family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kelly and daughter, Lucy, drove to Johnsville, Sunday. Mr. Kelly returned Monday while Mrs. Kelly and daughter will remain for a week or two.

George Foreman and two children, of Marion, were the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Foreman, Saturday.

Mrs. Alice Dwire and three children, of Cincinnati, who have been the guests of John Hanley and family for the past month, departed, Saturday, for a week's visit with relatives in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Henson and daughter, Florence, of Marion, were called here, Sunday, by the serious illness of the former's father, Henry Henson.

Rev. O. G. Colgrove, of Plain City, who is superintendent of Universalist churches in Ohio, will preach at the Universalist church at this place, Thursday evening, August 6. At this service he will also install the officers of the Young People's Christian union of the church.

Mrs. John Wickess and daughter, Alice Louise, and Miss Edna Craner, of Akron, spent Sunday with Mrs. Amanda Warwick.

Avery Garberson, of Cleveland, was here, Friday, calling on friends.

O. E. Geddis and Mrs. Minnie Hungate, of Marion, were here Friday on account of the illness of their father, John Geddis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Williams and little son, of Sidney, are guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Williams, this week.

Mrs. Emma Hunter and daughter, Carrie, of Cleveland, who have been visiting relatives here for some time, left for Bellefontaine, Saturday, where they will spend the balance of their vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. O. N. Lindsay, of Marion, were guests of friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cochran, of Marion, visited Saturday and Sunday with William Thew and family, southeast of town.

Miss Nanna Moser returned, last week, from a two-weeks visit with friends at Tiffin and Sycamore.

Miss Imogene Stone, of Cleveland, was called here, Monday, on account of the illness of her brother, Royal. She returned to her home Tuesday.

Mrs. William Hames and three children, of Monnette, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Hams, Thursday.

Mrs. James Pace, of Marion, is seriously ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swisher, southeast of town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harrison and two children were guests of Mrs. Orpha Stucki in Buffalo the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Coulter and two children, of Bucyrus, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Gruber, Sunday and Monday.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society will hold their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Harvey Coen, east of here, Wednesday afternoon, August 5.

REAL ESTATE.

John Baldauf to Jane Hughes and others, 9 1-3 acres in Pleasant township, $1,040.

Laura E. Bender to George L. Bender eighty acres in Marion township, $14,000.

Ezra Campbell to M. J. Campbell, lot in Marion, one dollar.

Ezra Campbell to Frank Campbell, fifty acres of land in Marion township, one dollar.

Ezra Campbell to Jess B. Campbell, two lots in Marion, one dollar.

Letitia Cummins to Andrew Hill, one lot in Green Camp, $350.

George W. Carpenter to Johnson Mooney, one lot in Marion, $1,300.

Charles S. Garster to Ella M. Stickrath, two lots in Marion, one dollar.

John Garster, by executors, to Ella M. Stickrath, two lots in Marion, $600.

John M. Gast to Estella Osbora and others, 5.52 acres in Prospect one dollar.

Duff Henderson to Maud T. Simpson, two lots in Marion, $1,300.

John Herr to Clark Dix, one lot in Marion, $2,000.

Mary E. Herman to Ida Herman Krause, part of a lot in Marion, one dollar.

Mary E. Herman to Anna Fairbanks, part of a lot in Marion, one dollar.

John E. Kraner by administrator to Mary E. Morganthaler, three lots in Marion, $375.

Mary Lahey to John T. Lahey, a lot in Marion, one dollar.

Ollie R. Miller to Clyde Miller, a lot in Marion, $1,200.

Estella Osborn and others to John M. Gast, 4.98 acres in Prospect, one dollar.

Estella Osborn to Eugene T. Young, 11.31 acres in Prospect, $3,260.

M. H. Romoser to F. D. Schweinfurth, a lot in Marion, one dollar.

C. C. Smith to Emma Bricker, a lot in Marion, $450.

C. C. Somerlot to J. Bricker, two lots in Green Camp, $1,800.

Charles Wilt to John Bain and others, a lot in Marion, one dollar.

George L. Bender to Laura E. Bender, 160 acres in Salt Rock township, $500.

C. L. V. Casto to H. L. Crow lot in Marion, $3,000.

C. L. V. Casto to French Crow, lot in Marion, $250.

H. W. Cartwright to John H. Krause, lot in Marion, $800.

Elnora Davis to the board of education of Garnd township, half an acre in Grand township, $50.

E. W. Drake to Myrtle M. Smith, lot in Marion, $1,700.

Charles S. Garster to Ella M. Strickrath, two lots in Marion, $1.

John Garster, by executor, to Ella M. Strickrath, two lots in Marion, $600.

John M. Gast to Stella M. Osborn and others, five acres in Prospect, one dollar.

Frederick Haberman to H. W. Haberman, lot in Marion, one dollar.

John H. Krause to H. W. Cartwright, lot in Marion $350.

Charles G. Myers to the Marion Water company, about one acre in Marion, $486.

Ollie R. Miller to Maud T. Simpson, lot in Marion, $1,800.

THE HICKMANS ARE SENT TO WORKHOUSE

Men Given a Hearing at Agosta, Thursday Evening.

Agosta, July 31.—[Special.]—The hearing of Tunice Hickman and son, Walter Hickman, who were arrested Wednesday evening for beating the latter's wife, was held at the mayor's office at 7:30 Thursday evening. J. H. Eymon, of Marion, appeared for the humane society. Each was fined $100 and costs and sentenced to sixty days in the Columbus workhouse. They will be taken to Columbus, Saturday morning, by Marshal Harry Snyder and Deputy Elijah Smith.

STATE WILL CHOP DOWN THE POLES

State Is Weary of Dickering with People Concerned.

Columbus, O., July 30.—Weary of dickering with companies who have placed poles along the banks of canals, the state of Ohio will begin the chopping down of the poles if terms are not soon reached for their removal. The board of public works has finally decided to take drastic measures.

BY A BACHELOR.

The fat man doesn't mind it if you call him portly.

One of the most successful ways to make money is not to need it.

It appears like most married people spent their lives wondering why they did it.

If "Central" always gives you the right number in Heaven it will really seem to be.

A woman can help her husband to enjoy himself when he goes any where by not going with him.

What a woman likes about riding in an automobile is maybe she will meet somebody she hates walking.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL IS PREPARING FOR PICNIC

Affair Will Be Held in Canouse Grove.

ANDREW PAYNE HOLDS PUBLIC SALE AT AGOSTA

Sells Household Goods and His Painting Outfit—The Funeral Services of Little Paul Sylvester Are Held Tuesday Afternoon—Notes Gathered at Village.

Agosta, July 31—[Special.]—The Agosta M. E. Sunday-school will hold its annual picnic in the Canouse grove south of town, August 29.

Mrs. Elizabeth Miller was the guest of LaRue friends from Saturday until Monday.

Lenora Dean, of Indianapolis, is spending the week with W. F. Dutton and family.

Mrs. C. M. Stockwell is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Schultz, at Cochranton.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Clixby and daughter, Olive, and Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Schultz and son, Dee, were the guests of Edward Schultz and family Sunday.

David Dutton who has been seriously sick is slowly improving.

Mrs. A. Creviston and children, of Marion, returned to their home, Wednesday, after visiting several days with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Payne.

The funeral services of Paul Sylvester, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Sylvester, were held at the family residence Tuesday afternoon, Rev. J. C. Sinclair officiating.

W. M. Burley who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Burley, the past week and who has been employed at Lorain as a mechanical engineer, left Monday evening for Knoxville, Tennessee, where he will engage in similar work.

Mrs. W. M. Cleveland was the guest of Marion friends Wednesday.

Andrew Payne who has been engaged in the painting business disposed of all his household goods and painting outfit at a public sale Saturday.

The Misses Mary Cone and Nina Dutton are visiting Marion friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carey and children, Kathleen and Ellsworth; Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Carey and son, Lawrence; Mr. and Mrs. Lester Carey and daughter, Flora; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Cleveland and son, John, and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Brady were guests at a birthday anniversary dinner, Thursday, at Mrs. Belle Rixford's home in Marion. The affair was given in honor of Mrs. Rixford's sister, Mrs. Callie Martin, of Philadelphia.

Mamie Court, of near Morral, was the guest of friends here Sunday.

The Agosta ball team will play the Morral team at the Agosta ball park, Saturday, August 1. The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Charles Mapes and daughter, Frances, were the guests of Ridgeway friends Saturday and Sunday.

Glen Wisecarver, of Green Camp, is spending the week with his grandmother, Mrs. Elizabeth Miller.

William Luellen, of Waldo, was the guest of Mrs. Jane Redding, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Tonguet and children, of Marion, were the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Matilda Tonguet, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tonguet, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Prettyman and Hollie Dickinson attended the funeral services of James Dixon, held at DeCliff, Wednesday.

Irvin Sinclair, of Urbana, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sinclair, this week.

John Lane, of Marion, Michigan, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Carter.

Mrs. Amanda Lehman is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. Patton, of Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Baker visited from Saturday until Monday with Earl Baker and family at Mt. Gilead.

The Misses Goldie and Lois Dickinson, of DeCliff, were the guests of Mrs. Hannah Tonguet Tuesday.

Fred Hill, mail carrier on rural route, No. 1, is enjoying his vacation. Mr. Hill's position is being filled by Gus Luvisi.

Mrs. W. Kimber, of Owens, and Mrs. J. Manley, of Green Camp, are visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Deal and daughter, Helen, of near DeCliff, were calling on friends here Tuesday.

Sued for a Divorce.

Orville D. McCombs, of this city, has been made the defendant in a divorce suit brought by his wife, Lenora Belle McCombs, at Fremont. The plaintiff charges the defendant with adultery. McCombs was served with a summons by Deputy Sheriff J. M. Davidson, Thursday morning.

Andrew Morgan Hurt.

While loading stone in the quarries at Owens, Thursday, Andrew Morgan had the index finger of his right hand badly crushed by a large stone falling on the member. He came to this city where the injury was given surgical attention by Dr. S. H. Mattox.

Back pay is usually slow about coming to the front.

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INFAMOUS LIE SAYS GOMPERS

Denies That He Offered to Deliver Labor Vote.

EXPECTED TO BE ASSAILED

But Did Not Think Criticism Would Take Contemptible Form — Denounces Men Who Circulated Report as Political Renegades and Outcasts of Labor—Report That Republicans Are to Make Personal War on Gompers Denied by Hitchcock.

Washington, July 31.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in an interview branded as an infamous lie the report that he had said he would or would not deliver the labor vote to any political party.

"Organized labor," said Mr. Gompers, "is not only honest, but intelligent enough to choose the party for its support which will best represent its interests. It is possible that by lies and misrepresentations the enemies of organized labor may injure me personally, and even be successful in accomplishing my removal as president of the American Federation of Labor, but that will never change my course in battling for the principles for which I stand. It is not a question of politics with me. I have no politics or if I ever had they are the politics of the people.

Attack Was Expected.

"I fully expected when I took the stand which I have," said Mr. Gompers, "that some would disagree with me. I don't expect the labor world to accept my conclusions in every instance I expected to be criticised, too, in some quarters, but I did not think that the criticism would be so unjust as to be contemptible. I stand for the right of individual opinion. I regard by position as president of the American Federation of Labor as the most exalted and honorable in this world to which I could ever wish to aspire It is a sacred trust with which my fellows have honored me because of my convictions and the principles which I advocate. They may take that honor away from me if they like, and I will bow to their will. But it will not prevent me from fighting for the cause which is my life's work just as I have in the past, and as I propose doing in the future.

"I want no political office or honor. I have nothing for sale and don't propose to begin at this late day by selling my honor. What I think and what I say is from conscientious conviction that it is the truth. No one can make me sacrifice my honest conviction.

"My editorial in the American Federationist plainly and forcefully sets forth my position. He who runs may read and understand. Those who have taken issue with the position therein set forth, not, understand me, with the position I am alleged to have assumed, are political renegades and discredited outcasts of labor. I do not mean that those who differ with my opinion are such, but those who have denounced me and claim that I have not set forth the facts as they are."

Frank H. Hitchcock, Republican national chairman, when asked as to the truth of the report that a personal campaign was to be waged against Mr. Gompers, replied: "Nothing of the kind has been arranged."

POLICE GET CLUES

But No Arrests Have Yet Been Made In Cotham Murder Mystery.

New York, July 31.—The police are positive that two men were connected with the murder of the unidentified woman whose charred and acid-seared body was found on the Green Point avenue dumping ground in Williamsburg.

Philip O'Brien, a laborer of Green Point, saw a covered wagon drive to the dump at dawn. Two men got out lifted from the wagon what the witness supposed to be only an old mattress. He saw the men pile a heap of brush on the mattress, pour oil over it and set fire to the bundle Believing the mattress was being destroyed as it was disease-infected, the man avoided the spot. There can be no doubt but that the mattress was the one in which the body of the murdered woman was concealed.

This important development has given the police valuable aid, for it led to the discovery that the covered wagon was seen by several other persons, and the police have a minute description of the two men in it

Failure to establish the identity of the victim is the greatest obstacle the police have to overcome in solving the mystery. A general alarm has been sent out for Mrs. Mamie Muskovitch and her husband, Stanley, who have disappeared.

Woman Killed In Panic.

New York, July 31.—A woman was killed and nine other persons were injured in a panic on a trolley car on the Brooklyn bridge when a fuse blew out. Had the passengers kept their seats no one would have been hurt. The dead woman was Mrs. Mary Kohnstance of Newark, N. J., who jumped to her death. The conductor and motorman of the car were arrested, but were released on bail.

DOINGS IN OHIO

Live News Notes of the Buckeye State. Always Grants Divorce.

Bellefontaine, O., July 31. — Judge John M. Broderick of the common pleas court has not refused a divorce petition since he has been on the bench. His views are very liberal on this subject. He believes that when a couple disagrees to the point where either files a suit in court for separation there is no longer any hope of reconciliation, and he thinks the legal bond should be lifted from them "The cigaret habit is sufficient grounds for divorce in my court," said the judge, when a wife testified that her husband was accustomed to get up in the night to roll and smoke a cigaret.

Father Accidentally Kills Son.

Lorain, O., July 31.—While loading oats J. Craven, a farmer, thrust his pitchfork into what seemed an unusually heavy sheaf. Glancing up as he raised the fork about his head he found his eight-year-old son Charles dangling from it. The boy was hurried to a hospital but died in a few hours. He had been playing around a shock and as the father attempted to lift a sheaf the boy stumbled and the fork penetrated his skull

Saloons Go Out of Business.

Columbus, O., July 31.—The report of the Dow law collections for the July settlement made by the state auditor shows a decrease in the number of saloons doing business in the state, slightly larger than that indicated by the assessors' reports made public three weeks ago. It shows a decrease of 458 saloons as compared with the January collection, which means a loss in revenue of $397,207.21

Toledo Hotel Damaged.

Toledo, O., July 31.—Fire damaged the Boody House to the extent of $30,000 For a time flames threatened to destroy the structure, along with other buildings in the vicinity. After several hours' hard work the firemen confined the flames to the upper portion of the hotel Although there was a wild scramble among the guests to get out, no person was injured.

Steamer Wrecks Yacht.

Toledo, O., July 31. — The naphtha yacht Westwind, owned by Richard Muehler, was run down near Presque Isle by the steamer Greyhound. Muehler and four friends were thrown into the water, Muehler being thrown into the steamer's wheel and killed. The balance of the yacht's passengers were rescued by the steamer. The yacht sank.

Elect Officers and Adjourn.

Sandusky, O., July 31.—The National Hay association concluded its fifteenth annual session at Cedar Point, electing Maurice Noiser, Monroeville, Ind., president; B. A. Bean, Auburn, N. Y, vice president; Harry L. Elliott, Minneapolis, second vice president, and P. E. Goodrich, Winchester, Ind., secretary-treasurer.

Use Hoe on Tobacco Field.

Ripley, O., July 31.—Two acres of growing tobacco belonging to Hedrup Elslager, near Russelville, in this county, which was ready for topping was cut down with hoes by parties incensed because he was said to have pooled his 1907 crop and afterward sold it to outsiders.

Farmer Ends Life.

Dayton, O., July 31 —Philip H Surface, 60, a farmer residing near Lebanon, treasurer of the Warren county fair board, was found dead on his farm. He committed suicide by taking carbolic acid He had been complaining of the heat.

Drowns In Ohio River.

Cincinnati, O., July 31.—While fishing at the mouth of the McLean avenue sewer and the Ohio river, Leslie Beard, 9, got a bite, and so eager was he to catch the fish that he fell into the river and drowned before his companions' eyes

Pope Company Reorganizes.

Hartford, Conn., July 31.—A reorganization of the Pope Manufacturing company has been effected. The new capitalization will be $2,500,000 of preferred stock and $4,000,000 of common stock The new company will purchase the entire property and will operate the factories here and at Westfield, Mass. The company went into the receivers' hands Aug. 13, 1907.

STARTS THE WHEELS

President Acts Promptly on Petition of Cincinnati Shippers.

Cincinnati, O, July 31 —The Receivers' and Shippers' association received word from President Roosevelt that the attorney general is "carefully looking into the matter of the protest anent railroad freight advances. It is also stated that the report as to the going astray of the letter sent by the association to the president was incorrect. The letter did not go astray, but reached the president In it the Receivers' and Shippers' association protested against proposed advances in freight rates to Texas territory, and declared that two railroads have apparently already disobeyed a court order on this subject.

Switchmen Vote to Strike.

Scranton, Pa., July 31 —Grand Master Hawley of the switchmen's union announced that 80 per cent of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad's men have voted for a strike, and that the grievance committee is now awaiting a reply from President Truesdale to a letter requesting a conference with a view of effecting a settlement before the committee takes up the question of ordering the men out.

SAY THEY WILL USE DYNAMITE

Threat of Foreigners Keeps Men From St. Clairsville Mine.

COAXING IS OF NO AVAIL

Twenty-five Miners Discharged For Cause First Start Riot and When Arrested by Sheriff and Posse After Pitched Battle In Which Several Persons Are Injured Declare Intention of Blowing Up the Mine If the Men Return to Work.

St. Clairsville, O., July 31.—Three hundred and fifty men employed at the Provident Coal company's mine have refused to work through fear that the 25 Montenegrins discharged for inefficiency will carry out an alleged threat and blow up the mine with dynamite. The foreigners were discharged after the company officials learned they had been loading inferior coal on the cars. Immediately they congregated about the mouth of the mine and prevented hundreds of other men entering. Sheriff Amrine was notified and with a posse started for the mine His arrival precipitated a fight in which four of the coal company officials and several miners were injured.

The mine was suspended while the company gave further consideration to the case of discharged men, but the company announced their action in discharging the men was justifiable.

The Montenegrins made it known that they would blow up the mine if the other miners resumed work, and no amount of coaxing will get the 350 men to resume work.

Utica Will Have Big Time.

Utica, N. Y., July 31.—Representative James S. Sherman received word from Senator J. C. Burrows, chairman of the committee to notify him of his nomination by the Republican party for vice president, that it was agreeable to the committee to come to Utica Aug. 18, the date set by Mr. Sherman. Senator Burrows will make the address on behalf of the committee and Mr. Sherman will respond, formally accepting the nomination. The committee will be entertained by the city, and Mayor Wheeler is making plans for a big demonstration.

ROSEWATER LETTER IS TO BE IGNORED

Bryan Says It Is Advertising Dodge to Attract Attention.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 31.—No attempt will be made by Mr. Bryan to reply to the open letter of Victor Rosewater of Omaha charging a conspiracy between Mr. Bryan and his brother-in-law, State Chairman Allen, to "purloin" votes in Nebraska. "He simply addressed that to me to attract attention," said Mr. Bryan. "He is hardly the man to go to the populace as guardian"

The most interesting news that emanated from Fairview was a formal statement by William J. Bryan in which he discussed the platform of the Independence party adopted at the convention at Chicago and pointed out that it contains a number of planks identical with or substantially similar to the planks of the Democratic platform. He declared that the voter preferring the Democratic platform to the Republican platform, and yet who joins with the Independence party, merely assists the Republican party and thus defeats the reforms in which he is interested. Mr. Bryan argues that "the question is not whether one can get all the reform that he wants, but how ne can get the most reform," and he asserts that the Democratic party offers the best opportunity to secure that which is obtainable at this time.

Unlike his distinguished opponent, who refused to accept an elephant as a mascot. Mr Bryan, in response to a letter from the agricultural society of Minnesota, telegraphed that he would be delighted to avail himself of their offer to send him an "educated mule as a mascot" "He is said to understand the habits of the elephant," declared Mr. Bryan with a twinkle in his eye, "and for that reason among others I shall accept him."

Six Rioters Killed.

Vigneaux, France, July 31.—Six rioters were killed in a clash between government troops and a mob of strikers who came down from Paris to take a hand in local labor troubles. Additional troops have been ordered out. All the stores of Vigneaux are closed, the district is in a state of panic and more serious disorders are feared.

Use Balloon For Target.

Madgeburg, July 31.—The army made experiments in shooting at a captive balloon at a distance of two and a half miles Although it was struck 30 times, the balloon did not collapse.

HAS TIRED FEELING

Judge Taft Admits That Constant Evolutions Are Wearisome.

Hot Springs, Va, July 31.—According to his own admission, the rapid evolutions through which he has been going during the past few days has somewhat tired Judge Taft. After passing on an accumulation of correspondence, he went over the four-mile golf course with Senator Bourne of Oregon as an opponent. Upon returning to the hotel he casually remarked that he believed the change from the heat of Cincinnati to the comparatively cool air of the mountains produced a feeling of tiredness.

The engagements during August are to be very limited if the wishes of the candidate can be realized. For next Wednesday he has accepted an invitation to address the annual meeting of the Virginia Bar association to be held here. His speech will be non-political. A horse show to be held at White Sulphur Springs Friday and Saturday of next week, to which Representative Gaines of West Virginia has extended an urgent invitation to the Taft party, is admittedly somewhat tempting to Mr. Taft. He says he would like to go, especially as the trip would be made over mountain roads in a coach. The proposed rally of Virginia Republicans which is being arranged to take place here at a date in August, yet to be fixed, will afford what Mr. Taft expects to be his only political speech that month.

American Car Reaching Paris.

Paris, July 31.—The Thomas car in the New York to Paris automobile race has arrived here, and the car was escorted up the boulevards by automobile enthusiasts who met it at Meaux, 25 miles east of Paris, and was greeted with cheering. The race committee was waiting at the office of the Matin to receive the car. Congratulations were showered upon the intrepid crew, the members of which proceeded to a hotel after their healths had been drunk.

INTENTIONS ARE UNKNOWN

Washington Officials Have No Information Concerning Dutch Fleet.

Washington, July 31.—The department of state is still without information, except what has appeared in the newspapers, touching Holland's intentions towards Venezuela following the expulsion of Minister De Reus and other incidents which have calculated to strain the relations between the two countries. Press dispatches from The Hague directing the battleship Jacob Van Heemskerk to proceed to the Caribbean sea caused a lot of speculation at the state and navy departments, as it is generally expected that her itinerary may ultimately have a bearing upon the Venezuelan affair. The Dutch cruiser Gelderland presumably is in Venezuelan waters.

Gould Makes Statement.

New York, July 31.—George J. Gould has given out the following statement: "Mr. Gould authorizes the statement that the Wabash company has made satisfactory arrangements for the protection of the $8,000,000 Wheeling & Lake Erie notes at maturity."

Elgin Strike Is Settled.

Elgin, Ill., July 31 —The strike of employes of the Elgin & Belvidere lines, which in the few days of its duration has been productive of much violence, was settled, the strikers resuming their old positions at increased wages.

Reopen Case at Once.

Lenox, Mass., July 31 —As a result of a conference of government attorneys and officials, it is certain that within the next week the case against the Standard Oil company will be reopened at Chicago.

Hull Gets Certificate.

Des Moines, Ia., July 31.—The executive council of the state issued a certificate of nomination for Congressman J. A. T. Hull.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Export cattle, $6 00@6 50, shipping steers, $5 50@6 00; butcher cattle, $5 00@5 50; heifers, $3 50@5 25, cows, $3 00@4 25, bulls, $3 00@4 00, milkers and springers $30 00@60 00 Calves—Best, $6 75@7 25 Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $4 00@4 25, wethers, $4 25@4 50; ewes, $3 75@4 00, yearlings, $4 75@5 25; spring lambs, $6 00@6 00 Hogs—Heavies and mediums, $7 00@7 05; pigs, $6 15@6 20, Yorkers, $6 75@7 00; roughs, $5 50@5 75; stags, $4 00@5 00.

CHICAGO—Cattle, Steers, $5 75@8 00, cows, $3 40@5 50; heifers, $3 50@6 90; bulls, $3 00@5 25; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 65. Calves—$2 50@7 25. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 50@4 50; lambs, $4 75@7 00; yearlings, $4 35@5 25. Hogs—Choice heavy shipping, $6 75 @ 7 00, butchers', $6 75@6 85; light mixed, $6 35@6 50, choice light, $6 60@6 75, packing, $5 75@6 65; pigs, $4 50@5 00. Wheat—No. 2 red, 91¾@93¾c. Corn—No. 2, 77@77½c.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $6 30@6 50, prime, $6 20@6 25; tidy butchers, $5 25@5 70; heifers, $3 00@5 35, cows, bulls and stags, $2 00@5 00; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Calves—Veal, $6 00@8 00 Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4 65@4 75, good mixed, $4 40@4 60, lambs, $4 00@6 25. Hogs—Heavy hogs, mediums and heavy Yorkers, $7 00; light Yorkers, $6 50@6 75; pigs, $6 00@6 10.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Prime dry-fed steers, $5 75@6 00; choice, $5 65@5 85, heifers, $4 50@6 50, cows, $2 50@4 50; bulls, $3 75@4 75; milkers and springers, $25 00@59 00. Calves—$7 50 down Sheep and Lambs — Mixed sheep, $3 50@4 00; wethers, $4 00@4 25, ewes, $2 00@3 75; lambs, $3 50@5 75. Hogs—Yorkers and mixed, $6 90@6 95; mediums and heavies, $7 00; pigs, $5 75@5 80; roughs, $5 75@5 90; stags, $4 50@4 75

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 90½@91½c Corn—No 2, 78@78½c. Oats—No 2, 50c. Rye—No 2, 80c. Lard—$9 00. Bulk meats—$9 25 Bacon—$10 00. Hogs—$4 75@6 85. Cattle—$2 25@6 25 Sheep—$1 25@3 85 Lambs—$3 00@6 40.

TOLEDO — Wheat, 92½c, corn, 74½c; oats, 53c; rye, 76½c.

OFFICIALS ARE IN A QUANDRY

Unable to Convince Mexicans of Their Sincerity.

ARE DOING THEIR UTMOST

To Stamp Out Revolutionary Raids From United States Into Mexican Territory, but So-Called Political Offenses Are Not Extraditable and Are Difficult to Prove — Minister Creel Interviews President Roosevelt on the Subject.

Washington July 31. — Government officials are in a quandary over their inability to convince Mexican authorities that they are doing all in their power to assist in the breaking up of revolutionary activities along the border. It is not possible to extradite offenders for so-called political offenses, and it is also difficult to detect and prove violations of the neutrality laws, which makes it difficult to convince the Mexicans of the sincerity of the United States in its expressed determination to punish the guilty, and this notwithstanding every possible bit of machinery at the disposal of the government is working to a common end. On his recent trip to Oyster Bay Ambassador Creel talked over the whole subject of the border trouble with President Roosevelt, who manifested a lively interest, and who is determined to put an end to the mischief-making as far as lies in the government's power. The president, it is understood, favors if necessary the employment of special counsel who may apply themselves to the question of neutrality violations and extradition, so that the law may be fully enforced. Officials contend there is no reason why persons on this side of the border who foment revolutionary movements and cross into Mexico to engage in raids and other operations of a criminal character and then seek safety from arrest in this country, should have any exemption from extradition on the alleged ground that their acts were political. On the contrary, the official view is that they should be extradited as felons. Both the United States and Mexican governments, it was officially said, are fully aroused in this matter, and that the former will take drastic steps to end this species of pernicious activity so far as it is incident to United States soil.

WILL ARREST CATROW

Warrant Is Issued For Miamisburg Man on Manslaughter Charge.

Dayton, O., July 31.—A warrant charging manslaughter was issued for the arrest of Colonel Herbert C. Catrow. Colonel Catrow recently struck Eugene Sullivan, an aged laborer, while running his automobile at a high rate of speed, as charged by the coroner's verdict. He is a millionaire resident of Miamisburg and was Republican candidate for congress until about a week after the accident, when he withdrew from the race on account of the notoriety in which the incident involved him.

Blame Employers For Suicide.

Vancouver, B. C., July 31, — News has just reached here of the death by his own hand of Allen Reid, manager for the Anchor Investment company of Winnipeg, at Massett, Graham Island, of the Charlotte group. Reid shot himself. He left a letter in which he told the company to "get another man to fool with" in his place. The coroner's jury severely censured the company for sending a man to such a lonely place, and "then neglecting properly to provide for him."

Killed In Auto Wreck.

New York, July 31 — Alfred C. Lauterbach, son of Edward Lauterbach, a lawyer of international prominence, was instantly killed in an automobile accident not far from the town of Westchester, and his two companions, William Cahn, a broker, and Edwin Goodman, real estate broker, had narrow escapes from death.

Aeronaut Drops to Death.

Jackson, Mich., July 31. — William Oliver, a young aeronaut of Mason, Mich., was killed while making a parachute drop at Hague park, on Vandercook lake, near here., Just as the parachute failed, the strings on one side snapped and the aeronaut dropped 2,000 feet to his death.

THIS AND THAT

Analysis of the stomach of Mrs. Belle Gunness, the Lapolte (Ind.) murderess, revealed the presence of arsenic in fatal quantities.

Sir William MacGregor, governor of Newfoundland, who was reported to have lost his life in a storm off the Labrador coast, has been heard from.

The two medals won by the American rifle team at Binsley, England, have been stolen from the room of General James A. Drain at a London hotel.

Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks have returned from the tercentenary celebration at Quebec and have taken a cottage for the rest of the summer at Mackinaw Island.

MURDER AT ELYRIA

Foreigner Kills Fellow Workman In Cold Blood as He Leaves Mill.

Elyria, O., July 31.—At the mills of the Elyria Iron and Steel company, when the shifts were changing, James Rigo, going to work, met Antonio Filassi coming away, and fired two shots from a revolver, the second of which took effect in Filassi's heart, causing instant death Fellow workmen pursued and captured Rigo, while he emptied his pistol without further effect. There were many cries for a rope, but the prisoner was surrendered with resistance to policemen. Both men are about 35 years old and married. Rigo says he feared the other man, having been told that Filassi would kill him unless he paid for immunity.

Sultan Grants Amnesty.

New York, July 31.—The Sultan of Turkey, through the Turkish consul in this city, Mundji Dey, proclaimed general amnesty to all political refugees, regardless of race, in this country. This relates to about 200,000 Armenians and others in the United States.

PATHETIC INCIDENT DID NOT DEVELOP

Mother of Hazel Drew Smiles as She Handles Clothes.

Troy, N. Y., July 31.—The closing session of the inquest into the death of Hazel Drew took place in a stuffy little room in the courthouse. Many witnesses were summoned, but not all were heard. The comings and goings of the young woman from the day she resigned her position in Professor E. R. Cary's home on July 6, until her bruised and lifeless body was found in Teal pond on July 11, were related with meager incidents. A touch of the pathetic might have been expected when the mother of Hazel, Mrs. John Drew, garbed in heavy mourning, identified the clothing in which the girl went to her death. But it was not forthcoming, for the girl's mother smiled now and then as she curiously turned over the various articles of wearing apparel and recognized them as having been worn by her daughter when alive. Her story was like that she had already told, colorless and barren of detail.

Henry E. Kramoth, a real estate dealer of Albany, said to be wealthy and owns a camp in the Grafton mountains, in the vicinity of Teal pond, was a witness. It has been alleged that the camp was the scene of improper conduct, and statements have been published in certain papers, it is said, derogatory of it. Mr. Kramoth indignantly denied that there was any ground for such accusations, and described with much detail his whereabouts on June 6 and 7. He asserted that he never knew Hazel Drew. Carrie Weaver, the Ohio girl, Hazel Drew's chum, did not arrive in time to give her testimony. Then the inquest into the Teal pond, tragedy closed.

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT NEW YORK—				R	H	E
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0	9	6
New York	0	3	0	6	0	0	1	1	*—	11	15	1

Batteries—Karger, McGinn and Bliss; McGinity and Bresnahan and Needham.

AT PHILADELPHIA—										R	H	E
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0	8	3
Philadelphia	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	*—	5	8	0

Batteries — Doescher and Schiel; McQuillin and Dooin.

AT BOSTON—										R	H	E
Chicago	1	0	4	2	3	0	0	0	0—	13	17	1
Boston	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1—	4	9	6

Batteries—Reulbach, Fraser and Moran and Marshall, Dorner, Boultes, Ferguson and Bowerman

Second Game—										R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	1—	6	11	1
Boston	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0—	3	7	1

Batteries—Pfeister, Overall and Moran, McCarthy, Ferguson and Smith.

AT BROOKLYN—										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0	7	1
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	*—	2	8	0

Batteries—Young, Leever and Gibson; Bell and Bergen.

CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUBS	W.	L	P.C.
Pitts.	55	36	.604	Cin'ti..	48	45	.516
Chica	54	36	.600	Bost	40	51	.440
N Y...	52	37	.584	Brook	32	55	375
Phila...	46	40	.535	St L.	31	58	.348

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

AT CLEVELAND—										R	H	E
Clevel'd	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—	3	13	0
N. York	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	2	12	1

Batteries—Berger and Bemis, Orth and Blair.

AT ST. LOUIS—										R	H	E
St. Louis	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	*—	5	7	1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—	1	6	1

Batteries—Howell and Spencer, Dygert and Smith

AT DETROIT—										R.	H	E.
Detroit	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	*—	3	13	1
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—	2	8	3

Batteries—Killian and Schmidt, Young and Criger

AT CHICAGO—										R	H.	E.
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—	4	7	1
Washington	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3—	5	13	1

Batteries—White, Walsh and Sullivan; J. Tannehill, Hughes and Street

CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.	CLUBS	W.	L.	P.C.
Det't...	57	34	.626	Phila...	44	45	.494
St. L..	55	38	.591	Bost..	42	51	.452
Chica..	51	41	.554	Wash..	35	54	.393
Cleve..	48	43	.527	N Y	32	59	352

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

AT TOLEDO 1, Minneapolis 4.
AT COLUMBUS 16, St Paul 1
AT INDIANAPOLIS 3, Kansas City 5.
AT LOUISVILLE 10, Milwaukee 3.

CLUBS	W.	L	P C	CLUBS	W.	L	P.C.
Indis.	64	43	.598	Minne..	52	52	.500
Louis..	61	44	.581	K. C. .	48	57	.457
Colum.	58	47	.552	Milw...	48	58	.452
Toledo	56	46	.549	St. P...	31	73	.298

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

At the seashore there is a lot more to see than the shore.

Some people wouldn't want to be happy if everybody else was.

Many an aggressive man strikes an attitude and lets it go at that.

Physicians are about the only men who really enjoy ill-health.

Don't overstep yourself in an attempt to put your best foot forward.

This is a wide world, but a lot of people in it live on a narrow margin.

It's astonishing how quickly possession will decrease the value of most things.

Most girls are aware that big bows on their shoes make their feet look smaller.

Why do people talk so much? Certainly not always because they have something to say.

Seeing is believing—at least when the poker player "sees" you, he believes he has a chance.

No matter how well you do a thing you are sure to hear more complaints than compliments.

The man who handles the truth recklessly is sure of a large crop when it comes to raising doubts.

Why it flatters a woman to be told that she looks like an actress is more than a mere man can understand.—Chicago News.

It is told of General Sir Redvers Buller, the British soldier who recently died, that he always tried to live up to the fifteenth psalm.

BOND SALE.

The Denison Free Turnpike Road, of Marion county, Ohio, Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Marion, Ohio, July 25, 1908.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Prosecuting Attorney, in the City of Marion, County of Marion, and State of Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, August 15th, 1908, for the purchase of fifteen (15) bonds amounting to $2250.00, said onds to be known as the Denison Fre Turnpike Road Bonds,, all of said Bonds dated Sept. 1st, 1908, and to come due and payable as follows, and to be for the following amounts:

$120 00—March 1st, 1909.
120.00—September 1st, 1909.
130.00—March 1st, 1910.
130.00—September 1st, 1910.
140.00—March 1st, 1911.
140.00—September 1st, 1911.
140.00—March 1st, 1912.
150.00—September 1st, 1912.
150.00—March 1st, 1913.
160.00—September 1st, 1913.
160.00—March 1st, 1914.
170.00—September 1st, 1914.
170.00—March 1st, 1915.
180.00—September 1st, 1915.
190.00—March 1st, 1916.

With interest from September 1st, 1908, at the rate of five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of March and September of each year. Proper interest coupons are to be attached to each bond for the interest as it matures.

Principal and interest payable at the office of the Treasurer of Marion County, Ohio. Said bonds are issued for the purpose of constructing the Denison Free Turnpike Road as ordered by the Board of County Commissioners of Marion county, Ohio, under authority of the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Section 4808, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and pursuant to a resolution adopted by said Road Comisioners on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1908.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars on some bank in the City of Marion, Ohio; said check to be made payable to the aforesaid Board of Road Commissioners. All checks of unsuccessful bidders shall be returned to them at once after the proposals have been opened and award made to the successful bidders or bidders. The deposit of the successful bidder or bidders shall be retained and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds or bonds so awarded. Should the bidder or bidders refuse or neglect to pay for the bonds sold, then the deposit shall be forfeited to the aforesaid Board of Free Turnpike Commissioners and shall become the property of the said Board as compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of the bonds and as liquidated damages for republishing the sale. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a certified check as heretofore stated. No bid will be received for less than the par value of the bond and the aforesaid Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The bonds are to be delivered to the purchaser September 1st, 1908, and to be paid for on that day, at the Treasurer's Office of Marion county, Ohio.

Proposals are to be sealed and endorsed "Bids for Bonds," and addressed to the aforesaid Free Turnpike Commissioners, Marion, Ohio, in care of John H. Clark, Prosecuting Attorney. By order of the Road Commissioners of the Denison Free Turnpike Road,

J. R. DENISON,
J. H. JOHNSON,
C. L. BRADSHAW,
Commissioners.
Comissioners.SHRDLU CS
11-wk-&-fri-3*

BOND SALE.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the auditor of the city of Marion, Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, Tuesday, September 1, 1908, for the purchase of two issues of bonds of the said city. The bonds are described as follows:

One issue in the sum of $29,990 to take up notes against the city of Marion for various street improvements. These bonds shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum and shall be dated August 1, 1908. Each bond will be of $500 denomination except the last, which shall be a bond of $490 Following are the maturities: three bonds March 1, 1909, four September 1, 1909, three March 1, 1910, four September 1, 1910, three March 1, 1911, four Septemebr 1 1911, three March 1, 1912, four September 1, 1912, five March 1, 1913, five September 1, 1913, two March 1 and September 1 of each year from 1914 to 1917, both inclusive two March 1, 1918, and four September 1, 1918. Each bid must be sealed accompanied by a certified check for $1,000 and marked "Bid for refunding bonds" These bonds are issued under authority of an act of the General Assembly of Ohio, entitled "An act to amend Sections 2835, 2836 and 2837 and to repeal 2837A of the Revised Statutes," passed April 29, 1902, and all amendments thereto, and in accordance with an ordinance of the city council of Marion, Ohio, passed July 6, 1908.

One issue for $5,035, to pay the city's portion of the cost of certain street improvements. These bonds shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent per annum and shall be dated August 1 1908. Each bond shall be of $500 denomination except the last, which shall be a bond of $455. Following are the maturities: One bond on March 1 and September 1 of each year from 1915 to 1920, both inclusive. Each bid must be sealed, accompanied by a certified check for $500, and marked "Bid for city's portion bonds." These bonds are issued under authority of an act of the General Assembly of Ohio, entitled, "An act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages," etc., passed October 22, 1902, and all amendments thereto, and especially under authority of Section 53 of said act and amendments thereto, and in accordance with an ordinance of the city council of Marion, Ohio, passed July 6, 1908.

HARRY S. ELLIOTT,
City Auditor.
Marion, O., August 1, 1908.
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